NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXVIII. No. 22632. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1938 (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION
No. 2/38.

Vacancy for
DEPUTY ELECTRICAL ENGINEER

The British Municipal Council, Tientsin, is prepared to receive applications from British Subjects for appointment to the position of DEPUTY ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

Candidates must hold degrees in Electrical Engineering from recognized universities, or possess equivalent technical educational qualifications and have had several years' experience in Electricity Power Station work. They must be not less than 25 nor more than 35 years of age.

They must be conversant with the control, maintenance, and repair of modern Steam Turbines, Alternators, Water-tube boilers, etc. They should also be able to supervise the installation of Transformer Sub-stations and Transmission and Distribution systems, including overhead mains of 5000 volts tension. A knowledge of the construction, repair and test of domestic electrical appliances is also desirable.

The successful candidate will receive an initial salary of Chinese Dollars 1,050 ($700 basic pay plus $350 repartriation allowance) per month from the date upon which he takes up his duties in Tientsin. He will be upon probation for a period of six months from that date, and will be offered a four years contract at the end of his probationary period if his services prove satisfactory.

He will receive half salary only for the period spent in travelling to Tientsin and payment of this will be calculated from the date of his embarkation. The Council will pay for his passage (first class) to Tientsin and in case he is not offered a contract at the end of his period of probation, a return passage, of similar class, will be given him.

Applications containing references, credentials, copies of diplomas and "curriculum vitae" of each candidate should be addressed to "The Secretary and Engineer, British Municipal Council, Tientsin" and should be forwarded so as to reach him not later than Tuesday, March 29, 1938.

By Order,
H. F. BARNES,
Secretary and Engineer.

COUNCIL ROOM.
Tientsin, January 28, 1938.
12568

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION
No. 3/38

Vacancy for
DEPUTY WATERWORKS ENGINEER

The British Municipal Council, Tientsin, is prepared to receive applications from British Subjects for appointment to the position of DEPUTY WATERWORKS ENGINEER.

Candidates must hold degrees in Mechanical Engineering from recognized universities, or possess equivalent technical educational qualifications and have had several years experience in Waterworks plant operation and in water supply work generally. They must be not less than 25 nor more than 35 years of age.

The successful candidate will receive an initial salary of 1,050 Chinese dollars ($700 basic pay plus $350 repatriation pay) per month from the date upon which he takes up his duties in Tientsin. He will be upon probation for a period of six months from that date, and will be offered a four years contract at the end of his probationary period if his services prove satisfactory.

He will receive half salary only for the period spent in travelling to Tientsin and payment of this will be calculated from the date of his embarkation. The Council will pay for his passage (first class) to Tientsin and in case he is not offered a contract at the end of his period of probation, a return passage, of similar class, will be given him.

Applications containing references, credentials, copies of diplomas and "curriculum vitae" of each candidate should be addressed to "The Secretary and Engineer, British Municipal Council, Tientsin" and should be forwarded so as to reach him not later than Wednesday, March 30, 1938.

By Order,
H. F. BARNES,
Secretary and Engineer.

COUNCIL ROOM,
Tientsin, January 29, 1938.
12569

NOTICE TO TENANTS

In Nantao and Areas North of the Soochow Creek (Northern and Eastern Districts of the Settlements, Chapei, Paoshan, etc.)

All tenants who have during the hostilities vacated premises under our management are hereby advised to apply immediately for the purpose of re-occupying their premises if so desired.

Unless satisfactory arrangements are made with us prior to February 28, 1938, we shall proceed to dispose of the contents if any, and retake possession. Tenants in occupation without authority from us will not be recognized by us.

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12573

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returning from his holiday will resume his practice as usual, as from Tuesday, February 15.
-1686

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SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

6% DEBENTURES, ISSUE OF 1934

The Debenture Transfer Register will be closed from February 21 to Februarp 28, 1938, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary.
SHANGHAI RACE CLUB.

February 10, 1938.
12555

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

NOTICE

Dating from March 1, 1938, the special privileges granted to non-members as regards use of Grand Stand Enclosure, Courses as detailed in notice dated November 5, 1937 are withdrawn.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN, *Secretary,*
Shanghai Race Club.

February 9, 1938.
12516

CHINA REALTY COMPANY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.

Notice to tenants of all Nationalities in properties North of the Soochow Creek

All previous tenants of properties under our management north of Soochow Creek who have vacated the premises during the recent disturbed period are hereby notified to apply at our offices, 290 Szechuen Road on or before February 28, 1938, to make arrangements for goods which they may have left in the premises.

Unless satisfactory contact is made with us prior to the date mentioned, we shall proceed to dispose of the contents of their premises, if any, in our own discretion.

Persons in unauthorized occupation of premises at present will not be recognized and appropriate steps will be taken by us in all such cases.

CHINA REALTY COMPANY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.

Shanghai, February 11, 1938.
12589

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12543

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58	dresses	at	$25
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NOTICE

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY INFORMED that pursuant to an order of the United States Court for China the undersigned will carry on without interruption the business of A. B. Rosenfeld & Son, of which Julius Rosenfeld (Deceased) was the sole proprietor.

BESSIE J. ROSENFELD,
Temporary Administratrix of the Estate of Julius Rosenfeld (Deceased)
12471

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SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK
FIXED DEPOSITS

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer & Controller, Administration Building.
12447

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Mounted on Linen $10
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3—Alphabetical List of Protestant Missionaries in China.
Price $1.50; postage in China 15 cents

Publishers:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LD.
SHANGHAI

To-day's Events
FEBRUARY
14 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg Tea, For. Y.
14 Cath. School Old Boys' Assn. Mtg.

Coming Events
FEBRUARY
15 For. Y. Lect., Dr. R. F. Fitch, 8.30
17 For. Y. debate, Shanghai's Reputation, 8.30
18 For. Y. Third Evening of Music, 8.30
19 Shanghai Opera, "Aida," Lyceum, 8
20 Shanghai Opera, "Aida," Lyceum, 8
20 Theos. radio talk, XQHB, 820 kc., 7.45
21 Engineering Society mtg., 5.45 p.m.
22 Amer. Comm. Reception/Dinner Dance for Adm. H. E. Yarnell, Col. Country Club, 7.45
22 For. Y. lect. Miss Muriel Lester, 8.30
23 A.D.C. "Full House", Lyceum, 8.30
23 O.A.G. "Wirtschaft, Volkstaemme & Geschichte des heutigen Japanisch-Sachalin"; 8.30
24 For. Y. debate, "Unmarried Adults," 8.30
24 Ann. Mtg. Royal Soc. of St. George, 5.45
24 A.D.C. "Full House", Lyceum, 8.30
25 A.D.C. "Full House", Lyceum, 8.30
25 Norwegian Soc. ann. gen, mtg., CSF, 6.30
26 A.D.C. "Full House", Lyceum, 8.30
27 Theos. radio talk, XQHB, 820 kc., 7.45
28 S.A.W.V.S. Annual Dinner, 7.45

MARCH
3 Theosophical Society Open mtg. 153 Nanking Road, public invited, 6
3 For. Y. debate "Success in Business," 8.30
4 Inst. Civ., Mech. & Elec. Engineers ann. dinner, 8
10 "Hussar Love", Russian Light Opera. Lyceum, 8 p.m.
10 For. Y. debate "Polygamy," 8.30
17 For. Y. debate "Wealth & Happiness," 8.30
27 "Purim Entertainment," Jew. Sch. Audit, 5.30

The charge for items is $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

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12568

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Classified Advertisements continued
On Page 12

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THE SHANGHAI LOAN & INVESTMENT CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances)

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Nineteenth Ordinary General Meeting of The Shanghai Loan & Investment Company, Limited, will be held at the Office of the General Agents, 1. The Bund, Shanghai, on Friday, February 25, 1938, at 11.45 a.m., for the purposes following, namely:—

To receive and consider the annual Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet, and the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.
To elect a Director and Auditors.
To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The transfer books and register of members of the Company will be closed from February 21 to February 25, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agents.

Shanghai, February 8, 1938.
12527

NOTIFICATION No. 4911

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

Fixed Deposits

The Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank may at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer and Controller, Administration Building, Hiangse Road.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938.
12227

THE WEEK'S NEWS
For Friends at Home

It is easy for those who have left Shanghai to get out of touch with conditions here, but they are anxious to know all the news, more news than letters can bring. Send the "North-China Herald" (the weekly edition of the "North-China Daily News") for a Christmas present and be sure that it will be highly valued.

Every Thursday, 40 cents

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and Nautical Pocket Manual 1938

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Price $2 net

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And all Booksellers

The Carlton Apartment Building

The Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd., take pleasure in announcing that their new building at the corner of Park and Burkill Roads is now ready for occupation. Apartments may be viewed at reasonable hours on all days. Applicants are asked to call at the offices of the Company for reservations.

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
12346

THE NEW DIRECTORY

The business man cannot afford to be without the China Hong List, especially at the present time when so many changes have taken place, as the outcome of the hostilities in China, and the broken threads of business relations have to be taken up again.

The Shanghai Section contains: Lists of official and business organizations and their staffs; street and residential directories; Who's Who; trade and agents directory; railway, diplomatic and mercantile marine staffs; and a directory of British and American naval vessels on the China Station.

The Outport Section contains: Lists of business and other organizations and their staffs in the principal cities and ports in China, from Harbin to Canton; Who's Who of foreign residents; Protestant and Roman Catholic missions directory; and a missionaries' Who's Who.

Price $10

Publishers:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI.

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SHANGHAI'S SCHEMOZZLE:
Second Spasm

by SAPAJOU with R. T. PEYTON-GRIFFIN ("In Parenthesis")
Royal Quarto, 72 pp., Art Cover, Sewn Silk Cord

PRICE THREE DOLLARS

The success of its predecessor, "Shanghai's Schemozzle," has induced the publisher to present the public with a companion volume, "Second Spasm." This new album is similar to the first in format, but there the similarity ends, for all the comments from the humorous pen of "In Parenthesis" and the clever cartoons by "Sapajou" are entirely new.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS AND HERALD, LTD.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

FLAT RACING

Horse-Minded Community

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—MR. J. A. HAYES in his recent letters appears to be quite right in many of his statements, and, as we know, he is to be looked upon as an authority on riding matters in connection with both the China pony and the cross-bred pony. When, however, he speaks of this horse-minded community, I wonder where it exists, because during the 40 years in which I have been a resident of Shanghai, in particular, I have not yet found more than about two or three horse-minded men and women in the whole community who knew the very first thing about a horse; they have not the very faintest idea of what either a racehorse, a hunter, or a hound looks like, in which qualification, if they were horse-minded, they should be *au fait* instead of being helplessly and hopelessly ignorant.

Again, I rather think MR. HAYES emphasizes a little too much on the question of speed being the desideratum in all racing, though I give him full marks for trying to give an honest opinion. Stamina is really the elixir of quality in the racehorse as well as in the hunting and hurdle racing horse; without stamina such a horse may just as well at once be discarded for the want of this special racing requirement.

Undoubtedly, I feel the good sound cross-bred pony of quality is a great advance for speed and racing qualities over the pure-bred China pony, and such ponies should be encouraged along with the China pony, but I rather feel and consider, for the sake of racing supplies of both breeds, they should be encouraged together, enough of both to be available when wanted in their respective spheres of utility.

Your correspondent THE SQUIRE has to be complimented for his individual horse-mindedness and for trying to keep all and sundry up-to-date, and I would like to meet him some day at the "Horse and Hound" refreshment apartments and have a good all-round "horsey" discussion with him.

HORSE AND HOUND.

Shanghai, Feb. 13.

The Squire's Last Word

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Having stated that Mr. HAYES was incorrect in claiming a record for Siboar and quoted the source of my proof, there is little object in continuing this discussion, but as Mr. HAYES has written a further letter on the subject, which appeared in your Sunday issue, here is my reply:—Mr. HAYES says 'The statement contained in my advertisement and in my letter is based upon the printed authentic records appearing in the latest volume of Racing Record just published and to hand two days ago.' Well 'two days ago' appears rather peculiar as that would be Thursday and Mr. HAYES' advertisement must have been sent in on Tuesday. However, I will let that pass, but Mr. HAYES goes on to suggest that I should take up the question of the records he refers to with the 'competent authorities.' Why should I? They have nothing to do with the matter under discussion and as far as I know are entirely correct. Siboar's time was considerably slower than the record time, so, quite apart from the fact that he did not carry sufficient weight to qualify for the record, he has no claim to it, anyhow.

If this does not satisfy Mr. HAYES he has only to apply to any 'competent authority' himself, to learn that Siboar holds no record at all on the flat.

THE SQUIRE.

Shanghai, Feb. 13.

KINGDOM OF GOD

Its Gospel of Peace

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Suppose your correspondent BIBLE STUDENT will condescend, to glance over a few verses from a large Haydock-Reims-Douay Catholic Bible, with its authorized divine interpretations with another Bible Student.

First. Jesus Our King Our God, Second Person of the Blessed Trinity of our Triune God, began his ministry by announcing this kingdom. St. Mark tells us (Chap. I) that "Jesus came into Galilee, preaching the gospel of the kingdom of god and saying: The time is accomplished, and the Kingdom of God is at hand."

Verse 15. (Catholic Bible Interpretation). As if he were to say: To this day the Mosaic Law has been in full force, but henceforth the Evangelical Law shall be preached, which law is not undeservedly compared to the Kingdom of God. "Repent therefore, says Our Saviour and believe the Gospel or good news or happy tidings about Christ's coming and doctrine.

Second, before his passion. He declared to His Disciples, "This Gospel of the Kingdom shall be preached in the whole world for a testimony to all nations, and then shall the consummation come." (Matt. xxiv. 14).

This gospel shall be preached to the whole world to serve as a testimony to all nations of the solicitude of Heaven in having the doctrine of salvation announced to them. This then is a *Fifth Sign* of the End of this world and not till then shall the consummation come.

And then shall the consummation come.—The End of the world says S. Jerom.—The destruction of Jerusalem says S. Chrys and others.—But, if the final destruction of Jerusalem be here meant, the gospel had been preached throughout the major part of the known world. See Rom. X and Col. I. 6, 23.—If the end of the world, then there is the greatest possibility that the True Faith will have been announced to every part of the globe before that period.

Third, after his resurrection. He said "Go ye into the whole world and preach the Gospel to every creature, He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved, but he that believeth not shall be condemned."

Fourth, before his ascension, He told "them, His Church." "You shall be witnesses unto me in Jerusalem and in all Judea and Samaria and even to the uttermost parts of the earth.

Fifth, after his ascension, The same was announced by St. Peter to the Jews, "Do penance, and be baptized, every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of your sins, and you shall receive the gifts of the Holy Ghost for the promise is to you, and to your children, and to all who are afar off, whosoever Our God shall call (Acts. Chap. I).

And again, afterwards to the Romans, by St. Paul. Rom. Chap. I. "By whom we have received grace, and apostleship, for obedience to the Faith in all nations for His Name."

So now, how is it possible for us to hear this Gospel of the Kingdom of God in Shanghai, for instance; and who are Christ's legitimate Authorized Preachers of Our Divine Master and King?

I will quote St. Paul, Rom. X. 15, 16, 17. "And how can they preach, unless they be sent? as it is written: "How beautiful are the feet of them that preach the gospel of peace, of them that bring glad tidings of good things! But all do not obey the gospel. For Isaias saith: Lord who hath believed our report? Faith then cometh by hearing: and hearing by the word of Christ."

Verse 15. Unless they be sent. Here is an evident proof against all new teachers, who have all usurped to themselves the ministry, without any lawful mission, derived by succession from the apostles, to whom Christ said, (John xx. 21,) As my Father hath sent me, I also send you. The Almighty sends people to preach in two different ways. The one is extraordinary, by internal inspiration, as was that of the Baptist, and all the other prophets; in which case, however, extraordinary proofs must be given that they are sent by God; and the other is ordinary, which is derived from Christ, and from the apostles, and their successors, whom he has appointed to be his viceregents on earth.

So therefore, while we Christians, may be Al Bible Students, and not Authorized Preachers sent by God, we can yet do our part by setting in motion the power of Heaven by our "Prayer-Radio" for more labourers in this Harvest of Shanghai (Luke X. 12) of precious and valuable Souls, all belonging to Christ and His Kingdom, bought by His Blood, shed on the Cross. But unless, we are aided by more lawful labourers or more Bishop McGrath's or Father McGreal's whom He commissions to Preach the Gospel of His Kingdom, even if through the Radio, as long as every creature can hear the Gospel; vast numbers will reject Our King, will not live up to the light of their conscience, will not bend under his yoke, and will never be interested in contributing towards the babies napkins in Siccawei Orphange nor for text books for poor Christian orphans.

CATHOLIC BIBLE STUDENT.

Shanghai, Feb. 12.

BUS DRIVERS

Neglect of Passengers

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I have a complaint to lodge against the China General Omnibus Company, and hope you will give it prominence in your columns. Before proceeding I must assure you that I have thoroughly investigated the matter, and know what I am talking about. The matter itself may seem unimportant to the "big shots" of the company in question, but for poor devils like myself—who are denied the comforts of streamlined motor cars—it is absolutely vital.

On February 9, at 7.30 p.m., I arrived at the request stop of route No. 1 bus in Yu Yuen Road—first stop east from Jessfield Park. While I stood waiting for the bus, four No. 1, buses, three No. 9 buses, and two No. 20 trailless trams passed in western direction, while only one No. 9 bus passed in eastern direction. At 7.45 I saw at last bus No. 1 (S.M.C. number 15072) approaching at top speed in eastern direction, and I waved my hand for the driver to stop. He saw me, but continued on his way, paying no attention whatever. I had to wait another 10 minutes before the next bus arrived, and, when eventually I reached my destination downtown, I was quarter of an hour late for an important appointment.

Now this is by no means an isolated case of driver's negligence to put it mildly, and I reported this matter to company's officials about a month ago, but they explained that some buses in the evenings travel only as far as St. Georges, and I accepted this explanation, although, as a matter of fact, driver cannot possibly guess whither I wish to go. I, therefore, decided to investigate the matter, and when on the above date I alighted at Kiangse Road I kept a sharp lookout for the buses on return journey, and there was my No. 1 bus, bearing S.M.C. number 15072 travelling back to Jessfield Park!

Next day I spent two hours in the evening at Jessfield Park terminus, studying bus traffic, and this is what I learned:— Buses arrive at the terminus at normal intervals of three or four minutes. The drivers and conductors alight and spend from 15 to 20 minutes in lively discussions. I wish one of the company officials witnessed this merry gathering! The buses are hopelessly behind the schedule, and, when at last they start, drivers prefer to "step on it," and ignore the passengers at the bus stops in order to save the time.

It seems to me there are many ways to correct this abnormal condition, if China General Omnibus Company only took the trouble of looking into the matter. Should the Company's officials find any difficulty in this respect I shall be glad to give them my advice gratis.

This evening at 7.45 No. 1 bus, bearing S.M.C. number 15092, failed to stop at Jessfield Park compulsory stop (near Public Telephone booth), and speeded away, the driver ignoring my signals. I travelled downtown on the next bus, and saw No. 15092 proceeding on the return journey from the Bund. This once more proves to me that I have by no means given to you an isolated case of negligence on the part of bus drivers. this sort of thing is a daily occurrence. Shall I quote a few more instances in my next letter?

BUS VICTIM.

Shanghai, Feb. 11.

SPRING ROUND THE CORNER

TO-DAY IS THE "FEAST OF THE LANTERNS"

Old Legend Explains Significance of Joyous Occasion: New Year Culmination

BY ARTHUR DE CARLE SOWERBY

TO-DAY, February 14, the Chinese are celebrating the *Teng Chieh* (燈節), usually known to foreigners as the Feast of Lanterns, which falls on the 15th Day of the 1st Moon, according to the old style Chinese lunar calendar. This festival brings to a close the Chinese New Year holidays. In the days before the advent of the Republic it was one of the most important festivals in China, and was always celebrated with a great deal of enthusiasm and excitement.

Originating in the Han Dynasty (206 B.C.—220 A.D.) as a ceremonial worship in the Temple of the First Cause, it was not till the Tang period, some 800 years later, that lanterns were used in celebrating it and it became a joyous festival of the people.

There is a legend told concerning the reason for the use of lanterns, bonfires and later on fireworks in connection with this festival. According to it the Lord of Heaven, having grown weary of the wickedness of the human race, decided to destroy the earth with fire, choosing the 15th Day of the 1st Moon for the execution of his plan. One of the heavenly courtiers, learning of this momentous decision and feeling compassion for doomed humanity, descended to earth, where he went about warning the people of their fate. Asked what they should do to avert the impending catastrophe, he advised them to make the earth look as if it were already on fire on the night fixed for the holocaust. This they did by displaying innumerable lanterns and lighting many great fires, so that when the appointed executioner looked down from heaven he was deceived into the belief that his work had already been done for him. Accordingly he reported to the Lord of Heaven that his orders had been carried out. Thus was mankind saved, and ever after the Chinese people have commemorated their escape from a terrible doom by re-enacting on the anniversary of the fateful night the scenes which deceived Heaven and saved them from annihilation. No mention will be found of this legend in Couling's "Encyclopedia Sinica" or Werner's "Dictionary of Chinese Mythology" or Juliet Bredon's "Moon Year," but it exists all the same.

As time passed the original significance of the occasion seems to have been lost, and the lanterns and bonfires, instead of being lighted to avert a catastrophe, became the expression of a festive spirit of joyousness and gaiety, the culmination of a fortnight of holiday making at the commencement of the New Year before the people returned to the drudgery and daily toil of their drab lives.

In Modern Days

Since China became a Republic, the celebrating of the Feast of Lanterns has tended more and more to pass into the realm of forgotten things, especially in the last ten years, since the Nationalist Government has been in power. The latter has frowned upon the practice of indulging in ancient superstitions, and has tried to abolish the use of the old lunar calendar and its many festivals. In former days, however, the *Teng Chieh* was without doubt the most picturesque of all the festivals celebrated by the Chinese people.

On the days and nights immediately preceding it the youths of every city and village in China paraded the streets with long dragon-lanterns and illuminated floats, hobby-horses and lions, stopping at frequent intervals to indulge in what might be termed set dances in which the dragon-lanterns were made to perform wonderful evolutions and the floats, hobby-horses and lions to whirl about in mad gyrations to the rhythmic beat of drums, the clash of cymbals and the wail and blare of trumpets. By daylight these performances were impressive enough, but at night they were truly spectacular. On the final night the activities of these celebrators would be redoubled and carried on far into the small hours of the following day.

The main streets would be literally a blaze of light with huge bonfires every few yards and every shop thrown wide open and brilliantly illuminated with gay lanterns of every conceivable shape and design, often at street crossings or in open places in front of temples or official buildings pyrotechnical displays would take place, some of the set pieces being remarkable for their ingenuity. The writer remembers seeing a reproduction, in green and mauve lights, of a grape-vine growing on a trellis frame, the luscious bunches of fruit being perfect in their verisimilitude. Rockets, fire-fountains, catherine wheels and fire-crackers were set off on every hand, and one could well imagine that anybody looking down upon such a scene from a height might be deceived into believing that the place was on fire. Indeed, so brilliant were the illuminations it mattered little that there was a full moon in the sky, it being the 15th of the lunar month. Everywhere the air would be redolent with the pungent smell of burning gunpowder mixed with the more haunting aroma of incense and smouldering sandal-wood, as the smoke and fumes rose to high heaven.

Crowded Streets

Always on the night of the Feast of Lanterns the streets, especially in the big cities, would be crowded with sight-seers drawn from every walk of life. Even the wives, concubines and daughters of the wealthy uppen classes and gentry, most of whose lives were spent behind the high walls of their palatial residences, would be allowed out on this night of nights, and they might be seen packed tight in their Peking carts peering through the small square window or out of the open fronts, where sat the drivers and trusted male attendants. Often the crowd would be so dense as to make progress impossible, but always it was a good natured crowd, bent on amusement.

A brief excursion through some of the back streets of Shanghai during the past few days has revealed the fact that the local Chinese population appears to be preparing to celebrate the Feast of Lanterns this year as it has not done for quite a considerable period. Many small shops are filled to overflowing with gay lanterns, and large numbers of people have been seen buying these and parading them through the streets in a way reminiscent of pre-Republican days. It takes more than a decade to eradicate customs which have been practised for the best part of 2,000 years. Even so, it is very much to be doubted if one in a hundred of the Shanghai people who will light lanterns, set off fireworks and fire crackers to-night have any idea of just why they are doing so. Customs often persist long after their origins have been lost, and this is particularly true in China, a fact which helps to provide sinologists with a *raison d'etre*.

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF FEBRUARY 14, 1878

"For ways that are dark, and tricks that are vain, etc.," the peculiarities of professional mendicancy at this port form no exception to the general rule in this strange land. Beggardom is, unfortunately, a wide-spread institution; but in China it is, while admittedly a universal nuisance, not unmixed with a certain amount of comicality deserving of notice. Why, for example, should a half-naked object be permitted to smear his body with mud, alternated by streaks of blood, and in this extraordinary war paint appeal to the charitable feeling of the inhabitants? The addition of more or less river mud to a countenance already sanctified by the accumulated dirt of a life-time, is perhaps a small matter; but it is nevertheless strong testimony to the prevailing popular sentiment.

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SHORT WAVE RADIO

To-day's Broadcasts

Daventry, England.—Trans. 1, from *16.15 to 18.25* o'clock, 16.86 metres, 25.53m; 31.55. Trans. 2, *18.45* to *21.55* 13.93m; 13.97m; 16.56m; 19.76m; Trans. 3, *22.00* to *1.00*. 13.98m; 13.97m; 16.86m; 19.82m; 25.53m.

Via Hongkong.—31.49m.

Berlin, Germany.—*13.05 to 24.00*, 31.38m, 19.74m; 16.89m; 31.45m; 19.68m.

Rome, Italy.—*19.00 to 21.30 and 23.00 to 00.20*, 25.4m.

Australia—Lyndhurst. Mon.-Sat. *10.35* to *21.30*; Sun., *16.00 to 20.30*, 31.34m.
Sydney, Sun., *14.00 to 16.00, 18.00 to 22.00*; Mon., *22.00 to 24.00*; 31.28m.
Melbourne, Mon-Sat. *17.00* to *20.00* 31.50m.
Perth, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 19.00*, 31.28m.

Paris, France.—*15.00 to 18.00*, 25.24m; *18.00 to 24.00*, 13.86m; *00.15 to 7.00*, 25.34; *7.15 to 14.00*, 26.80m.

Manila, P.I.—*6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00*. 25.38m; 31.35m. Sunday, *18.00 to 24.00*.

Tokyo, Japan.—*13.00 to 14.30, 21.00 to 22.00*, 25.42m; 19.79m.

Lisbon, Portugal.—*6.00 to 8.00*, 30.13m.

Abridged Programmes

The letters in parenthsis indicate from which of the above stations the broadcast is made.

13.10 Varied music (B)
13.30 News; varied, till 14.30 (T)
14.00 News in German (B)
15.00 News (B), (P)
15.30 "On the Church Steeple" (B)
16.00 Songs and dances (B). Varied till 20.30, 31.34m. (A)
16.15 "In Town To-night" (D)
16.45 "Collective Security ...d Regional Pact" (D), Septet (D)
17.00 News in French (P), Melbourne prog., 31.50m.; Perth prog., 31.28m. (A)
17.15 BBC Empire Orchestra (D)
17.20 News, 31.34m. (A)
17.30 News (P), in German (B)
17.45 Topical talk (B)
18.00 News (D), Dance music (B)
18.45 Organ music (D)
19.00 Concert (B), (P), Varied, till 21.30 (R), Varied till 23.00 (R)
19.15 "Music Hall" (D)
20.00 News (B), (P)
20.25 BBC Welsh Orchestra (D)
20.30 News, 31.34m. (A)
21.00 "Empire Exchange" (D), News in German (B)
21.15 Piano recital (D), Dance music (B)
21.30 News (D), in French (P)
21.45 Sports review (B)
22.00 News (B), Syncopation and Song (D). Varied, till 24.00, 31.28m. (A)
22.15 "All Kinds of People," 3 (D)
22.30 "The Microphone at Large" (D), Concert (P), German marches (B)
22.45 "Non-Stop" (B)
23.00 Hastings Mun. Orchestra (D), Varied, till 00.20 (R)
23.30 "In Town To-night" (D)
23.45 Topical talk (B)
24.00 News (D), (R)
00.20 Music by Arthur Sullivan (D)
00.30 "Friends to Tea" (D)
06.00 Special news 31.48 (SCH). Varied till 8.00 (L)
06.30 Varied, till 9.00 (M)

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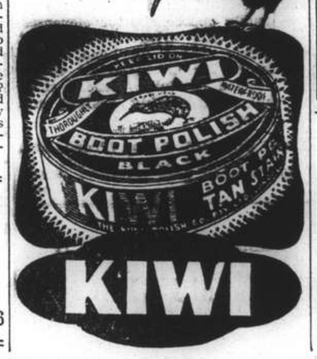

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WOMAN'S PAGE

A Shanghai Letter

By Hester

More than one book has been compiled which contains accounts of men who have figured prominently in the business and professional world in China and the Far East, but so far, apart from references made to them in works concerned with general affairs, little has been written regarding women and their work in this part of the world.

Perhaps one day someone will give us, "Famous Women of Shanghai, Their Work and Attainments," and if so, several have qualified for inclusion in that tome whenever it comes to be written.

* * *

A Saintly Lady

The death which occurred at South Shields, on December 31, of Mother St. Austin, so affectionately remembered by hundreds of women and girls in Shanghai, has reminded us of a book this lady wrote on the life of one who ranks high for the good works she accomplished in these parts, and who will long be remembered, not only for her social and religious work, but on account of her strong personality, and the hold she had on all affections.

This was Mother St. Dominic, who, for fifty-six years toiled in China, and who has been instrumental in furthering religious and social work around this city to a tremendous extent. Mother St. Austin has given a most interesting account of all this in her book, though she fails to take credit for the writing, and her authorship is nowhere mentioned. Credit must be given to the writer, and thanks also, for revealing to readers of a later time the example of a life which, though almost impossible to follow, is inspiring to read of.

With Mother St. Dominic, self-abnegation was a passion; unlike many heroines of history, she did not come into prominence through any great national or industrial disaster. Though she did useful work during the war in Europe in 1870, her calling precluded her from receiving adulation other than the appreciation of her close associates. After coming to China the Reverend Mother lived and worked in this country where disasters undreamt of by the rest of the world, are common occurrences, and part of the daily life of the people to whom she ministered. Her work for 56 long years was among want, ignorance, and a certain darkness of soul among all nationals and classes which must have appalled so spiritually minded a woman.

Mother St. Dominic was born Eugénie, the daughter of the Count de Maurepas, and her family belonged to the proud old French aristocracy, while her father had seen most of his family perish on the scaffold during the French Revolution. After her mother's death she decided to become a nun, and entered the Society of the Helpers of the Holy Souls in 1869. She arrived in Shanghai in November, 1871, following the termination of distinguished nursing service during the aforementioned war of 1870.

* * *

"Stable" Foundations

At that time the Helpers had two houses, or rather wooden sheds, one at Ziccawei, and one in Shanghai itself, a few yards from the walled Tartar City. The Convent in Rue Montauban was the old stable of the French troops of General de Montauban. The place had been cleaned up and a thin wooden partition divided the lower part into a common-room and refectory, and the upper story into narrow cells, so Mother St. Austin tells us.

It was Mother St. Dominic's idea to purchase the whole of the property now owned, and through her initiative that this was worked for and achieved. There was no money in the till for purchase, and when her ambitious suggestion was heard, this drawback was pointed out, but she simply said with great determination that this must be worked for and acquired, and, miraculously, it was.

The Ziccawei buildings were a few Chinese houses converted into a clean but poor convent. Her long view, keen business instinct, added to her enthusiasm and practical hard work, in time resulted in the fine buildings and the numerous workshops we have with us to-day—or at least which we had, previous to hostilities.

* * *

Sensible and Useful

She and her helpers were particularly interested in Chinese orphans, and destitute children, and the really useful side of this work lay in the manner in which it was approached. It was sought to add to, and to enlighten the lives of these unfortunates, but at the same time they were not weaned at all from their Chinese background and life. The wisdom of maintaining these people as thorough Chinese, living fuller and more useful lives as Chinese, but not becoming that sorry product, Easterners with a Western training which has spoilt them for life in either camp, will be appreciated by many foreigners who have resided in the East for some time.

The system employed to-day, viz., to farm out the children into good Chinese homes, with supervision to see that they are adequately nourished and cared for, has much to recommend it. In these days when comfort is the guiding principle in our daily lives, and when science is directed towards making dwellings more easy to run and luxurious to live in, it is salutary to learn of the austere life led by Mother St. Dominic and her colleagues. She abhorred any kind of physical comfort. Poverty and hardship she embraced with fervour, and during every minute of her life was most ascetic in her habits. During her last illness, when she was a very sick woman, she declined a night light as an extravagance, and demurred when an attendant wished to arrange her pillows more comfortably.

Mother St. Austin's book makes most interesting reading, and certainly the average worldly person is pulled up with something of a jolt upon noting the continued self-denial which dominated the life of a highly sensitive and delicately reared woman of comparatively recent times.

* * *

Save the Boys!

It is unflattering to realize how very unwanted are we women at our birth. Though the world has congratulated Princess Juliana upon the arrival of her daughter there is little doubt but that a boy would have been more welcome. So it is with lesser mortals, and one finds folk of the most obscure families, and with the most commonplace of names, anxious to have boys, "so that the name and family will not die out," but, what matters it how many Robinsons and Smiths and what-nots die out, there are plenty of Jones' and Browns to take their place.

In Shanghai we learn that all Chinese, down to the lowest coolies, have a more than usual eagerness at the present time to produce boys, boys, and yet more boys. Friends of mine employ a house-tailor on full time to make clothes for refugee children, and quite a lot of work is done for the many newly born who seem bent on arriving. It appears that, even among new babies, fashion dictates one form of jacket for a boy, and another for a girl. The boys' jackets have numerous buttons while the girls' fasten with a few.

Miss Kay Francis wears a tunic frock in beige and black rough crêpe. Her alligator belt matches the huge bag which she carries.

For the purpose of making as many garments as possible my friends have commissioned their tailor to make the jackets with few buttons, but at last he has protested, and he is backed up by the amah in the home. She has declared that she would sit up of nights and make buttons and buttonholes rather than have so many jackets made for girl babies. "Must makee for boy," declare the amah and the tailor, "girlee, maskee, maybe plenty girlee die boy must keep."

So we women can take the flattering unction to our souls that until we are needed to become mothers of the race of men, we are only tolerated in this Vale of Tears.

* * *

Funeral Rejoicings

One good foreign Shanghai woman has, I fear, failed to gain the true Chinese slant upon funerals and their proper observance.

Her houseboy's wife has recently died, and he came to his Missie to borrow $50 to tide him over expenses. It appears that the deceased wife has been ill for some time, so her husband had thoughtfully provided the coffin beforehand, ordering a "largee size" in case anyone else in the family was constrained to use it before the promising invalid. "Then, if you have the coffin already, boy," said the foreign missie," why do you need so much as $50?" The widower explained that this was for a funeral feast. "What," said the astonished mistress, "do you mean to tell me that you want to make a feast and a rejoicing because your wife has died?"

She went on to point out that, in the boy's present circumstances, this was most improvident, that dozens of Chinese were picked up dead and starving every day, that even around his own house door dead and dying were in evidence, and that in such case feasts were not in good taste. She further added that, if she died, she would turn in her grave if she thought her husband had spent so much as $50 on her funeral meats. All she received in answer was a sad smile at her ignorance. So, now, one foreign missie is disappointed in an excellent servant, while the bereaved one thinks that Missy has no sense of what is right and proper in a country where people are accustomed to neglect their dear ones in life, but to give them a jolly good send-off, and wonderful attention when they pass on to the Great Beyond.

When one comes to think of it, there is something to be said for this Chinese bereaved one's foresight, for a coffin may be a useful thing to have around the house. Someone is sure to need it at some time or another. We can recall the case of the society woman in England many years ago who had her coffin made for a long time before she died, and had it regularly polished. She used to take it with her on her travels, and report says, take her siesta in it each afternoon. We are not told if she provided it with a beauty-rest mattress, or if she were hardening herself for her long rest, but the story is said to be true.

There is one point to bear in mind though, if any one thinks of doing similarly, and that is, that a coffin, like a suit of clothes, is something one may get too large for. Then, consider the unnecessary expense if one happened to be blown into small pieces by a bomb, or if one fell overboard while at sea. No, on second thoughts I shall spend my coffin money on a badly needed new gown, and trust to luck against the time when the sad (?) but certain event overtakes me.

* * *

Needs of the Living

Like the wise people we are, we shall, instead of preparing too well for death, try and do what we can for the living.

Lots of little boys and girls, who insist upon thriving despite the hardness of the world into which they have been thrust, find themselves without either parents, or any means of subsistence, but cold as is the world, there are kindly folk who give attention to the succouring of little orphan waifs, and among these philanthropists are the Shanghai women who help to support the Cradle in Route Winling, and the orphans at St. Tichon's.

Incidentally, if it is one's wish to increase one's family without going through the usual preliminaries, one can do this by adopting a child from the Cradle, I am told. This matter of adoption has more than one thing to recommend it; one can choose the sex of one's "offspring" and likewise see what it looks like before taking delivery. Most of us have to take what comes, and have the pain of noting our snub noses and freckles repeated upon a suffering descendent. (Who was it said something about," The tenth transmitter of a foolish face?"). Not so the parent of the adopted. Those interested might like to take a walk to the Cradle sometime and see the attractive children who really have "no mamma, no papa, no whiskey soda."

* * *

Benefit Affairs

The Cradle sponsors are holding a Bridge and Mahjongg tea at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. on February 14, at 3 p.m. Tickets will be $6 for a table, and reservations may be made through Mrs. W. H. Plant, Telephone 71077.

Of interest to many will be the announcement that a Benefit Tea Dance will be held at the French Club on March 4, commencing at 5.30 p.m. and continuing until 9 o'clock. This is to aid the funds of St. Tichon's Orphanage, and Lady Maze, the chairman of the organizing committee, with the assistance of several other prominent ladies in Shanghai, is sparing no pains to make the affair a great success both for patrons and for the funds. Tickets will be $3 each, including tea, and those who prefer to play bridge or mahjongg may do so in special rooms which will be provided for the purpose. A cabaret show will be staged by professional artists.

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BRITISH WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Monday, Feb. 14.—Needlecraft Section Meeting at Mrs. Brooke's, 9 Daybrook Estate, 70 Tunsin Road at 10 a.m. Social Service Board at 10 a.m. Musical and Dramatic Section Rehearsal at 6 p.m.

Tuesday, Feb. 15.—Musical and Dramatic Section at Mrs. Umpley's 163 Route de Grouchy, Flat, 54, at 10 a.m. Hospital Aid Department Annual Meeting at 11 a.m.

Friday, Feb. 18.—Gardening Section at Mrs. Ivon-Clark's, 849 Rue Ratard, at 10 a.m.

The Needlecraft Section will draw the raffle for the Angora bed-jacket at their meeting to-day. The meeting will be held at Mrs. J. T. W. Brooke's 9 Daybrook Estate, 70 Tunsin Road, as usual.

The Social Service Board announce that they will hold extra meetings every alternate Monday morning at 10 a.m. A meeting being to-day.

The Musical and dramatic Section are very busy just now arranging for their Annual Meeting, which takes place on February, 24 at Headquarters. Besides the business of the meeting, tea will be served and a small programme will be presented.

The Hospital Aid Department are holding their Annual Meeting tomorrow at 11 a.m., when the report of the year's work will be presented. Members interested in the work of the Department are particularly welcome. The Hospital Aid Department would be glad of toys in good condition for a children's hospital in which they are interested.

The repair work being done at Headquarters is nearing completion, and it is hoped to return to the usual rooms upstairs very soon. Members are advised that every effort is being made to supply their needs, and to cause as little inconvenience as possible.

Those Sections who have not sent in the Annual Reports are asked to do so immediately, as these are incorporated in the Chairman's Annual Report and are needed.

The Gardening Section announce that they are starting their regular Gardening Section meeting on March 4. The place and subject will be announced at the Annual Meeting. The Annual Meeting takes place on February 25, at the home of Mrs. Ivon-Clark, 849 Rue Ratard, and members of the Section are asked to make a special effort to be present.

The following new members have joined the Association:—

Mrs. H. W. Bell, Miss Dorothy Rooke, Mrs. E. W. A. Clements, Mrs. N. M. Clark, Mrs. P. H. Eldridge, Mrs. J. Hillhouse, Mrs. H. W. Hosking, Miss V. Thomson, Mrs. J. C. Walters, Mrs. L. Warren, Mrs. A. Wheen, Mrs. R. R. I. Lewis, Mrs. W. M. Marshall, Mrs. E. McLaren, Mrs. McLaughlan, Mrs. W. Ross, Mrs. W. Sudbury, Miss L. Thomson, Miss J. A. Penfold, Mrs. W. G. Turnbull, Mrs. A. W. Robson, Mrs. H. K. Cassels, Mrs. Laing, Mrs. L. Kershaw, Mrs. C. M. Horey, Mrs. R. Spivey, Mrs. S. Stucken, Mrs. G. H. Mann, Mrs. L. M. Rodger, Mrs. F. Spray, Mrs. W. G. Graham, Mrs. R. H. Scott, Miss J. M. Bain, Miss E. G. Taylor and Miss D. M. Evans. Visiting Members:—Mrs. V. Smith. Outport Members:—Mrs. H. H. Molland and Mrs. R. F. Fitch.

The following new books have been added to the Library recently:—

*Forbidden Journey ....Ella K. Maillart
*John Cornelins .....Hugh Walpole
*The Dangerous Years .Gilbert Frankan
Jacinth .....Denis Mackail
Enchanter's Nightshade ....Ann Bridge
Pavements at Anderby .Winifred Holtby
Under Capricorn .....Helen Simpson
By Tophet Flare ..Louis Magrath King
Ghosts .....Edith Wharton
Is a Ship Burning .....Richard Sale
Worth Wile .....P. C. Wren
Tibetan Trek .....Ronald Kaulback
Here, There and Everywhere
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The diet should be generous but not stimulating and articles of easy digestion should be chosen. Eight hours, at least, of sleep, preferably in the early part of the night, are essential. For medicine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are especially adapted because they build up the blood, strengthen the nerves and tone up the organs of digestion. You can get them at your chemist.

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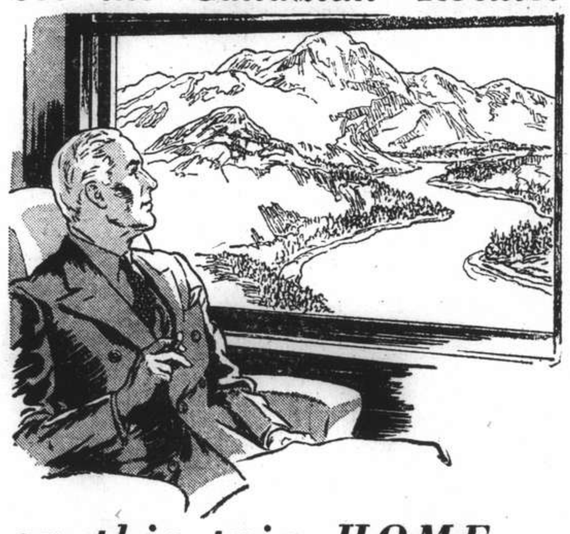

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INTERNATIONAL MARRIAGE

When an Englishwoman Makes One-Half of the Bargain

The question of the international marriage is always a vital one in cosmopolitan Shanghai and therefore what the English wife of Count von Zeppelin has had to say in one of the recent monthlies on the subject as it concerns Englishwomen will be interesting.

What is it, she asks, that isolates the English and makes of them a people with whom Europeans, and even Americans, have so little in common that the marriage of an Englishwoman with one of them—no matter of which kind—becomes a venture which it certainly is not when a European woman marries a man of another European nationality—or, indeed, when an American woman marries a European?

She thinks it is the effect of the policy of "splendid isolation" of more than a century which has penetrated so deeply into the English soul as to make any intimate contact—such as marriage—with foreigners a matter of extreme difficulty.

When a woman marries a foreign husband she has, of course, to adapt herself to entirely strange conditions when she returns with him to his country. She has to get used to living her daily life in a foreign language. The strain of this reorientation does not weigh anything like so hard for a woman of European or American nationality. The problem of why this is so is not solved, says Countess von Zeppelin, by saying that Europeans and Americans are more adaptable in temperament than are the English. For then neither the European nor the American woman would find marriage with an Englishman any more difficult than with one of themselves. And they do!

"But," she is told, "no one can deny that the English have a gift of understanding for all the peoples who come under their rule! And these people are heterogeneous enough. Look at the Empire! How do you account for that?"

The "Empire-Builder" Mind

But empire-builders are not necessarily good mixers. The Englishwoman, although admitterly an excellent wife for an empire-builder or administrator, does not for that reason make a good wife for an ordinary foreigner. In the one case she is nearly always in an official position and called on to adopt a judicious mixture of tolerance and arrogance. In the other she is faced with the problem of changing her own mentality and her own habits in so far as they are not in harmony with those of the country of her adoption.

"There is definitely something in us Englishwomen," says the Countess, "which is responsible for my own mother-in-law's injunction to my husband a propos of the question of marriage. She said, 'On no account bring me an English girl as daughter-in-law. You can bring me any kind of nationality or mixture of nationalities—except an English example of womanhood!'"

Countess von Zeppelin is amusing on the subject of her own "arrogance" about beds and open windows when she came as a bride to her new German home. "It was only when my husband refused to sleep in a bed tucked in the English way with blankets, instead of with sheets buttoned to an eiderdown in one piece as they are in Central Europe, that I gave up trying to instruct the housemaid and adapted myself with a bad grace! After several nights of finding myself without any coverings at all, I found that I had come to like the other way better. The same with open windows. This, I know, is almost a moral question in England. Nevertheless I find that, since sleeping with shut windows, I am no longer plagued with colds and bronchitis to the same extent as before."

Another difficult difference for the Englishwoman to digest is that of education for her children. For while the American wife of a foreigner is content that her sons shall be brought up in the way of their father, an Englishwoman wants them sent to an English public school. Otherwise she is apt to feel that they can never be really "right." Often she imports English nurses and governnesses, not with the unassailably excellent idea of keeping up the language, but so that they should never lose sight of the fact that they are really Englishmen with a foreign name.

Countess von Zeppelin's marriage has obviously been a happy one—she is able to laugh at herself now for all the insularities of her beginnings. She sums up by saying that a successful international marriage may help much towards that friendship and understanding between nations which is so badly needed to-day, and that any woman who makes the venture with an understanding heart can achieve, apart from her own happiness, something of real value for the future family of nations.

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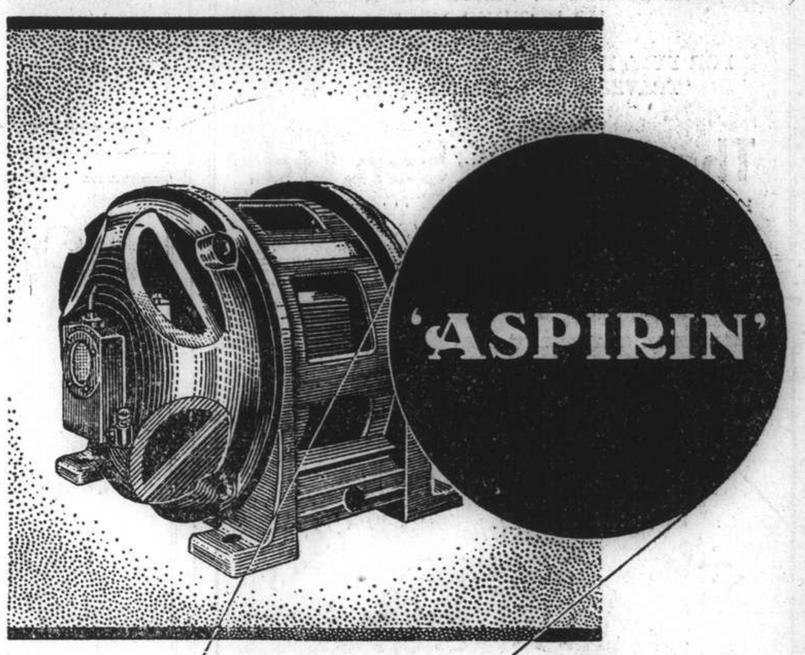

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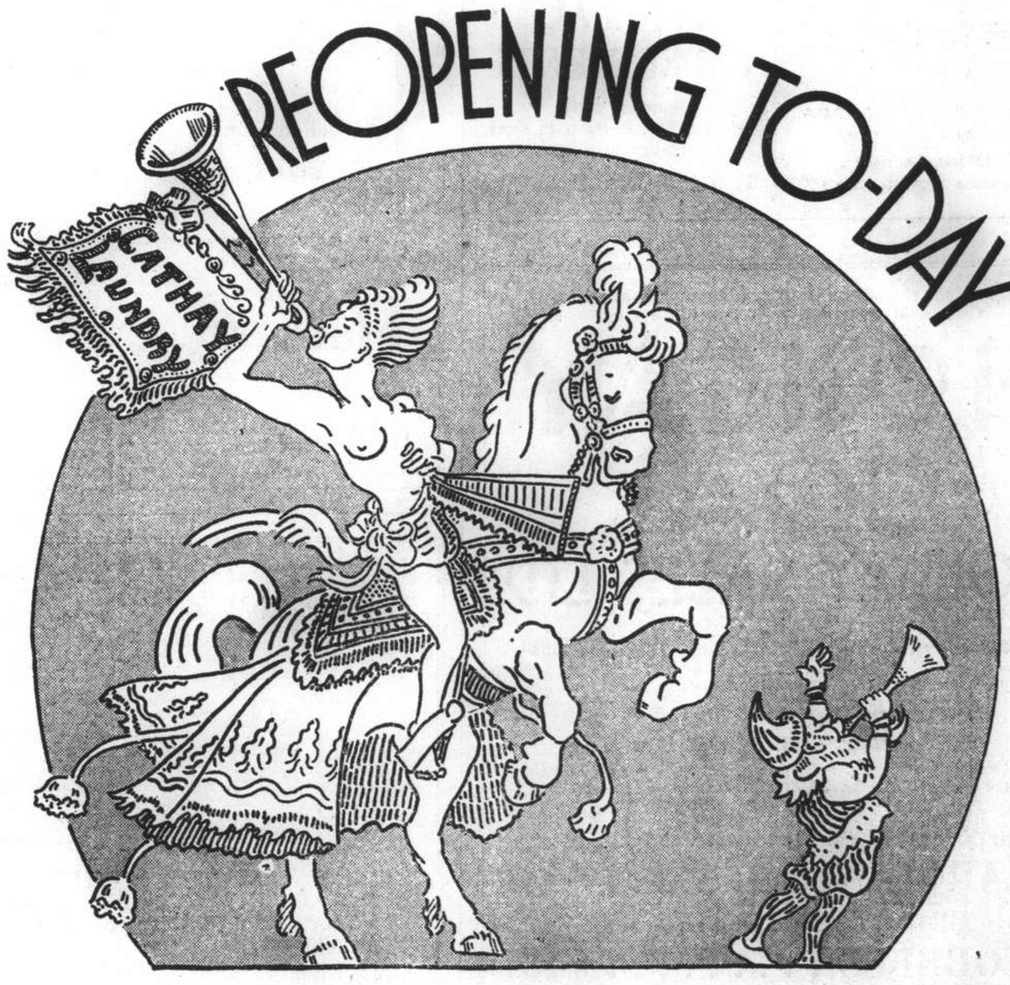

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Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals. Correspondents are requested to typewrite on one side of the paper only. Letters to the Editor should be brief and to the point.

Messrs. Crane-Debenham Limited, 69 Fleet Street, London, E.C.4, have been appointed special English representatives for the transaction of all business relating to advertisements for the "North-China Daily News" and the "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file in their offices.

Announcements in this column $3 per insertion.

ENGAGEMENT

HUFNER—THOMPSON.—The Engagement is announced of HENRY HUFNER, of New York, and VIOLET ETHEL, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Thompson, of Shanghai. -1720

DEATHS

RICKMANN.—On Saturday, February 12, 1938, at her residence, 70 Route Dollfus, Mrs. TERESA MARIA RICKMANN, aged 84 years, the dearly beloved mother of Mrs. J. P. Butt. Removed to the Parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held to-morrow, Tuesday, February 15, at the Hungjao Road Cemetery at 2.30 p.m. (Hongkong papers please copy.).

MARTIN.—On Sunday, February 13, 1938, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, DAVID NEIL LIVINGSTONE, aged 1 year, dearly beloved infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Colin L. Martin.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

AUSTRO-GERMAN TALK

It is quite likely that not until Herr Hitler makes his long expected speech on February 20, will the world at large be fully acquainted with all that has been happening in Europe during the past few days. The totalitarian states received somewhat of a setback by the collapse of the Goga Cabinet in Rumania, and the accession to power of a coalition government more favourably inclined to the democratic ideal, and it is claimed in some quarters that the recent conversations between Dr. Kurt von Schuschnigg, the Austrian Chancellor, may possibly be found to have brought about a greater rapprochement between the two countries, and to that extent bring about a state of affairs conducing to the strength of the Rome-Berlin axis. It is stated that the meeting at Berchtesgaden as brought about by Dr. von Papen, since withdrawn from Vienna, is a last endeavour to settle differences between Berlin and Vienna. For some years past the relations between Italy and Austria had been most cordial. Simultaneously the relations between Vienna and Berlin had remained none too good and even though in 1936 Dr. von Papen succeeded in bringing about an agreement between the two governments, which ended four years of open hostility arising out of Herr Hitler's ambition to secure his native Austria for National-Socialism, there remained outstanding such questions as the continual agitation by German Nazis in Austria on the one side, and continual pinpricks to Germany on the other, that the two nations could not be brought together. To a very great extent the settlement of 1936 was brought about by the intervention of Signor Mussolini, for it was due to his persuasion that Austria had decided to come to an agreement with Nazi Germany. By it Herr Hitler recognized Austria's full sovereignty, while Austria on her part, promised that her policy should be based on the recognition that she was a German State, while both mutually agreed not to seek to influence the internal politics of the other.

What has happened at Berchtesgaden is not known at present, and there is consequently much speculation as to what transpired. The most interesting suggestion as to what may have happened is to the effect that a bargain may have been struck between the two countries, whereby, Austria, would guarantee that there would be no restoration of the Hapsburgs to the Austrian throne and would proclaim an amnesty for political offenders, while Herr Hitler would order the complete cessation of Nazi activities in Austria, and make a solemn declaration before the German Reichstag on February 20, recognizing the independence and sovereignty of Austria. When the agreement of 1936 is recalled, some doubt may be expressed as to whether there is much to support such a forecast. On the face of it the limitation of Austrian action with regard to the restoration of the monarchy seems to come within the agreement not to interfere with the internal politics of each other. On the other hand for Herr Hitler to agree to order the stoppage of Nazi activities in Austria seems to be merely agreeing to something to which he has already committed himself, while a declaration recognizing Austria's independence and sovereignty, would be only a repetition of what Herr Hitler had already done as far back as May 21, 1935. Should Austria have agreed to an amnesty for political prisoners, it would amount to the liberation of the men incarcerated as the result of Nazi activities within the boundaries of Austria, since the similar amnesty granted in 1936. The consequences of that agreement were very imposing, and on the face of it Austria conceded more than she received. Many banned German newspapers were again permitted to enter Austria, the toleration of the Swastika and the Horst Wessel song—for German subjects only, however—and the raising of the Mk.1,000 barrier against German visitors to Austria were important results. Herr Hitler had wisely abandoned the shadow of a certain amount of prestige among the Austrian Nazis, who had been stunned by his recognition of Austrian independence, for the substance of tying Austria to the German foreign policy. This brought about a revival of Austrian Nazi hopes, and, ever since, Dr. Schuschnigg has been fighting desperately to prevent the Nazis gaining ground too rapidly.

Matters did not greatly improve during 1937 and it was becoming increasingly clear that, in the interests of the Rome-Berlin axis, causes for further friction between Germany and Austria would have to be removed. The French theory is that Herr Guido Schmidt, Austrian Foreign Minister, when learning of the departure of Dr. von Papen, strongly objected to the appointment of a prominent Nazi personality to succeed him. It will be remembered that it was, at the time, reported that Herr Hermann Kriebel, former German Consul-General in Shanghai, had been selected to follow Dr. von Papen, and Herr Kriebel stands high in the Nazi Party. The appointment of such a man who would undoubtedly be the warmest possible supporter of the Austrian Nazis would naturally be a source of considerable anxiety to Dr. Schuschnigg and his supporters, and it is but to be expected that Herr Schmidt should protest against the appointment of a man who, while safe under diplomatic immunity, might serve as the mainstay for the people continually agitating for the downfall of the present Austrian Government. Another belief is expressed that Dr. von Schuschnigg may have consented to the appointment of some sympathizers with Austrian Nazism to the various State legislative organizations, such as the State Council, though not in the Government. At the most that would be a comparatively small concession and so long as they were never permitted to secure a majority in those bodies would cause the present Government no serious amount of trouble. But it has always to be remembered that the Nazi organizations continue to work ceaselessly for the fruition of their plans, and, were any such concessions to be made, they might in the long run prove a great danger to a government, which even now does not find it particularly easy to maintain control of the fortunes of the nation. It will probably emerge from out of this atmosphere of mystery with which the whole matter has been shrouded that all these two statesmen have succeeded in bringing about, is a decision to re-emphasize old agreements, and, perhaps, make greater endeavours to live up to them.

ROAD TO PEACE

Middle-aged men of to-day will read Mr. Anthony Eden's speech before the Junior Imperial League demonstration at Birmingham with real appreciation. They will remember, as Mr. Eden has recalled, how the world, prior to 1914, for many years suffered the same anxiety as that which the younger generation endures to-day. They saw the nations of the world slowly progress to that state in which war became inevitable, and the new generation naturally wonders whether it is to be called upon to accept the same dread responsibilities as their predecessors. If mankind has learned no lesson from all that has occurred since the commencement of this century there can be but one answer to the question. If on the other hand it has acquired some little more wisdom, then the future may not prove so gloomy as it seems to be at the moment. There is a great deal to be said for his contention that friendship between democracies and dictatorships must not become impossible. The British policy has consistently been that whatever government a nation may choose is entirely its own business, and so long as that policy is accepted, and if it were more widely realized to have the value it undoubtedly has, there should be no reason why a better political atmosphere should not be produced. There should be the most earnest endeavour on the part of all statesmen to discover what is common to both systems of government, and with that as a basis proceed to work towards a greater understanding than at present exists. If the world has to become the scene of a continued ideological struggle, war can be the only outcome, and it is the duty of all governments to strive in their foreign policies not only for peace now, but for the future. It is feared that there are some countries who have not that ideal before them, but it can confidently be expected that it will dawn upon them eventually that the best method of securing peace is to seek devotedly for agreement, and not continually dwell on differences.

OLYMPIC BOYCOTT

A telegram from Tokyo published in another column, draws attention to a correspondent's letter on the subject of the proposed boycott of the Olympic games in 1940. The reasons underlying the Chinese suggestion can be fully understood. They arise from indignation which they must naturally feel over the way their country has been treated by Japan, and resentment at the wrong which have been inflicted upon her and her people. Whether the suggestion will commend itself to other nations likely to compete at Tokyo may be doubted. The suggestion for such a boycott has already been made, and the opinion was generally expressed that it was not desirable that politics should be imported into sport. That is a very proper spirit, and will probably inspire whatever replies are given to the originators of the proposal from the various international sporting bodies to which the appeal has been addressed. Chinese sportsmen may very well decide to refrain from participating in the competitions to be held in Tokyo if hostilities are continued until the Olympics come to be held. They could properly do so on the ground that they did not wish to consort with their enemies, but for other nationals to accept the same view would mean a departure from that neutrality upon which the world insists at the present moment, would afford no valuable contribution towards the settlement of this present unhappy business, and might do harm in tending towards the exacerbation of Japanese feelings. And who knows? Perhaps, by the time the games come to be held, this struggle will have come to an end. It is devoutly hoped that this will be the case, and if then there were adherence to a decision taken during the heat of battle, it might serve only to irritate the Japanese, and would certainly destroy all prospects of success which it is hoped will attend the games the year after next.

A COUNTRY DIARY

Feb. 12.—These cold and frosty mornings—still almost dark at 6 a.m.—it is hard to realize that the official Chinese Spring began some ten days ago....yet all Nature is answering to the call. Every blade of grass and every twig may be quivering in the early light with those tiny particles of frozen dew which we call hoarfrost, yet every one of our resident birds appears to know that spring is coming. It is interesting to note that ancient observers had delighted in watching such phenomena, as witness verses 16 to 18 of Psalms CXLVII where is says, "He giveth snow like wool: he scattereth the hoarfrost like ashes ... he sendeth out his word and melteth them....". All of which is an excellent description of the dividing line between winter and spring as I see it daily. Cold mornings at this time of year may deceive me, but they cannot deceive the birds and other creatures of the wilds: they act spontaneously according to their instincts and neither snow nor frosts nor bitter winds can turn them from their natural purposes. Note how the Blackbirds are beginning to sing, and to wrangle and chatter among themselves: how Mynahs are beginning to whistle, Doves to coo ... and how all such creatures are beginning to fight because they know that the Spring Running is at hand: watch the Rooks ... how they are gathering in the tree-tops experimenting with the foundations of nests: listen to the Bulbul sitting in his favourite perch and pouring out his heart in bubbling song. All these things take place daily under most wintry conditions ... then the sun swings up ... the hoarfrost melts ... and suddenly it is Spring.

IN PARENTHESIS

Noisy

THE fellow who wrote about the "silent watches of the night" never heard a five-shilling one on the dressing-table.

* * *

Hit or Miss

A CROONER says the great drawback in singing into the microphone is that one misses the audience.

But he has the consolation of knowing that the audience cannot hit him.

* * *

Leading the Horse

A WEARY tramp was walking along a canal bank when he hailed a man in a passing barge.

"Will ye give me a lift, mister?"

"Ay," replied the bargeman, "but ye'll have to work yer passage."

"That's all right. What'll I have to do?"

"Lead the horse along the bank."

* * *

Summary

THE university president was delivering his baccalaureate speech. In the audience were an elderly man and woman, obviously foreigners, who were having some trouble understanding the president's address to the class, of which their son was a member.

"What he say?" finally demanded the mother, frowning.

"Who?" asked the father.

"The beega fella in black robes. What he say?"

"He say school is out."

* * *

Just too Bad

MR. Johnson was a very nice man, and a popular one in the village, but was unfortunately much addicted to drink. He had a number of very good friends who were very distressed at the way he was going, and at last they decided to have a serious talk with him. Unhappily, however, this had no effect on his subsequent behaviour, and they gave him up as hopeless.

Then, one day, one of them heard that Mr. Johnson had agreed to sign the pledge. He met Mrs. Johnson out walking, and said:

"I'm so glad to hear that your husband has signed the pledge."

"Yes, isn't it good?" replied Mrs. Johnson, with a broad smile; "and now I'm just taking these lizards back to the shop to see if they'll exchange them for a parrot."

* * *

The Worm's Night Out

5.30 p.m.—Worm at office horrified to hear from hall porter that Blistered Blonde has called for him. In panic Worm tells hall porter to tell Blistered Blonde he is out. Hall porter says he has already told Blistered Blonde Worm is in: Hall porter, with wink at giggling staff, says he felt sure that a gentleman like Worm would never wish to deceive a lady. Specially such a nice, jolly lady, adds hall porter.

5.32 p.m.—Blistered Blonde, following on porter's heels, bursts into office and says strike her pink if it isn't her old shipmate Cap'n Worm, and what about coming round to her bachelor flat for the dregs out of the bottle and a hunt round the larder to see what the mice have left? Several members of staff snigger at this, and Blistered Blonde explains she is not kidnapping Worm from his old lawful wedded, as there will be plenty of sporty girls and fellers there and no hanky-panky.

5.35 p.m.—Despite protests that he is busy, embarrassed Worm is hauled off by Blistered Blonde in her fourthhand baby car.

6 p.m.—Bachelor flat crammed with sport girls and fellers, who loudly cheer arrival of popular Worm. Sporty girls offer him drinks and the fellers get him into corners and tell him funny stories. Worm says he must ring up wife. Howls of laughter.

7 p.m.—Party warming up. Games organized and fellers asked to lift sporty girls and judge their weight. Worm, staggering under weight of Blistered Blonde, gallantly guesses seven stone. Blistered Blonde, kissing Worm, says he is wicked flatterer and such men are dangerous. Conscience-stricken Worm says he must ring up wife. Iron ring of fellers guard telephone.

8 p.m.—Party getting warmer. Fellers asked to judge prettiest ankle. Blistered Blonde, lifting skirt, does high kick under Worm's nose and hisses, "Hotcha, hotcha." Blushing Worm, anxious to flee from modern Babylon, says he really must ring up wife. Sporty, laughing girls draw him from telephone.

9 p.m.—Worm recklessly changes from bottled beer to cooking sherry and offers to give farmyard imitations. Worm soon has whole party grunting, squeaking and moo-ing. Fired by another cooking sherry, Worm gives imitations of cork being drawn out of bottle, Donald Duck and Napoleon.

10 p.m.—Worm says again he really must ring up wife. Blistered Blonde says if Worm mentions wife again she will ring up old ball and chain herself. Terrified Worm has another sherry and wildly suggests game of strip poker.

Midnight.—Blistered Blonde says she is going to take poor little Worm back to old trouble and strife. Worm protests he can take himself back. Whole party say very solemnly that Worm is sport and must be looked after. Whole party say they will all take Worm back. Whole party climb into their cars and drive to Worm's Avenue.

12.15 a.m.—Whole party arrive at Worm's house. Worm has forgotten key. Blistered Blonde grabs knocker and bangs pom-tiddley-om-pom on the door. After lot more banging and shouting "We've brought the body home." Worm's wife in curlers opens door. Whole party, led by Blistered Blonde, sing "Little Old Lady" and depart with screaming gears.—By N. Gubbins in the "Sunday Express."

THE WEATHER

The temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

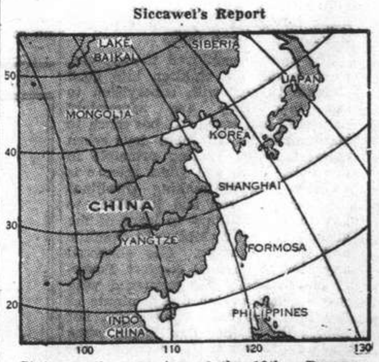
Yesterday	Min. 42.5	Max. 49.0
Same date, 1937	Min. 28.0	Max. 36.0

Rainfall .92

Siccawei Recordings:—

Yesterday	Min. 41.2	Max. 49.6
Same date, 1937	Min. 27.3	Max. 36.0

Siccawei's Report



State on the morning of the 12th:—Pressure rather normal and steady over China: rather low and unsteady over Korea and Japan. Depression crossing Kiangsi east-north-eastward. Regular monsoon along the China Coast. Fine and cloudy weather in north and east China: overcast in the south.

State on the morning of the 13th:—Overcast and rainy weather. Pressure very low and falling. Easterly wind.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy weather with variable winds around Shantung. Overcast, rainy or misty getting cloudy with strong cyclonic circulation over our Coasts and the Eastern Sea, owing to the depression passing east-north-eastward. Variable weather and winds with rain around Formosa.—Siccawei Observatory.

YOUTH OF BRITAIN URGED TO KEEP FAITH ALIVE

Mr. Eden Appeals to Them to Hold to Democracy and Keep It Alive and Practical

"FRIENDSHIPS WITH DICTATORSHIPS"

London, Feb. 13.

"FRIENDSHIP between Democracies and Dictatorships must not become impossible, as we do not want to see a lasting cleavage of Democracies ranging themselves against Dictatorships," declared Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, in the course of a speech last evening at a Junior Imperial League demonstration at Birmingham.

Democracy, he said, had its objectives, and must pursue them in its own way but this did not mean defiance or antagonism towards other countries.

"I feel," Mr. Eden stated, "that the future rests with you to concentrate not on the differences between Democracies and Dictatorships, but on what is common to both.

But remember this implies that you should know your own faith, and let it be a faith born of conviction. Amid the shrill conflict of rival ideologies, our people hold to a middle course. Neither extreme makes an appeal to us.

"We are attached to liberty and tolerance, and we know in the words of the last speech made by the late Lord Grey that 'order must be preserved in order that liberty may be enjoyed.'

"It is our determination to build upon the well-tried foundations of a social and political system the constant objective of which shall be the greatest good of the greatest number.

"Eyes of the World"

"The eyes of the world are upon our country to-day, watching every movement that we make and guessing every thought that we think. At times people say that we are decadent, and that our institutions are out of date and have ceased to function.

"We know that this is not so, but we must see to it that others are not misled. Wrong deductions about this country have done great harm in the past. They can do still greater harm in the future. It is up to each one of us to avoid the danger.

"Make your faith in Democracy alive and practical, and cherish, above all, your belief in England and her people."

Sympathy and Understanding

The difficulties in the present state of the world, Mr. Eden said, were bound at times to seem overwhelming if it were not for the sympathy and understanding of the younger generation.

The Government to-day must strive in its foreign policy "not only for peace in our time but for peace in yours. And if we are to have peace in your time, it means that in any agreements we make to-day there must be no sacrifice of principles and shirking of responsibilities merely to obtain quick results that may not be permanent.

"It is only by the recognition and fulfilment of these principles and responsibilities that we shall lay the foundation on which you will have to build. And so it is that while we are ready to make our contribution to strengthen peace, it is well understood that others must make their contribution too.

Friendship To All

"We offer friendship to all, but on equal terms, for it is not by seeking to buy temporary goodwill that peace is made, but on a basis of frank reciprocity with mutual respect.

"Great importance attaches to the attitude of those who have grown up in these troubled times, when the world is beset with so many anxieties.

"Let me draw a parallel, and note the contrast between my own experience and yours.

"The years before 1914 were a period of great anxiety and uncertainty in international affairs. That is the parallel. The contrast is that your generation to-day is far more conscious of what is happening in the world than we were at that time. I devoutly hope that the contrast is to prove even greater, and that you are not going to be called upon to shoulder the same responsibilities as we were.

"But that, of course, does not mean that the strength of the nation has been sapped or its stamina weakened. For in a changing world there is one thing which does not change—the qualities which have created for the British nation the position it holds in the world to-day.

"Records of Our Past"

"Those who take a pessimistic view of our future would do well to study again the records of our past. They would do well to note the constant reassertion of that same British character which, in spite of failures and defects, has made our history. So long as that remains true and unimpaired, I see no cause for pessimism, or for that particular form of pessimism which goes by the name of defeatism."

When the Great War came to an end, the Foreign Secretary continued, they were laying the foundation of world peace and international co-operation in the League of Nations.

Disappointment after disappointment would seem to have weakened the fabric of the League, but its foundations remained. What was essential was that they should never abandon their ideals.

Fight For Freedom

"Few of us, perhaps," the Foreign Secretary declared, "realize the privileges we enjoy until they are challenged. Often we do not appreciate them at all. Of these privileges which our fathers fought for at home and abroad, the best is freedom—freedom to think and to speak; freedom to act as we deem right in the religious, intellectual, political and social field; and freedom to live according to the standards which our conscience dictates.

"If once we forsake this freedom which we have inherited, not only shall we bitterly repent it but we shall betray the trust which it is our duty to hand on. Freedom is the common link which binds together every generation, as it has bound us throughout our history and particularly in times of trouble. And freedom only realizes itself fully in service to others."

Youth movements in Britain, Mr. Eden asserted, were less organized

(Continued on page 6)

U.S.A. Foreign Policy Told by State Secretary

Mr. Cordell Hull on Common Sense of Armaments

JAPAN ANXIOUS, DESIRES TO PLACATE AMERICA

Washington, Feb. 12.

The United States is following a policy of "simple common sense" in building up her armaments while other nations are doing likewise, the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, said to-day in a letter to Mr. Louis Ludlow, Democratic Representative of Indiana.

The letter was written in response to a query from Mr. Ludlow regarding the foreign policy of the United States.

Mr. Hull said that if a peaceful nation insisted on remaining entirely aloof from every other nation and pursued a policy of arms limitation regardless of the armaments of other Powers "the inevitable consequence would be that the other nations would be inclined to play a lawless role and would thereby be given great encouragement and even advance toward doing so."

Mr. Hull's letter was not connected with the Japanese reply to American demands for publication of Japanese naval construction plans, but was regarded as timely nevertheless.

Mr. Hull said no units of the United States fleet would be used in co-operation with any other nation anywhere in the world, again denying reports of an Anglo-American naval agreement. He stressed that the Government was duty-bound to remain aloof from war whenever possible. He added that even with the proposed increases to American armaments, "the Navy would not be able to embark on an offensive or aggressive operations overseas.—United Press.

Placating U.S.

Tokyo, Feb. 13.

Because of her hopes that private Japanese corporations eventually may be able to obtain credits from New York financiers, Japan to-day appeared sincerely desirous of placating the United States after yesterday's rejection of American demands for publication of Japan's naval building programme.

Japanese corporations are known to be in desperate need of foreign credits for the development of newly occupied areas in China and are looking mainly to the United States for necessary loans.

Government circles indicated here to-day that Japan might be willing to guarantee the integrity of the Philippines, Guam and the Pan-American airlines trans-Pacific air route in any mutually satisfactory financial arrangement the United States may suggest.

Some Government sources expressed the opinion that the North Pacific around the Japanese Empire proper and nearby possessions should be virtually a Japanese lake, but they were willing to concede that the opposite half of the Pacific, including Hawaii, Alaska and Samoa should be American.

These opinions, however, were mainly confined to Government fiscal and diplomatic quarters where anxiety is great concerning strained Japanese-American relations and the possibility that credits might consequently be withheld to hinder Japanese development in China.—United Press.

KING CAROL MAKES NEW MOVE

Military Dictatorship to Be Strengthened

Bucharest, Feb. 12.

King Carol moved to-day to consolidate his new position as military dictator by announcing a programme calling for new constitutional measures which would suppress all opposition and permit strict control of the press.

The Cabinet immediately adopted the programme, empowering a committee to work out a new constitution including the measures designed to strengthen the military dictatorship.

State officials, under the new programme, will not be permitted to participate in any type of political activity. In a move believed directed against the Iron Guard, the Cabinet decreed that the Premier would be free from all clergy oaths and any other oaths except to state authorities.

The Cabinet ordered that a study be made of the new administrative science to be put in practice throughout Rumania.—United Press.

EARL BEATTY UNDERGOES AN OPERATION

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 13.

An operation has been performed on Earl Beatty, son of the first earl, who was severely injured in the back when his horse fell heavily yesterday while he was hunting with the Quorn. His condition remains critical.—Reuter.

Nazis Will Not Interfere With Austrian Affairs

Assurances Said Given in Surprise Talk

COMMUNIQUE ISSUED

Meeting is Positive Step Towards Understanding

London, Feb. 13.

Assurances of non-interference from German Nazis seem to have been obtained by Dr. Kurt von Schuschnigg, the Austrian Chancellor, in his surprise meeting with Herr Hitler at Berchtesgaden, the Fuehrer's country home, yesterday.

Herr Hitler, on the other hand, is believed to have been assured that everything would be done to lessen the principles which the Germans have found so irksome.

It is forecast in Vienna, however, that no concessions of a fundamental character in regard to the Austrian Government's attitude towards foreign countries and Austrian Naziism will be made as a result of the talk, which lasted eleven hours, with pauses for meals.

A communique issued after the talks said that Dr. von Schuschnigg, accompanied by Dr. Guido Schmidt, Austrian Foreign Minister, and Herr Franz von Papen, German Ambassador in Vienna, visited Herr Hitler in the presence of Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, German Foreign Minister.

The unofficial meeting, the statement declared, originated from a mutual wish to discuss all questions concerning relations between Austria and Germany.

The talks are believed here to have developed in a manner very satisfactory to Austria.

Secret Well Kept

Preparatory to his meeting with the Fuehrer, the secret of which was well kept, Dr. von Schuschnigg had telephone conversations with Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini.

Political circles here declare that Herr Hitler had expressed a wish that Austro-German relations should be restored to the condition existing in pre-Nazi days.

It is understood that the Austrian Chancellor, while echoing this wish, insisted that Austria's independence should be respected by Germany.

The general impression in well-informed diplomatic circles in Berlin is that the meeting is a positive step towards better Austro-German understanding, but that nothing in the nature of a fresh Austro-German agreement, nor an extension of the terms of the existing convention may be expected.

A further explanation of the meeting is sought in the supposed need of the Reich to produce something satisfactory in foreign affairs to offset recent disappointments, particularly the fall of the Goga Government in Rumania and to counteract rumours of trouble in Germany.—Reuter.

Rome Comment

Rome, Feb. 12.

It is not expected that the visit of Dr. Kurt Schuschnigg, Austrian Chancellor, to Berchtesgaden will cause any uneasiness here, the official thesis being that Austria has become the hyphen between the Reich and Italy, and is an essential piece in the Rome-Berlin axis, which is stronger than ever since the carrying out of internal reforms in the Reich.

The possibility of a more intensive penetration of German interests in Austria at the expense of Italy is scouted here, but it should be noted that Italian opinion is being less and less informed of internal affairs in Austria, and that the recent destruction by Nazis of the telephone bureau in Vienna was scarcely mentioned here.—Havas.

Further Conversations

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Vienna, Feb. 13.

Following the unexpected meeting at Berchtesgaden yesterday the probability of further Austro-German conversations to thrash out the many questions left unsettled by the Berchtesgaden interview is envisaged in official circles here.

This might mean another meeting between the two Chancellors, or the long-mooted visited of General Hermann Goering, right-hand man of Herr Hitler, to Austria, or negotiations through the normal diplomatic channels.

Reuter learns from a well-informed non-official quarter that the Fuehrer may be prepared for the Reich Government and the Nazi Party to dissociate themselves from illegal Nazis in Austria and solemnly to repeat the promise to respect the independence of Austria in the Reichstag on February 20 in return for the "pacification" Austria.

Under this "pacification," Dr. Kurt von Schuschnigg would be expected to take men of Nazi sympathies but enjoying his personal confidence into various state legislative organizations, such as the State Council, though not into the Government.

An attempt would also be made to improve, by mutual concessions, the unsatisfactory state of Austro-German trade due to the accumulation of frozen credits in the Austrian commercial account in Berlin.—Reuter.

TYROL POLICE ARE CALLED UP

Train-Wrecking Plot Said to Have Been Discovered

Innsbruck, Feb. 13.

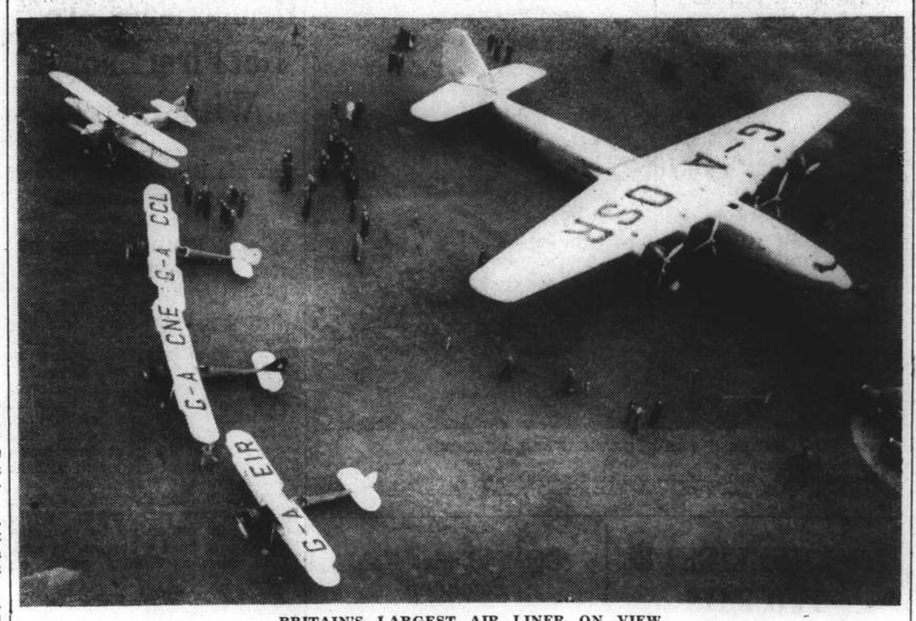
The whole constabulary of the Tyrol has been called up to patrol the main railway line connecting Germany and Italy. The line runs from Kufstein to Brenner Pass, which is the lowest pass over the main Alps.

The German authorities are reported to have notified the Austrian authorities of the alleged discovery of a plot to wreck a train to-day.—Reuter.

Italian Denial

Rome, Feb. 12.

The Government to-day officially denied reports that Italy had reinforced her Brenner Pass garrisons.—United Press.



BRITAIN'S LARGEST AIR LINER ON VIEW

Britain's largest air liner, the first of the fourteen giant Ensign machines, which are being built at Hamble by Messrs. Armstrong Whitworth, Ltd., for Imperial Airways, underwent her first trials on January 23. She has a wing span of 130 feet and an overall length of 123, with accommodation for 42 passengers. With four engines she has a cruising speed of 160 m.p.h. and a maximum of 200. She is shown above in comparison with several smaller machines.

Berlin Rumours Persist Despite Official Denials

Reports of Impending Army Revolt Continue

FURTHER PROMOTIONS ANNOUNCED

Berlin, Feb. 12.

Despite Nazi denials, rumours of an impending German Army revolt and other unrest resulting from the recent Government political and military shake up continued to be circulated here to-day.

Newspapers commented on the rumours with varying degrees of sarcasm and bitterness, denying each rumour. The denials, however, gave the large part of the German population its first knowledge of the rumours.

Herr Adolf Hitler received first word of the rumours only yesterday noon, reliable sources informed the United Press. Some rumours said the Army was planning to revolt because of the recent "bloodless purge" of the Army high command.—United Press.

More Promotions

Berlin, Feb. 13.

A further ten promotions by Herr Hitler in the high ranks of the Army were announced last evening. They comprise nine new generals and a colonel, and five of these are members of the aristocracy.

The new promotions raise the number of recent changes in the higher ranks to about sixty, not counting the dismissal of fifty generals and some 33 promotions announced at the beginning of the year.—Reuter.

New Generals

Berlin, Feb. 13.

It is announced here that eight new Generals in the German army have been created, by Chancellor Hitler the promotions being effective from Februray 1. They include Lieutenant-General von Gossler who was promoted to a General of cavalry, Lieutenant-General Halder of the general staff who has been promoted General of artillery. The Lieutenant Generals of the infantry who have been promoted include General von Wietersheim, General of the 14th army corps, General Schroth, commanding General of the 12th army corps, General von Schwedler, commanding General of the 4th army corps, General Ritter von Schobert, commanding General of the 7th army corps, General Busch, commanding general of the 8th army corps.—Trans-Ocean.

ELECTRICITY GROWTH "FANTASTIC"

Minister of Transport at Engineers' Dinner

London, Feb. 12.

The Minister of Transport, Dr. Edward Burgin, speaking at the annual dinner of the Institution of Electrical Engineers of the advances and possibilities of electricity, said that the growth of electricity was almost fantastic.

As they were consumers of coal, electricity undertakings had passed beyond the total consumption of the four main lines of railways.

One of the major responsibilities cast upon them, Dr. Burgin added, was to endeavour to frame a measure to provide for the distribution of electricity throughout the country in a way what would be a practical and technical advance on conditions existing at the time.

He hoped that, with the help of skilled forces from electricity commissioners and his own ministry, a measure could be produced, alike workable and acceptable in the interests of the consumer and the electrical industry.—Wireless through Reuter.

LABOUR RETAINS PONTYPRIDD

Mr. Arthur Pearson Returned at By-Election

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 12.

The by-election caused by the death of Mr. David Davies, Labour member for the Pontypridd division of Glamorganshire, has resulted in a victory for Mr. Arthur Pearson, the Labour candidate. The voting figures were:

Mr. Pearson	22,159
Lady Rhys Williams (Liberal National)	14,810

In the General Election Mr. Davies was returned unopposed.—Reuter.

Mr. Eden on Rumour of Dissension

Birmingham, Feb. 13.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in his capacity of Prime Minister and Chairman of the Conservative Party, sent a telegram of good wishes and congratulations to the Junior Imperial League, before which Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, made a speech. Mr. Eden, reading the telegram, denied the rumours of dissension between himself and the Prime Minister in the following terms:

"During the last few months we have worked in close contact together. I am sorry to have to say—because it may disappoint some newspapers—that at intervals, I am afraid all too frequently, I have had cause to go to him, and despite his many other preoccupations, he has always been ready to give me his help, his guidance, and his advice."—Havas.

Worst Gale in Years Lashes English Coast

Destroyer Driven on Rocks Near Scarborough

FAMILIES MAROONED IN UPPER ROOMS

London, Feb. 12.

The worst gale in nearly half a century, accompanied by sleet and snow, raged along the east coast of England to-day and sent ships running for shelter.

The obsolete destroyer, H.M.S. Walrus, was driven on the rocks near Scarborough. Five members of the ship's crew landed on a rubber raft while others were taken off in life-boats.

An unidentified ship also sent out radio appeals for assistance near Humber lightship.

Coast guards meanwhile rescued Mrs. Mary Baker who had been blown over the cliffs into the sea at Bridlington.

Dozens of families were marooned in upper storey bedrooms at Lowestoft where high water was flooding basements and lower floors of numerous buildings.—United Press.

Stratford Flooded

London, Feb. 13.

The unusually high tide in the Thames inundated large areas. In Stratford the tide rose with amazing rapidity and the streets were soon twenty centimetres under water and all traffic was stopped. Numerous shops and picture theatres were flooded. In one theatre the spectators were taken by surprise.

The fire brigades in Medway Chatham and Rochester had to build dams against the quickly rising water.

In London, the Thames is still rising. In Outney a dam burst and the streets were flooded in a few minutes.

Radio messages given constantly last night warned the population of the danger. Police had to wake people and warn them to get to places of safety.

In Margate the storm raged for more than four hours. Iron fences were torn away by the force of the rushing water and several water pipes broke.—Trans-Ocean.

JOURNALIST TOLD TO LEAVE ROME

Hungarian Expelled for "General Attitude"

Rome, Feb. 12.

The Italian Government to-day expelled from Italy M. Irme Barch, Hungarian correspondent for Bucharest newspapers for the past five years. The reason for his expulsion was given as "his general attitude."

Observers believe that a revision of the list of correspondents welcome in Rome is pending.—United Press.

JAPANESE TO RECOGNIZE "PEKING FOR PEIPING"

Peiping, Feb. 4.

It is reported in Chinese circles that, beginning on February 12, the Japanese Embassy in Peiping will officially recognize the change of the name of Peiping to "Peking."

Shortly after the establishment of the Peiping Peace Maintenance Commission in August, the name of the city was altered to "Peking."

This change was ratified by the "Provisional Government" upon its inauguration in December.—Reuter.

Report Comes Through From Lost Explorers

"Forcing Our Way Through Thick Pack of Ice"

EXPEDITION ORDERED TO UNPACK 'PLANES

Moscow, Feb. 12.

The special correspondent of 'Tass' on board the ice-breaker Taimyr wires: "On February 12 at 6.45 p.m., our co-ordinates were 71 degrees 38 minutes north latitude, 17 degrees 20 minutes west longitude. The weather is clear. We see the coast of Greenland, and Thompson Cape.

"We spoke with Krenkel at 12.30 p.m. He told us that at 6 a.m. they saw our searchlight clearly. We are forcing our way through a thick pack of ice, and believe that we are very near to the ice-floe.

"North-west wind's velocity is three points. The temperature is 26 degrees below zero."

In the radio conversation on February 11, Krenkel said that two miles from Papanin's camp there is an ice-floe of twenty by 250 metres, suitable for the operations of light aeroplanes. The expedition was ordered to begin to unpack the planes.

At 12.30 p.m. on February 12, the drifting "North Pole" station was located at 71 degrees 37 minutes North latitude, 20 degrees 10 minutes West longitude.—Tass.

JAPAN THE MORE VULNERABLE

China Better Able to Stand Protracted War

London, Feb. 13.

"Japan's highly industrialized structure is more vulnerable to a protracted war than China's agricultural system," declares Dr. H. H. Kung, President of the Executive Yuan of China, in a statement published today in the "Observer."

"Japan," Dr. Kung says, "started the war amidst financial and economic difficulties. The situation has become worse for Japan because the doors of borrowing are not likely to be opened to her."

On the other hand, the Chinese Premier continues, "with her emergency exchange requirements largely provided for, China's foreign payments are likely to return to an approximate balance.

"China, despite her military exigencies," he concludes, "has lived up to and intends to live up to her obligations by fully and promptly meeting the service of her external and internal obligations."—Reuter.

CHINESE ORGANIZATIONS THANK LORD CECIL

Canton, Feb. 13.

Various student and other organizations, including all the universities of Kwangtung, sent a telegram of appreciation to-day of the International Conference to boycott Japan and aid China, to Lord Cecil, President of the League of Nations Union, who was to have presided at the Conference which closed in London to-day.—Reuter.

A NEW FRENCH PARTY FORMED

Paris, Feb. 13.

A number of small French political parties have formed an "Independent Radical Party" with M. Cathala, Deputy, as President, according to reports here.

The new party announced yesterday that it was against all forms of dictatorship and at the same time rejected Communism, Marxism and Fascism.—Trans-Ocean.

BALKAN UNION CONFERENCE POSTPONED

Bucharest, Feb. 13.

In consequence of the change in the Rumanian Government it was decided yesterday, after a discussion between the acting Rumanian Foreign Minister, M. Tatarescu, and the Foreign Minister of the Balkan Union, to postpone the conference of the Foreign Ministers of the Balkan Union from February 15 to 25.—Trans-Ocean.

TWO ARABS KILLED IN PALESTINE

Jerusalem, Feb. 13.

Two Arabs were killed and three seriously wounded, all five belonging to the same family, when Arab franc-tireurs took revenge yesterday in the village of Atara near Jenin on a family which was believed in Arab circles to be politically unreliable.—Trans-Ocean.

Giant Singapore Dock Result of 14 Years' Work

3,000 Men Worked Daily in Swamp Lands

TREMENDOUS PROBLEMS OVERCOME

Singapore, Feb. 13.

At a cost of £20,000,000 and fourteen years difficult work, the great Singapore graving dock and naval base, to be opened to-morrow, has been completed.

On what was once swampy jungle and rubber land, has been built the second largest graving dock in the world, guarded by the world's most powerful land batteries and, as a result, Britain can safely send a battle fleet East of Suez.

With hostilities in the Far East, Singapore has become one of the most important points on the world war map.

One of the focal points of world shipping, Singapore commands the western gateway of the Pacific, and ships travelling between the Suez and the Far East must pass within a mile of the city. It has been computed that the daily average value of shipping in the seas commanded by the base is in excess of £150,000,000.

Since Britain decided in 1921 to make Singapore her principal base in the Far East, the importance of the base has steadily grown and the original estimate of the cost, £10,500,000, has been nearly doubled.

From the time the work was begun in 1923 until the main contract was finished two years ago—with the exception of a year's break in 1934, when the work was suspended by the Labour Government—a daily average of 3,000 coolies, mainly Chinese and Tamils, worked under the blazing tropical sun digging out the dock and filling in the swamps which surrounded it.

From the graving dock, 3,284,000 cubic yards of soil were excavated, while more than 8,000,000 cubic yards were dumped in the swamps.

Few Accidents

In spite of the immense number of workers employed, there were very few accidents during the building of the base, although there were a number of deaths from malaria in the early stages.

Difficulties were many. One of the greatest problems was the building of a graving dock in swampy land, which was so soft that 34 miles of piles had to be driven to provide solid foundations for the dock, buildings, crane tracks and railways.

Metal for the 1,000,000 cubic yards of concrete swallowed up in the base had to be brought four miles through the jungle and crossed the Straits of Johore in two great train ferries.

Now, where once was nothing but swamp and plantation is a great area of parkland, with the graving dock, quays, workshops, railways, roads, barracks, bungalows and oil tanks.

Huge Guns

Guarding this base, which lies in the protected waters of the Johore Strait, separating Singapore Island from the southern most tip of Asia, are batteries of 15-inch and 18-inch guns.

But so secretive have the authorities been about the base, that the existence of these guns had never been confirmed until a few weeks ago.

The 18-inch guns, hurling a one-ton projectile, have a range of thirty miles with an accuracy comparable with that of a rifle at 600 yds.

The number of these guns is, of course, a secret, but the histories of three are known. One of the 18-inch weapons was mounted on H.M.S Furious for Admiral Fisher's campaign in the Baltic during the war, but it caused so much damage when fired that it was removed. The three guns were then mounted on monitors to bombard German positions in Belgium, but the war ended before they were fully tested.

Strongest in World

These guns, together with 15-inch guns on land and on the monitor Terror, make Singapore the strongest fortress in the world, stronger even than Gibraltar.

Besides being the strongest, Singapore is also probably one of the most secret fortresses in the world. Elaborate precautions are taken to prevent the entrance of unauthorized persons. All the workers employed in its construction were finger-printed and photographed, and were obliged to carry passes.

Casual visitors who have received permits to see the base have seen little more than a road and rows of bungalows. Photography in its vicinity has been forbidden.

Even the crowd to be present when the base is opened to-morrow by Sir Shenton Thomas, Governor of the Straits Settlements, will be specially picked. Admittance will be by invitation only.

The base is guarded by its own police force of 200 men, mostly from the Punjab, in special uniforms and picturesque khaki turbans.—Reuter.

American Cruisers Reach Singapore

Singapore, Feb. 13.

The United States cruisers U.S.S. Trenton, U.S.S. Memphis, and U.S.S. Milwaukee, under the command of Rear-Admiral Julius C. Townsend, arrived here to-day to be present at the forthcoming opening of the huge new graving dock. The visiting warships moored close to the naval base.—United Press.

SCHOOL CHILDREN GIVE FOR PANAY

Tokyo, Feb. 13.

The American Ambassador here received yesterday a voluntary contribution of the Japanese people amounting to Y.32,000 as compensation for the American gunboat Panay, which was sunk by Japanese bombs, according to an official report. It is pointed out that this sum has been contributed by poorer people and school children.—Trans-Ocean.

WASHINGTON IS DISSATISFIED IN JAPAN'S REPLY

State Department Issues Curt Statement

LARGER WARSHIPS

Immediate Invocation of Escalator Clause

Washington, Feb. 12.

The State Department here to-day expressed the disappointment and dissatisfaction of the United States with the Japanese reply made earlier to-day to American demands that Japan reveal her naval construction plans.

The State Department's comment was made in a curt four line statement, reading: "This Government is seeking constantly to co-operate in advancing the policy of reduction of armaments and regrets any development which has the effect of encouraging rather than discouraging races in armament building."

While the statement did not refer specifically to the Japanese reply, it was released immediately following a study of the Japanese note by State Department officials. Principal State Department authorities held a special conference to consider the Japanese reply.

Bigger Warships

Official circles intimated that Japan's attitude toward naval limitations could only result in the beginning of construction of larger American warships, probably in the 43,000-ton class or larger.

High officials told the United Press that the United States, Britain and France would consult immediately on whether Japan's refusal to reveal her naval building plans was sufficient cause to invoke the escalator clause of the London Naval Treaty. They said the United States, for its part, already was convinced of the necessity of invoking the escalator clause and probably would do so regardless of the action taken by Britain or France, although both Britain and France are expected to take similar action.

Britain, it was understood, would be forced to confer with Germany and the Soviet Union before launching a large scale building programme beyond the limitations of the London Treaty, but no complications were expected on this account. The consultations are expected to occur in normal diplomatic channels without the summoning of a formal conference.

Pacific Bases

Officials also regard the United States morally free to increase fortifications at American naval bases in the Pacific, particularly because of Britain's strengthened fortifications at Hongkong.

High Government authorities indicated the United States would invoke the escalator clause before May in order to be able to include larger battleships in the current construction programme.

Officials here see no alternative for a large scale naval building race on a "free for all" basis. President Roosevelt and other Administration leaders are known to hold that conditions have not changed sufficiently to warrant a change in the 5-5-3 naval ratio which in 1920 was considered sufficient naval strength for America, Britain and Japan for defence only.

Mr. Carl Vinson, Democratic Representative of Georgia and author of the Vinson Navy Bill which would increase American naval strength by 20 per cent, said the size of the new warships would depend on the advice of Navy experts and the size of the Panama Canal locks.

Usually reliable sources said Mr. Vinson planned to amend his naval bill to call for 120,000 additional tons of superdreadnoughts which would enable the construction of three 40,000-ton battleships.

The Japanese refusal to reveal Japan's naval construction plans and the Department of State comment reiterating that the United States was seeking to co-operate with other nations toward world peace was believed by observers to have put new pressure on President Roosevelt today to demand a larger increase in the naval appropriations.

One influential Congressman told the United Press that Japan's refusal to reveal her naval building plans would "tend to clear the atmosphere and permit the Navy to take advantage of the escalator clause of the London Naval Treaty to build battleships above the 35,000-ton limits."

Nicaraguan Canal

Meanwhile, talk of the proposed Nicaraguan canal joining the Pacific and Atlantic was revived. Observers pointed out that the construction of the new canal across Nicaragua would permit the Navy to plan construction of battleships of any size, since the new canal might be made large enough to handle any superdreadnoughts which might not be able to pass through the Panama Canal.

Mr. Ed V. Izac, Democratic Representative of California, said the House of Representatives Merchant Marine Committee had agreed to consider his bill for the construction of a sea level canal across Nicaragua this session. Mr. Izac said the canal would be a great saving to shippers and would permit a smaller fleet to protect both shores of the United States.

A Super Highway

Simultaneously, with sponsors emphasizing its potential value for national defence, a Congressional campaign for the construction of a $2,000,000,000 trans-continental super-highway to span the nation in a system of ten major highways was gaining momentum.

Senator Robert J. Bulkley, Democrat of Ohio, said he was "certain" the Administration would support the drive for the giant highway system. He said he hoped hearings on the bill could be begun next week.

"The super-highways would be an important adjunct to national defence," he said, "through enabling speedy movement of military forces from one section of the country to another. Military experts have made a thorough study of the proposal to make certain that all military requirements would be met in construction of the highway."

Each highway, he said, would have a right-of-way of at least 300 feet containing from four to twelve one way lanes.—United Press.

Japanese Navy Will Not Cross Ocean for War

Defensive Role of Service is Emphasized

TOKYO ADMIRAL ON THE RECENT NOTES

Tokyo, Feb. 12.

Japan has never contemplated building a Navy to cross the Pacific to engage in conflict and has never studied that problem because she has never had any intention of engaging in a trans-oceanic war, Vice Admiral Isoroku Yamamoto, Vice Minister of Navy, told the United Press in an exclusive interview here to-day.

He added, however, that American policy seemed to be based on the possible necessity of crossing the Pacific to engage in war and much consequently was being heard concerning construction of battleships carrying large calibre guns.

Admiral Yamamoto's opinions given to the United Press were regarded as a statement of Japan's naval policy since he spoke for Admiral Mitsumaso Yonai, Navy Minister, who originally intended to outline Japan's policy to the United Press. He was prevented from doing so at the last minute because of a hurried Cabinet conference.

Prospects Not Bright

Responding to questions of the United Press correspondent, Admiral Yamamoto said that he feared prospects for a new naval building limitations agreement were not bright since Japan was not able to agree to a treaty which included only qualitative restrictions while other powers were not desirous of establishing quantitative limitations under a policy of equality.

"If a conference can be arranged," he said, "Japan would not insist on discussion of quantitative restrictions only. Matters of qualitative limitations naturally would also be considered. It has never been the policy of Japan to decline to discuss any important phase of naval limitations.

"Personally I cannot understand the reason for the recent notes to Japan from Britain, the United States and France regarding publication of Japan's naval building programme, because Japan's policy is well known."

"Unfortunately nobody thus far has found a formula which all nations desire to use as a basis for limitations," Admiral Yamamoto said when asked whether world navies might forget past conferences and seek some new formula aimed at reaching an international understanding which would allay present suspicions among the major Powers. "Japan's desire is to choose whether to build battleships or cruisers or other warships under a common upper limit. We have never demanded a navy equal to other major Powers on a ship by ship basis.

Battleships Unimportant

"I am not speaking for the Navy as a whole now, but it is my personal opinion that excessive emphasis has been placed on battleships, whereas they should be considered relatively unimportant because of the rising power of aviation and because of recent developments in and uses for other naval craft."

Asked whether Japan would be able to withstand the financial strain of a large scale naval race, Admiral Yamamoto said. "Japan will not engage in a building race. Instead she will build whatever is necessary to defend her own shores and preserve peace and order in the Far East. Means will be found for such requirements."

"In the event other nations build so excessively that Japan finds it necessary to compete to some extent," he continued, "means for that purpose also will be found."

Questioned regarding rumours that Japan always built two warships when she announced beginning of construction on one, Admiral Yamamoto said he had never heard of the rumours.

"It is an interesting idea," he said "I will have to look into it. However it would be virtually impossible for any nation to follow such a plan even regarding a single class of warship."—United Press.

REGRET EXPRESSED BY OFFICIALS

U.S.A., France and Britain to Confer

London, Feb. 13.

Considerable regret has been caused in official circles in Washington, London and Paris by Tokyo's reply, delivered yesterday evening, rejecting the request of the three Powers for information regarding Japan's naval building plans.

The next step is likely to be further conversations between Great Britain, the United States, and France in order to decide upon the extent to which the three Powers will avail themselves of the Escalator clause of the London Naval Treaty.

It is understood that the United States Government takes the view that there is no further point in trying to engage in talks with Tokyo at present. The Japanese reply is taken to mean that the Japanese will enter into conversations only if the 5-5-3 ratio is scrapped in favour of the common upper limit which Japan demanded at the London Naval Conference.

This limit is totally unacceptable to the United States Government, since it entails an increase, rather than a reduction, in naval building.

Paris Regret

Although the refusal of Tokyo to reveal details of her naval programme had been anticipated in Paris, considerable regret is felt in French official circles that the Japanese reply contained no conciliatory proposals.

These circles believe that there is no reason to admit Japan's formula of no qualitative limitation with quantitative restrictions, which are regarded as merely aimed at defeating the ratio of 5-5-3 between Britain, America and Japan.

It is felt in Paris that Japan means to be unfettered by any international agreement, Such an attitude, it is stated, obviously must cause anxiety.

The Japanese reply caused no surprise in London, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent. The Note, he adds, should serve to clarify the situation. It will now be for Britain, France and the United States to consult together regarding the position.—Reuter.

DISARMAMENT TALKS WANTED

Move for a New Washington Conference

Washington, Feb. 12.

A resolution calling for an immediate international conference in Washington to discuss disarmament will be introduced in the Senate on Monday by Senator William H. King, Democrat of Utah, it was learned here to-day.

"My resolution will call on the President to invite all nations concerned to come to Washington to sit at a conference table and see if some arrangements cannot be reached on the limitation of arms," Senator King said.

"I want every nation to put their cards on the table in an effort to disperse the atmosphere of fear and end the terrible burden of armaments."

Senator King said he had expected Japan to reject the British, American and French notes demanding publication of Japan's naval building plans, but he pointed out that Japan in her replies to the three democracies had expressed her willingness to discuss quantitative naval limitations.

"I want to see land, sea and air armaments discussed without previous commitments," the Senator said. "..The nations of the world say they want peace. Well, we can try to give them the opportunity to get it. Everybody knows our purposes are not aggressive. I would like to see the democratic nations of the world join in an understanting to maintain peace. They should work together.

"We are not and cannot be isolationists and the United States ought to set the example of working for world peace."—United Press.

JAPANESE POLITICIANS, PRESS ENTHUSIASTIC

Unanimously Approve of Replies to Naval Notes

Tokyo, Feb. 13.

With seldom paralleled unanimity, the press of the land this morning gave unqualified approval to the Government's rejection of foreign requests for information on Japan's naval shipbuilding plans.

Both the press and political observers said the rejection was well justified by the "affront" presented by the foreign demand and the "injudicious" methods used by Great Britain, France and the United States to secure Japan's consent to a limitation of naval armaments.—Domei.

Youth of Britain Urged to Keep Faith Alive

(Continued from page 5)

and less vocal than elsewhere, but where they existed let them seek every opportunity of service wherever it might occur.

"Our own youth movements," he added, "are inevitably different from those in totalitarian states, but among voluntary associations which exist there is ample scope for wider and ever wider service to the State."—Reuter and Wireless through Reuter.

Birmingham, Feb. 12.

Mr. Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary, to-day warned warlike nations not to underestimate Britain's power and possible action under certain eventualities.

Speaking before the Junior Section of the Imperial League, Mr. Eden said Britain offered friendship to all nations, but equal terms of peace could only be made on the basis of frank reciprocity and mutual respect.

Mr. Eden reaffirmed Britain's faith in the League of Nations, but indicated he did not wish the League to become a stronghold of democracies opposed to outside dictatorships.

Referring to the opposing European regimes, Mr. Eden said: "Democracy has its own objectives and must pursue them in its own way. This seems like defiance and antagonism towards other countries....but we do not wish to see a lasting cleavage between the democracies ranging themselves against dictatorships."—United Press.

MORE SHIPS ON THE SHANGHAI RUN

N.Y.K. Forced to Charter Three Additional

With all roads from Japan leading to Shanghai, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha has been compelled to charter additional vessels to cope with the rush of passengers and cargo to the Whangpoo port, the "Shanghai Mainichi" said yesterday.

Of the three newly chartered ships, the Mikagesan Maru, the Saiho Maru and the No. 18 Mikage Maru, the first will arrive here to-day and the second on February 17.

In addition to these vessels, the ss. Chikugo Maru, Arita Maru, and Yamagata Maru are already plying between Japanese ports and here.

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha's first European-run liner to call here will be the ss. Katori Maru, due in the port on March 29.

The incoming vessels, the "Shanghai Nippo" reported, bring an average of 500 passengers and a vast quantity of fish, vegetables and other daily necessaries for the local Japanese community.

Ships returning to Japan, however, carry but few passengers, and practically no freight, the daily added. Only between ten and twenty per cent. of the available passenger and cargo space is booked on ships returning to Japan.

36 CREMATED IN FIRE AT WEDDING PARTY

Belgrade, Feb. 11.

A gay wedding party at the village of Stretnici ended in tragedy to-day when 36 persons were cremated when a fire of unexplained origin broke out. Rescue squads saved the lives of 73 members of the party. Most of those rescued were badly burned. Police began a search for a farm hand who had recently been dismissed.—United Press.

EXPRESS TRAIN CRASH NEAR BEDFORD

The London-Bradford express collided recently with an empty train near Oakley Junction. One passenger was killed but the havoc wrought, indescribable in words, can best be shown by the wreckage pictured above.

100 KILOMETRES IN TWO DAYS

Japanese Claim Big Success South of Chengteh

PUT 15,000 CHINESE TO FLIGHT AT IKOW

Changteh, Feb. 13.

Executing a flanking movement that put 15,000 Chinese troops under General Wan Fu-lin based on Ikow to rout, three Japanese columns today were pressing on Chihsien, forty kilometres south of Changteh on the Peiping-Hankow Railway, Japanese reports state.

This placed the Japanese troops within 110 kilometres of Chengchow, vital western junction of the Peiping-Hankow and Lunghai Railways.

One Japanese column early yesterday morning launched an attack on Tangyin, ten kilometres south of here, after a stealthy approach on the railway town effected by skirting the foothills of the west. Meeting with but little resistance, this unit pressed on south upon Ikow, forcing the Chinese based there to fall back south.

A Japanese flying column last night attacked the retreating Chinese, all former Manchurian troops, splitting them into small groups. The Chinese fled in disorder, leaving large quantities of equipment and innumerable dead, field dispatches stated.

The Chinese fled in three directions, one group taking to the north and others south towards Koutsun.

Two other Japanese columns pressed on southwards, crossing the Shiho River at dawn to-day to threaten Chihsien. This represents a 100-kilometre advance in two days.—Domei.

Lunghai Threat Grave

Hankow, Feb. 13.

The Japanese threat to the Lunghai Railway has become very grave as a result of spectacular successes on the part of the Japanese forces moving southward from North Honan and South Hopei, and northwards along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway.

Unless the Japanese advance in South Hopei is checked, the Lunghai Railway stands in danger of being cut at Kaifeng, capital of Honan and twice in its history capital of China.

At the same time Siansiang, which is only forty miles directly north of Chengchow, the key to Hankow, is threatened as a consequence of a swift push down the Peiping-Hankow Railway, which has brought the Japanese very near striking distance.

At Kwei River

The Japanese troops operating on the southern section of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway have reached the southern bank of the Kwei River, which intersects the railroad, immediately south of Kuchen, to which the main body of the Chinese forces withdrew after the fall of Pengpu. Kuchen is only 65 miles from Hsuchowfu, the great objective of the Japanese drive up the Tientsin-Pukow Railway.

The Chinese retreat from the Hwai (Misty) River followed a battle in which the former Manchurian troops under General Yu Hsueh-chung suffered heavy losses, a whole regiment being completely wiped out and six battalion commanders killed.

Bridge Destroyed

The Chinese have blown up the railway bridge spanning the Kwei River and are now facing the Japanese, who are exchanging fire with them from the southern bank.

The Japanese forces operating in South Hopei have captured Puyang, only sixty miles from the nearest point on the Lunghai Railway, and are continuing their advance towards the Yellow River.

The occupation of Puyang marked an advance of more than forty miles since the Japanese, breaking a three-month deadlock, launched their drive from Taming six days ago.

To Yellow River

The Japanese apparently aim at crossing the Yellow River for an attack on Kaifeng, which is only ten miles south of the great waterway.

The advancing column is now heading along the highway leading to Changyuan, and, from there, will presumably press on to Fengchiu, a town situated near the north bank of the Yellow River.

According to an unconfirmed report, a force of 2,000 to 3,000 Japanese troops has already been sighted at two points on the north bank of the Yellow River south-west of Puyang and is making an attempt to cross.

Pinghan Push

The Japanese push down the Peiping-Hankow Railway is continuing successfully. Striking along the railport, a force of 2,000 to 3,000 Japanese first of all captured Tangyin, ten miles south of Changteh, in North Honan, their base of operations; then swept along to Kaotsun, only four stations north of Siansing, which is at the junction of the Peiping-Hankow and the 93-mile-long Taokow-Chinghua Railway.

Fighting is now raging at Kaotsun, only one station north of Chihsien, which is about 23 miles north-east of Sinsiang.

Another column of Japanese troops has captured Hwahsien, a town only a few miles from Taokow, which is at the eastern terminus of the Taokow-Chinghua Railway.—Reuter.

Nanking, Feb. 13.

Chinese troops falling back from the northern bank of the Hwai River across from Linhwaikwan, in the face of a Japanese advance abandoned 1,500 bodies in addition to 173 machine-guns of Czechoslovakian make, 360 rifles, one trench-mortar and 75,000 rounds of assorted ammunition, field dispatches received here stated to-day.

At Pengpu, Chinese killed left behind numbered 500. Armament captured by the Japanese there included 28 Brenn machine-guns of Czech manufacture, three trench-mortars and large quantities of ammunition, according to the reports.—Domei.

Eight 'Planes Raid Saichuen

Canton, Feb. 13.

Eight Japanese aeroplanes dropped several bombs north of Saichuen this afternoon, the detonations of the exploding missiles being audible in Shameen. Later four Japanese 'planes were seen west of Shameen flying towards the north.—Reuter.

INQUEST DENIAL BY A DOCTOR

Hospital Apologizes For Delay in Calling Doctor

A doctor denied at an inquest at Kingston on Dec. 17 that he told a woman's husband that she was "shamming and fooling." The woman, Mrs. Matilda Florence Bulport, 46, of Braemar-avenue, Wimbledon Park, died in Kingston and District Hospital, states the "Daily Telegraph and Morning Post."

Mr. William Bulport said that his wife was taken ill on Saturday, Dec. 11, and went into hospital on Sunday morning. At the hospital Dr. G. F. Jones, the assistant medical officer, said: "Your wife is shamming. She has fooled you and the doctors. She will not keep still for an examination, and we have given her something to quieten her."

The next day his wife wanted to leave the hospital and said that she had been insulted. She told him that Dr. Jones had said in front of all the patients that she had been shamming and fooling.

Mr. Bulport said he left the telephone number of his own office and that of a friend's office at the hospital. At 1.20 p.m. on Monday he was given a message which did not come directly to him but had been received by a man by whom he had been employed 16 years ago. He went to the hospital and found that his wife would not consent to an operation. He tried to persuade her, but it was too late.

Dr. Gwyn Francis Jones stated that he tried to examine Mrs. Bulport, but she was moving about too much for him to do so. He tried to pacify her without success.

Annoyance Regretted

"I told Mr. Bulport" he said, "that I could find no indication of abdominal disease. I thought that his wife was hysterical and exaggerating."

Dr. Jones said he never at any time accused Mrs. Bulport in the ward of shamming and fooling. He added: "I was annoyed at having to spend so much time over examining one patient, but I regret that, of course." He had never used the term "shamming and fooling."

Dr. H. A. Kidd, medical superintendent of the hospital, said that the telephone numbers were mislaid, and the number used was supplied by Mrs. Bulport. He expressed regret, and added that steps were being taken to see that such a thing could not happen again.

Dr. E. T. Ruston, pathologist, said that the case presented great problems in diagnosis. Death was due to twisting of the small intestine, contributed to by granular swellings.

The Coroner, Dr. W. J. Lord, recording a verdict in accordance with the medical evidence, said: "I think that the medical aspect of the case has been satisfactorily explained. The other aspect, with regard to the telephone numbers, has been explained by the superintendent, and he has, in my opinion, made suitable apologies."

ANTI-SEMITIC MOVE GROWS IN ITALY

New Magazine Launched to Foster Campaign

Rome, Feb. 10.

A growing anti-semitic feeling is noticeable in Italy to-day.

The first issue of "Il Giornalissimo," a weekly magazine, appeared to-day as the official organ of anti-semitism, a sentiment already revealed in the papers representing extreme Fascism, such as "Il Tevere" and "Regime Fascista."

The leader of the movement is Sig. Roberto Farinacci, a member of the Fascist Grand Council.

In its first number, "Il Giornalissimo" published a lengthy interview with Sig. Giovanni Preziosi, notorious anti-Semite, concerning the problem of Jews in Italy "for wherever there are Jews there is the Jewish question."

The magazine presents Italy as a great anti-Jewish force.

"Anti-Semitism never reveals itself," the paper stated, "until to a Jewish anti-imperial and anti-fascist will is opposed an imperial will of universal character. This is, for example, the Roman idea."—Havas.

Democracies Are Not Firm Enough With Aggressors

"Private Boycott" on Part of Consumers Proposed

PEACE BODY MEETS IN LONDON

London, Feb. 12.

Several speeches were heard this afternoon during the world conference for assistance to China, sponsored by the International Peace Campaign.

M. Henri Rollin, Belgian delegate and President of the International Association of League of Nations Unions, expressed the opinion that the attitude of the great democracies in face of acts of aggression such as Japan's was not firm enough.

While admitting that Great Britain, the Dominions, and America would be seriously prejudiced by an eventual boycott, such a boycott, he said, would have a decided effect on Japan.

Sir Arthur Salter, speaking next, said that he preferred a "private boycott" by consumers as this would involve minimum risks of war.

Mr. Ben Tillett, Chairman to the Trade Unions Council, defended the right of dockers to refuse individually to load goods for Japan.

Mr. Tillett admitted, however, that the Trade Unions were compelled to adopt a rather cautious attitude and that the actual example should come from the Government.

Canada as Arsenal

Dr. MacLeod, the Canadian delegate, stated that "Canada is Japan's arsenal."

"But for the war materials from Canada," he added, "it would have been impossible for Japan to begin her aggression and continue it."

In 1936, according to Dr. MacLeod, Canada had supplied Japan 71 per cent. of her aluminium requirements for her aircraft constructions, 79 per cent. of her copper needs, while in the first nine months of 1937, Canada had shipped to Japan seven times the amount of copper sent in the previous year, four times the amount of lead, and seven times the amount of nickel.

M. Leon Jouhaux, General Secretary of the French Labour Federation, expressed the determination of French Labour Unions to participate in any international action for a boycott against an aggressor.—Havas.

Boycott Decided

London, Feb. 13.

A campaign to organize a house-to-house canvass to secure a universal boycott of Japanese goods has been decided upon by the British delegation to the International Peace Campaign, which opened a conference in London yesterday to discuss ways and means of boycotting Japan and helping China. This decision was reached at a separate meeting following a general meeting of the conference.—Reuter.

"Aid China" Week

London, Feb. 13.

The plenary meeting, under the auspices of the International Peace Campaign, of the international conference to boycott Japan and aid China, opened here at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The meeting received resolutions drafted by the various committees, including one submitted by Mr. Normal Angell, the author and lecturer who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize five years ago.

Mr. Normal Angell's resolution suggested a world-wide "Aid China" week, poster parades, picketing and a newspaper advertising campaign with an aim to boycott Japanese goods.

Unions Disagree

The Trade Union Committee disagreed over the question of a boycott.

The French delegates vigorously urged the application of a boycott in the full terms of the draft resolution The Swedish and some of the British delegates, however, were opposed to this measure.

The meeting broke up without passing a resolution.

The Legal Committee, advised by its lawyers, issued a statement saying that dockers refusing to handle Japanese cargoes were protected against prosecution under the Trades Dispute Act of 1906.

Technical Committee

The Economic International Boycott Committee, whose president is M. Varenne, former Governor of Indo-China, recommended a permanent technical commission for each country to devise the means of a boycott. It also suggested that credits be stopped to Japan and extended to China.

The Propaganda Committee recommended that China establish a national press bureau and send representatives to all parts of the world to explain the Chinese viewpoint.

It is understood that there is a movement afoot to get Madame Chiang Kai-shek to tour the democratic countries and address meetings.

The Parliamentary Committee urged the adoption of individual boycott in order to impress Governments with the strength of public opinion.—Reuter.

MRS. RUBENS SEEN BY U.S. CONSUL

Moscow Prison Interview Is Kept Secret

Moscow, Feb. 11.

Mr. Angus Ward, American Consul in Moscow, interviewed Mrs. Adolph Rubens, arrested with Mr. Donald Robinson by Soviet police authorities here last December. The interview took place at the Butirskaya prison where Mrs. Rubens is being detained.

Without revealing details of the interview, Mr. Ward said he would immediately report to Washington for instructions.

Mrs. Rubens, of New York, disappeared from the Moscow Hotel where she had registered with an unidentified man, as Mr. and Mrs. Robinson. Mr. Robinson was arrested first.

Despite passport irregularities in which Mrs. Rubens was involved, the United States Government continued its investigation of the arrests on grounds that they were American citizens. The interview with Mrs. Rubens was granted to Mr. Ward as the result of official representations.—United Press.

BILL FOR PENSIONS BEFORE DIET

Increase in Compensation Sought for Wounded

FAMILIES INCLUDED IN BENEFITS

Tokyo, Feb. 13

Providing for an increase of about Y.17,000,000 in payments to the families of Japanese soldiers killed or wounded in action, a bill to revise the existing pension law was presented to the Diet to-day.

A salient feature of the bill is its likeness to social welfare legislation; it calls for increased compensation to the families of soldiers in the lower ranks of service, and to families having three or more members.

Subject to the approval of the Diet, the pension revisions will be put into effect on April 1. They will apply not only to troops fighting in the present China hostilities, but to the families of those who saw service in the Manchurian incident, the Sino-Japanese War of 1894, and the Russo-Japanese War.

Compensation boosts ranging between 20 and 80 per cent. are called for in the measure.

80 Per Cent. Boost

An increase of 80 per cent. is made in the payment to the families of third class privates killed in action; the present law provides for a payment of Y.150 a year, with increases of 30 per cent. for the first five years. The new law would raise it to Y.270 for this period.

Families of second class privates slain in action, who now receive Y.165 a year with a 30 per cent. increase in the first five years, would receive an 80 per cent. increase to Y.297, without any limitation as to the period of years.

Families of slain first class privates, now receiving Y.180 with an increase of 30 per cent. for the five first years, would get an 80 per cent. increase to Y.324.

Survivors of non-commissioned officers killed, who now are paid according to increases of 30 per cent. for the first five years, would benefit from increases of 45 to 55 per cent. under the new law, in accordance with a new policy of granting more to the relatives of those in the lower brackets of the service, without any time limitation.

Officers' Families

Increases of 40 per cent. are asked in the payments to the families of officers below the rank of major or lieutenant-commander killed in action; compensation is paid to them at present under a 30 per cent. increase plan for the first five years.

Similiar increases of 30 per cent. are provided for in the payments to the families of slain officers below the rank of major-general or rear-admiral.

According to the terms of the proposed law, the families of officers above a colonel or captain killed in action would receive a 20 per cent. increase in their pensions.—Domei.

COMPOSITE FILM OF SHANGHAI "WAR"

Volunteers See a Pictorial Record of Hostilities

A composite film of the local hostilities was presented before a fairly large audience, consisting of members of the Headquarters Staff, and "B" Company of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps, and their guests, in the Gymnasium of the Administration Building last night. The film, 950 feet long, was taken by Mr. M. L. Bevan, Dr. A. von Miorini, and several other movie-camera enthusiasts. It was compiled from 25 others by Mr. Bevan.

The film began with views of the influx of refugees over the Garden Bridge at the opening of hostilities, depicting the plight of the homeless wanderers as they were driven hither and thither by the fortunes of war.

The bombings of the Cathay Hotel and Great World, and the destruction of the South Station, in Nantao, where hundreds of refugees lost their lives as they waited on the platforms for the trains that were to take them away from the scene of the fighting were also included in the film. Then came the Sincere Department Store Bombing, clearly depicting the activities of the police, fire brigade, volunteer corps and voluntary helpers. Scenes of the Chapei holocaust, which occurred when the Chinese retreated on October 27, were also shown, with movements of Japanese troops discernible in the background. There followed the "victory parade" of the Japanese troops, and the incident near the Cenotaph, involving Japanese army trucks and the French gendarmerie. The last film shown was the departure of the Royal Welch Fusiliers, with the band of the Fourth Marines marching in front of the parade.

When the lights went up, Captain P. H. Barton, of "B" Company, expressed his appreciation of the large attendance and called for a vote of thanks to Mr. Bevan, which was warmly accorded.

ONLY FOREIGN REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST IN CHINA

OPTOMETRISTS

250 NANKING ROAD

Largest, Most Modern, Best Equipped

MR. PAUL V. McNUTT LEAVES FOR U.S.

Reports on Philippines and China to Be Made

Manila, Feb. 11.

Mr. Paul V. McNutt, U.S. High Commissioner to the Philippines, left here for the United States this morning in a Pan-American Airways Clipper.

Mr. McNutt, on his arrived in Washington, is expected to present Congress with a complete survey of Philippine conditions, particularly Japanese penetration at Davao, second largest port in the Philippines and which is almost under Japanese control.

The High Commissioner, who recently visited Shanghai, also will report to President Roosevelt. His reports are expected to have important bearing on future legislation regarding Philippine independence.

Mr. McNutt also is expected to give his impressions of American affairs in China which he investigated briefly during his recent visit to Shanghai. The views of Admiral Harry E. Yarnell, Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic Fleet with whom Mr. McNutt conferred in Shanghai, also are expected to be conveyed to the President.

Mr. Wayne Coy, administrative assistant to the High Commissioner, also accompanied Mr. McNutt when the Clipper took off this morning. They expect to reach Washington by February 22 after stopping briefly in Alameda, Calif., and Indianapolis, Ind., Mr. McNutt's home town. Mr. McNutt probably will return to the Philippines about April 1.—United Press.

ARMISTICE RUMOUR IN SPAIN

Britons Said to be Talking with Republicans

NATIONALISTS' SUCCESS IN ZALAMA SECTOR

San Sebastian, Feb. 13.

Negotiations are in progress at present for an armistice in Spain, according to usually well-informed circles here. The negotiations, it is said, are being conducted by British personalities who have been conferring for the last 24 hours with the Republican Spanish Premier, Senor Juan Negrin and the Defence Minister, Senor Prieto.—Trans-Ocean.

Nationalist Success

Salamanca, Feb. 13.

The Nationalist Spanish successes in the Zalamoa sector south of Merida on the Estremadura front in south-west Spain, reported yesterday morning, are of considerable significance, according to Nationalist accounts of the events.

It is pointed out that the captured territory belongs to the best pasture land in Spain and has a considerable cattle industry.

Moreover, the area includes a rich cork production district as important as that in Catalonia.

The Nationalist troops now dominate the extensive de la Sorona valley, state Nationalist reports. The Nationalist cavalry did excellent work in this action. Fifty machine-guns and a large number of rifles fell into Nationalist hands.—Trans-Ocean.

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FROM DAY TO DAY

"HECTOR", the London Zoo's famous bear is dead. Despite the name, the bear was a female and had lived sixteen years at the Zoo.

THE educational section of the Great Way City Government of Shanghai will shortly re-open primary schools located in areas under its jurisdiction, says a raeport to the "Sin Wen Pao." Notices have been issued by the section asking school teachers to appy at its office for positions

MESSRS. Liu Hang-sheng and Lu Tso-fu, Finance and Reconstruction Commissioners of the Szechuen Provincial Government, respectively, flew from Chengtu to Hankow on Feb. 11 to see the Chairman of the Military Affairs Commission, General Chiang Kai-shek, says a report to the "Life Daily News."

THE Second Epidemic-Prevention Corps sent by the League of Nations, which arrived in Hankow at the end of last month, has proceeded to Changsha, where it will open a joint office with the Epidemic-Prevention Commission of the National Health Administration for Central China, says a message to the "Sin Wen Pao."

THE Generalissimo's Headquarters in Sian has ordered the party and administrative officials in Shensi, Kansu, Ninghsia and Chinghai (Kokonor) provinces to launch a joint campaign for the suppression of the growing of opium poppy with a view to increasing the area for grain production, says a message to the "Ta Wan Pao."

A MILLION pound order for printing press has been given to a Leeds firm by the great newspaper combine, Allied Newspapers, Ltd. It consists of 74 printing press units for Withy Grove, Manchester, which is the biggest newspaper office in Europe; 58 for the "Daily Sketch" plant in London, and 18 for the "Newcastle Chronicle" works in Newcastle-on-Tyne.

THE Polish Ambassador in Rome, Dr. Alfred Wysocki, called upon the Italian Foreign Minister, Count Galeazzo Ciano, on Feb. 12, afterwards leaving for Warsaw in order to prepare the visit of the Polish Foreign Minister, Colonel Josef Beck, to Rome. The Italian press last night reported that this visit will take place in the next few weeks when Colonel Beck will deliberate with Premier Mussolini and Count Ciano.

POPE Pius XI. was present on Feb. 12 in the Sixtine Chapel, Rome, for the celebration of a pontifical high-mass on the occasion of the 16th anniversary of his elevation. The Doyen of the sacred college, Cardinal Grantio di Belmonte, celebrated and the congregation included all Cardinals now in Rome as well as the entire diplomatic corps accredited to the Holy See. The excellent health of the Holy Father was generally commented upon.

A MAGNETIC separator, claimed to be the largest in the world, has recently been manufactured by a Birmingham firm. The separator, which weighs 7½ tons, is the first to be designed for the purpose of separating iron from cane sugar. Capable of dealing with iron fragments varying from a fraction of an ounce to several pounds, the separator is so powerful that it will snatch heavy pieces of iron from the hand at a distance of several inches.

EX-PRIME Minister Professor Voldemaras of Lithuania who was sentenced to 12 years penal servitude for the leading part played in an unsuccessful military putsch of 1934, has just been pardoned by the Lithuanian state President, Antanas Smetona, in connection with the amnesty marking the 20th anniversary of the recovery of the Lithuanian independence to be celebrated on February 16. Many other prisoners have been released at the same time.

THE British-owned Tung Shang Shipping Company in Shanghai on February 9 dispatched a steam launch, the ss. Lokwang, on a trial run on the Shanghai-Hangchow line, says a report to the "Hwa Mei Pao." So far, however, the Company has not received any message from the vessel reporting her arrival in the Chekiang city. Should the trial prove successful, it is stated, formal re-opening of the service from here to Hangchow is expected to take place before February 20 at the latest.

SCHEMES are being put into operation to improve the facilities for catering for bigger crowds in Blackpool, Lancashire's famous seaside resort, which are expected this year in view of expanding trade. The London Midland & Scottish Railway has announced its approval of a scheme, to cost approximately a million pounds, for rebuilding the Central station, which is an important step towards remodelling one of the most congested parts of the town. The new station will have a wide approach and twelve covered platforms.

THE Rubber Growers' Association, has arranged for the reservation of an area of some 4,000 square feet for the erection of a Rubber Pavilion at the Empire Exhibition, Glasgow. The Rubber Pavilion will be located close to the Palace of Engineering and alongside one of the main avenues. On the Ground Floor it is proposed to stage an exhibit which will illustrate the story of rubber from the growth of the rubber tree to the actual applications of the product in various branches of industry, transport, and sport by means of working machinery and models, glass transparencies, coloured illustrations and specimens. Demonstrations will be given at periodic intervals on the production of rubber articles, which will be distributed at the Exhibition. Appropriate films dealing with the rubber industry will also be shown. In the gallery a series of rooms, including nursery, bathroom, and operating theatre, will be arranged for the display of various domestic and surgical uses of rubber.

In The Russian Colony

BY STROY

Despite recent military events, the third bulky issue of the literary, political and philosophical magazine "Russian Annals"—affiliated with the Paris "Contemporary Annals"—has recently come from press here. Besides its variety of poems and stories, the following articles are worthy of note: "Modern Nationalism" by Prof. N. Berdiaev, "After the Elections of the Supreme Council" by Mr. A. F. Kerensky, and "The Problem of China's Economical Reconstruction" by Mr. S. P. Dobrovolsky, a local economist. Perhaps the most valuable contribution is an article on "India and Her Art" by a scholar who is equally famous in Russia and elsewhere—Prof. M. Rostovtzev, who is at present teaching at the Oxford University. Last year Prof. Rostovtzev went on a scientific tour of India, Burma, Siam, Indo-China, Java, Bali and Sumatra in the dual capacity of a specialist on ancient Greece and Rome, and a historian who has long interested himself on the relations between those countries and India. The influence they must have had on each other is best revealed by the similarity of their architecture, monuments, painting and handicrafts.

Resemblance to Russia

As a Russian, Prof. Rostovtzev was astounded by the resemblance India had to Russia. This resemblance, he says, should not be exaggerated, but neither can it be ignored. Like Russia, India is a gigantic country with a vast polyglot population. Like Russia it is a country of many peoples, tongues and dialects, of various religions and religious conflicts, of far-stretching fertile valleys and mighty rivers. Like Russia, it is a country of millions of peasants, thousands of villages—and a few cities, the majority of which are really nothing but large villages; country of buffaloes, creaking drays, country paths, limitless spaces and plodding caravans of carts. Like Russia it is a country of dust, dirt, fantastic sicknesses and uncleanliness in all its forms; of extremes in climate, economics, social life and religion. On the one hand suffering multitudes and constant beggary—on the other the palaces bright with the gold and silver of Rajas who themselves are bedecked with jewels; squalid huts of peasants and labourers—and temples whose vaults secrete treasures that none but the priests ever see; a small intelligentsia with good intentions but no root in the soil—and millions of uneducated or semi-educated. It is a country, like Russia, of unlimited possibilities hidden in the soul of a people unused to speaking the truth; a country amazing for its deep religiousness and its colourful religious ceremonies and processions, its thousands of temples, tens of thousands of priests and millions of ardent worshippers—and, like Russia a country of mysticism, asceticism, religious self-destruction and the "killing of the flesh." Later the author goes on a description of India's religion and art, and his investigations in that field are read as one would read an interesting novel. In the last eighteen years, Prof. M. Rostovtzev has published many of his books in England, which enjoy deserved prominence wherever there is research into the ancient past of peoples living along the shores of the Mediterranean.

Marriage Laws

Mr. A. J. Slobodchikov, the well-known lawyer, has raised before the Russian Orthodox Mission in Peiping the important question of the annulment of Church marriages—particularly from the point of view of expenses entailed. At present many church marriages are brought to an end in Chinese courts or, simpler still, in the office of some lawyer; because Chinese law, looking upon marriage as an agreement between two parties, recognizes that form of divorce. Not so the Orthodox Church, from whose point of view no decision passed by the Chinese Court can annul a marriage performed by the Church. Foreign consulates recognize a divorce granted by the Chinese Court and a divorced party may thus marry once more, the marriage being duly registered in the consulate concerned. The children of this second marriage, however, would not be considered legitimate by the Orthodox Church.

What, then, makes Russians seek divorce without the benefit of clergy? Firstly, a church-divorce costs a considerable amount, which, considering the modest income of emigrants, is an impediment to be reckoned with. This arises from the fact that the rules promulgated by the Holy Conclave of the All-Russian Orthodox Church on August 20, 1918, are still in effect. Again, the war and the revolution gave birth to countless tragedies where wives and husbands have disappeared and during all these years have given no sign of their whereabouts. The Orthodox Church, however, demands that in such cases an advertisement be inserted in the newspapers for a period of six months. These and other severe regulations increase the number of civil divorces. The Orthodox Mission in Peiping gave its full attention to the intercession of Mr. Slobodchikov, and as a first step lessened the court tax for divorces.

Journalists' War Work

An interesting paper on the work of the international press in Shanghai during the recent hostilities was read by a lady-journalist, Mrs. B. N. Ievleva, at the last meeting of the Russian Women's League. In reserved but telling phrases Mrs. Ievleva described the work of journalists during the war—work which to some meant success and fame and to others suffering and death. Her recital of actual cases when, during battles waged near the city, journalists revealed truly heroic calmness and presence of mind, drew the admiration of her audience.

Bishop's Anniversary

On Thursday, February 10, three years elapsed since the ordainment of Bishop Juvenalius into that sacred office. A service was held in the Russian Cathedral, followed by a reception in the Bishop's House in his honour, arranged by the Church Council and the Women's Committee of the Cathedral. During his short stay in Shanghai, Bishop Juvenalius, who is taking the place of Bishop John, has won the love and respect of all circles in the colony.

THE January issue of the "Nederland Mail," issued by the Nederland Line, Royal Dutch Mail, has been received. Containing a number of articles of interest it is profusely illustrated.

WAR GIVES IMPETUS TO RESEARCH

Japanese Scientists at Work Throughout Hostilities

NEW MEDICINES USED WITH SUCCESS

Once again war has given a strong impetus to medical research. Virtually imprisoned in their laboratories in Route Ghisi, across the Siccawei Creek from Chinese troops, members of the Shanghai Science Institute made a number of important medical discoveries which will help to combat disease and prevent suffering.

Especial attention, the "Shanghai Nippo" reported yesterday, was given to the study of infection caused by bullets, gangrene, dysentery and explosion-produced shocks.

Medicines made by the scientists after painstaking experiments had already been given with signal success to sick and wounded Japanese soldiers, the daily reported.

Gates Barred

When the hostilities broke out here, Dr. Shinzo Shinjo, President of the Institute, obtained food for two months, secured the services of nine police guards, and barred the institution's gates.

Closeted within were Japanese scientists, with their books and tubes, and about 150 Chinese employees of the Institute and their families.

Two of the Institute's pathologists followed the Japanese troops on their march to Nanking, and entered the abandoned Chinese Capital 24 hours after its fall.

In Nanking

While in Nanking, the journal said, the scholars visited the abandoned buildings of various medical and hygienic establishments.

In November, on the withdrawal of Chinese troops from Shanghai, Dr. Shinjo went to North China, visited the front lines and established a branch of the Institute in Peking.

On February 3, he paid a brief visit to Nanking, returning here on February 8.

FOURTH MARINES' SERVICE

Crowds at Grand Theatre Despite Rain

In spite of the inclement weather, some 800 people attended the Marine Church yesterday morning at the Grand Theatre. Due to the absence of the Chaplain, Lieutenant Hamilton from Shanghai, the Rev. W. Robert Taylor conducted the worship and preached his sermon on the theme, "God's Uncommon Use of Common Men." As a special musical selection in the service, four members of the band, Staff-Sgt. Stuart, Cpl. Lee, Pfc. Young and Pfc. West played a brass quartette, 'Sacred Medley." The Fourth Marines Band, under the direction of Staff-Sgt. William R. Stuart, played for the prelude "Chant" by White, and Macbeth's "Forget Me Not" for the offertory.

Following the service, the Fourth Marines' Band, under the direction of the bandmaster, Tech Sgt. Leon Freda, introduced the concert with the Overture "Nabucodonosor." This was followed by two fine solos sung by the guest artist, Mr. Y. K. Sze, bass, with the band furnishing the accompaniment, "Infelece! e tuo credevi" an aria from "Ernani" by Verdi and also Verdi's "Dormiro sol nel Manto mio regal" an aria from "Don Carlos." A selection of Boito "Mefistofele," and the Marines' Hymn, followed by the American National Anthem concluded the Concert.

LOWER HOUSE APPROVES JAPANESE BUDGET

Tokyo, Feb. 12.

The Lower House here to-day approved the Government's Y.2,860,000,000 budget for the next fiscal year.—United Press.

JAPANESE TO BUILD HOTELS IN CHINA

Establishments in Shanghai and Other Cities

Anticipating a rush of Japanese tourists to China and Manchoukuo with the re-establishment of peace, officials of the Japanese Ministry of Railways have drafted a plan for the erection of hotels in Shanghai, Hangchow, Peiping and Tientsin, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday.

The establishments will be the joint undertaking of leading hotel-owners in Tokyo, Kyoto, Hakone, Osaka, Nikko and other major cities of Japan.

Following the initial meeting devoted to a discussion of the plan on January 25, the Ministry's Travel Publicity Bureau dispatched special agents to North China to gather the necessary information. On their return to Tokyo, another joint meeting of Ministry officials and hotel-owners will be called to elaborate the plan.

U.S. FINANCE MAY BE REVISED

State Department Officials in "Mystery" Meetings

Washington, Feb. 12.

A series of "mystery" fiscal conferences between high State Department officials during the past 24 hours revived speculation here again to-day regarding possible revision of the Administration's financial policies.

Treasury Department authorities were extremely secretive regarding discussions at the conferences. Conjecture centred on prospects for large scale financing to provide funds for renewed "pump priming". Some observers believed the Treasury might be planning to release a large portion of sterilized gold.

W.P.A. Funds Approved

The House of Representatives Appropriations Deficiencies sub-committee to-day approved by a vote of 5 to 3 the $250,000,000 special relief appropriation which would provide Works Progress Administration jobs for 950,000 unemployed workers.—United Press.

FIRST FLOOR CLEARED AT HONGKEW MARKET

Ground Space Already Used for Japanese Trade

Preparations for taking over the space on the first floor of the Hongkew Market were being made by the Japanese yesterday. Coolies were hard at work clearing away partitions and furnishings which were part of the former Chinese stalls on that floor.

The ground space of the market has long been utilized by Japanese tradesmen, particularly for the sale of fruit, vegetables and groceries. The customers of these shops is still largely military.

BIG ATTACK ON NEW DEAL BEGUN

Republicans Make Ready for Presidential Campaign

Washington, Feb. 12.

The Republican Party, celebrating Lincoln's Birthday, to-day opened an aggressive attack on the Roosevelt Administration in preparation for the 1940 Presidential campaign and forthcoming Congressional elections.

Republican National Headquarters appealed to organized labour and "all discontented factions" to unite with the Republicans in an anti-New Deal drive.

The Republicans were expected to organize strong opposition to any move by the Democratic Party to "draft" President Roosevelt for a third term, unprecedented in American history.—United Press.

BUND, NANKING ROAD PATROLLED

Japanese Military Police Again Make Rounds

A patrol composed of an N.C.O. and eight men of the Japanese Military Police, carrying rifles with fixed bayonets, traversed the main streets of the Settlement's downtown district yesterday.

The patrol started from the Garden Bridge at about noon, went along The Bund, Nanking Road to the Race Course, where a brief halt was made, thence along Yu Ya Ching Road to Peking Road, and by Peking Road back to The Bund and the Garden Bridge.

On Saturday a group of the Japanese Military Police had visited the large department stores in the Louza district.

Searches Denied

Reports that Japanese military police patrols were searching Chinese pedestrians within the Settlement were denied by a Japanese military spokesman last night.

"Their duty is to patrol and not to interfere with Chinese or foreigners," he said. The patrols were likened to those of foreign military and naval forces.

"The presence of Japanese troops in this vicinity and their frequent passage through the Settlement makes the maintenance of such patrols necessary," he added.

LESSON SERMON

First Church of Christ, Scientist

"Soul" was the subject of the Lesson Sermon which was read in Churches of Christ, Scientist, February 13, throughout the world.

Golden Text: Psalms 35:9. My soul shall be joyful in the Lord: it shall rejoice in his salvation.

Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon were the following from the Bible: "The Lord is my portion, saith my soul; therefore will I hope in him. . . The Lord is good unto them that wait for him, to the soul that seeketh him. . . It is good that a man should both hope and quietly wait for the salvation of the Lord." (Lamentations 3:24, 25, 26.)

The Lesson Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science Textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy.

"Soul and Spirit being one, God and Soul are one, and this one never included in a limited mind or a limited body. Spirit is eternal, divine. Nothing but Spirit, Soul, can evolve Life, for Spirit is more than all else. Because Soul is immortal, it does not exist in mortality. Soul must be incorporeal to be Spirit, for Spirit is not finite. Only by losing the false sense of Soul can we gain the eternal unfolding of Life as immortality brought to light." (page 335.)

OBITUARY

Rev. Ninga Sugiyama

Thirty-seven years after his arrival here to preach Buddhism, the Rev. Ninga Sugiyama, Chief Abbot of the Hongoku Temple, Chapoo Road, died on Friday, following a protracted illness. Serving as chaplain with the Japanese troops since August, the 68-year old priest undermined his health to the extent that when disease struck, his exhausted organizm could no combat it, said local Japanese newspapers.

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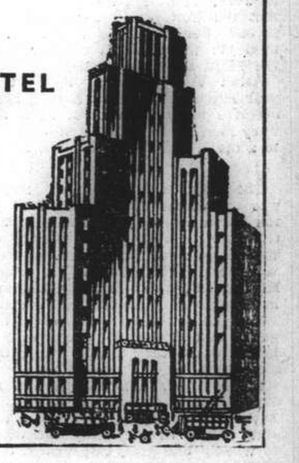

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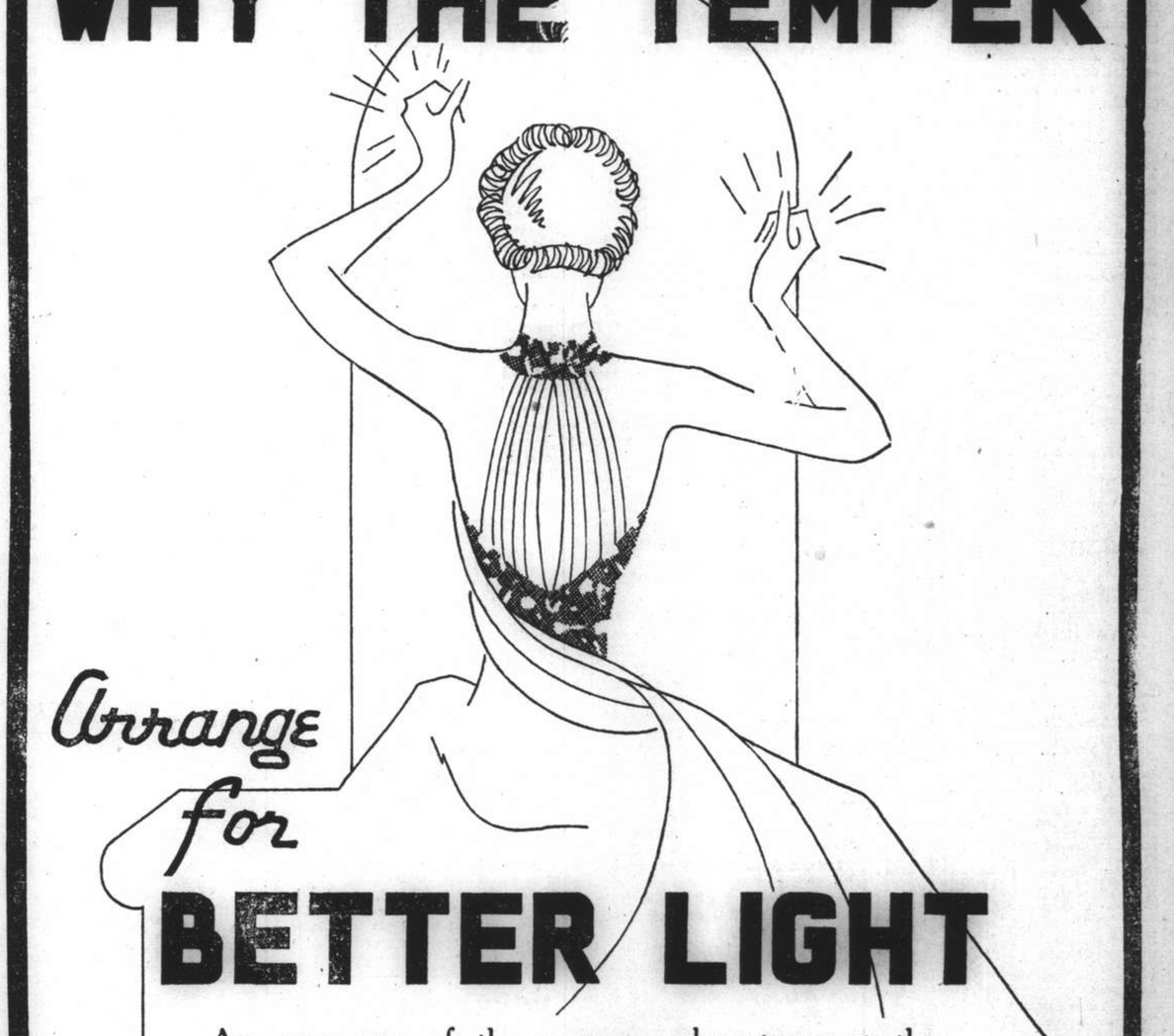
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Orgy of Scoring as England Win Rugger International

IRISHMEN ARE OUTCLASSED IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

New English Full Back, Parker, Converts Six Tries and Kicks Penalty Goal: Final Score 36-14

SCOTLAND NOW ONLY UNBEATEN SIDE

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Dublin, Feb. 13.

THE huge crowd which turned out at Dublin yesterday to witness the International Rugby match between England and Ireland were treated to an amazing orgy of scoring. After leading by 23-0 at half time, England eventually won by 36 points (six goals, a penalty and a try) to 14 (a goal and three tries).

With a strong wind behind them, the Englishmen were all over their opponents in the first half, when the Irish forwards were beaten in nearly every scrum. The Irish backs were also off form.

A feature of the game was the kicking of England's new full back, Parker, who converted six tries and kicked a penalty goal.

England's victory put them back in the running for Championship honours. With the exception of Scotland, every team has been beaten once. The latest position of teams in the Championship is:—

	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.	A.	Pts.
Scotland	1	1	0	0	8	6	2
England	2	1	1	0	4	28	2
Wales	2	1	1	0	20	16	2
Ireland	1	0	1	0	14	36	0

The Teams

ENGLAND:—Parker (Blackheath); Unwin, Nicholson, Cranmer, Sever, Reynolds, Giles (Coventry), Longland, Toft, Prescott (Harlequins), Huskisson, Marshall (Oxford University), Bolton, Milam and Weston.

IRELAND:—Phil Crowe (Black Rock); Daly (Harlequins), Bailey, McMahon, Lyttle; Cromey and Morgan (North of Ireland); Alexander, Graves and Irwin (North of Ireland), Mayne, Megan and A. Loughlin (University College), Ryan and Walker.

Good Ground Conditions

Although there was rain overnight, the ground was in a good condition when the teams lined up for the kick off. After Ireland had kicked off against a strong wind, England obtained possession, and it took three defenders to subdue Nicholson.

In the fifth minute Cranmer obtained from a loose maul and passed to Giles, who went over for the first try, which Parker converted.

Next, the English forwards crashed through the right, but Crowe, the Irish full-back, saved a certain score by tackling Marshall on the line. Ireland was penalised from near the half-way line, and Parker kicked a beautiful goal.

Lyttle's Grand Run

Morgan, Irish three-quarter, set his backs moving. Bailey flung the ball cut to Lyttle, who made a grand run to within a foot of the English line. Bunglings by the Irish backs, however, allowed England to transfer play to the other end, where many hot scrummages took place. Reynolds narrowly missed scoring, hitting the post in an attempt to drop a goal with his left foot.

The Englishmen were doing all the attacking, free kicks alone saving Ireland, whose defence was very weak.

England kept up the pressure, and soon scored three successive tries, all of which were converted by Parker.

First Reynolds went over. Then, after Nicholson had beaten the defence, Unwin raced over on the right for Parker to convert from an awkward angle. Ireland were completely outclassed at this stage.

Marshall Breaks Through

With a minute to go before half time, Marshall broke clean through to present Parker with an easy kick. At half time England led by 23-0.

Soon after resumption, the visitors were penalized, and Morgan made a wonderful kick to touch near the English line. The ball came out to Cromey, who pierced the English line for the first time. Crowe, however, failed with the kick.

Encouraged, the Irishmen played with renewed vigour, forcing England to kick to touch. Bailey scored after a splendid run, but the referee disallowed the try.

Ireland kept up the pressure, but they threw away several good scoring chances, including a free kick from an easy position. Walker took the kick, but hit the post.

Ireland were having all the play, but suddenly the English forwards broke loose and gained ground. Giles then obtained possession and passed to Bolton, who scored without opposition. Parker again converted. MacMahon next retired with a damaged ankle, and Alexander was taken from the scrum, further weakening the Irish pack.

The closing stages were remarkable for the number of tries.

Hit the Post

Bailey kicked ahead and hit the post, and then he beat Parker to the ball for a try, which Morgan converted.

England replied with a try by Prescott, but two minutes later Mayne crossed the English line, followed by another try by Bailey.

Nicholson, however, retaliated for England just at the close, scoring for Parker to convert.—Reuter.

THE HOME FOOTBALL REVIEW

York Proving Giant Killers in English Cup

ARSENAL ELIMINATED BY PRESTON

Last season Millwall were the team of the tournament; now this season we have another Third Division Club putting an end to the cup hopes of First Division clubs. First West Bromwich Albion and now Middlesbrough have fallen victims to York. It should be remembered that the York enclosure does not favour Senior Clubs who are not used to the cramped conditions of the Third League grounds.

Aston Villa retained their ten-year cup record of not having been defeated away from home in a tie. They held the First Division Charlton to a draw, and should win the reply.

Big Surprise

The surprise of the fifth round was the defeat of Arsenal by Preston North End on the ground of the Gunners. In view of the victory of the Arsenal over the Wolves they were fancied to reach the final, Huddersfield whom "I felt could win at Liverpool did so, although I voted for a draw when reviewing the games on Friday. Favoured with a home draw, they might reach the semi-finals.

Sunderland and Brentford won as expected. The cup-holders appear to have had a big fight to enter the sixth round as they only managed to win by one goal. Chesterfield and Tottenham will have to meet again as their game ended in a draw.

There were no surprise results in the Second Division, in which four of the five games ended in a win for the homesters by the only goal scored in the games.

Chester have rather upset Doncaster Rovers hopes of getting back to Division two, they defeated the Rovers by four clear goals. Gateshead defeated promotion rivals in Hull City, whilst Oldham and Lincoln gained a point from their encounter against each other. Tranmere Rovers were the only away winners in this division.

English League

FIRST DIVISION

	P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Brentford	28	14	7	7	48	35	35
Wolvernampton	25	14	6	5	45	28	34
Leeds	28	11	11	6	46	40	33
Arsenal	26	12	6	8	48	31	30
Preston N. E.	26	10	10	6	43	29	30
Charlton Ath.	25	10	10	5	38	29	30
Bolton Wan	28	10	10	8	46	41	30
Sunderland	26	9	9	8	37	40	27
Stoke	31	10	7	9	41	28	27
Middlesbrough	26	11	5	10	44	44	27
Chelsea	27	10	7	10	49	39	27
Derby County	27	9	8	10	42	57	26
Huddersfield	27	10	4	13	32	43	24
West Brom. A.	26	9	6	11	42	48	24
Manchester City	24	10	4	10	49	43	24
Everton	27	11	2	14	47	47	24
Leicester City	27	9	6	12	35	48	24
Grimsby Town	28	6	12	10	33	43	24
Birmingham	27	5	13	9	32	37	23
Liverpool	25	7	7	11	34	44	21
Blackpool	28	7	7	15	33	48	21
Portsmouth	28	6	9	13	38	53	21
SECOND DIVISION							
Sheffield United	26	16	4	7	52	35	36
Aston Villa	26	15	5	6	47	23	35
Coventry	27	13	9	6	41	32	35
Bradford	25	11	9	5	42	27	31
Manchester U.	25	13	5	7	52	34	31
Burnley	29	11	9	9	39	38	31
Chesterfield	26	11	8	7	47	36	30
West Ham	26	10	9	7	38	29	29
Tottenham	26	12	4	10	49	36	28
Bury	26	12	4	11	37	34	28
Norwich City	27	9	7	11	45	54	25
Luton	26	10	5	11	54	52	25
Sheffield Wed	28	9	7	12	33	39	25
Blackburn Rov.	28	9	7	12	43	53	25
Notts Forest	28	9	6	13	32	38	24
Southampton	27	9	6	12	39	56	24
Barnsley	28	9	5	14	38	50	23
Newcastle U.	25	8	6	11	31	33	22
Swansea	28	6	10	12	30	50	22
Stockport	26	7	7	12	29	43	21
Fulham	27	7	7	13	37	45	21
Plymouth	27	6	7	14	33	51	19
THIRD DIVISION (SOUTHERN)							
Watford	26	13	9	6	50	25	35
Queen's Park R.	27	14	7	6	48	26	35
Notts County	26	14	5	7	38	20	33
Bristol City	25	13	6	6	37	25	32
Cardiff City	27	12	7	8	55	40	31
Reading	27	12	7	8	43	41	31
Brighton & Hove	27	13	4	10	41	33	30
Southend United	27	13	3	11	46	42	29
Bournemouth	27	10	9	8	36	26	29
Mansfield Town	26	11	7	8	34	31	29
Crystal Palace	27	10	6	9	40	37	28
Swindon Town	27	10	7	10	28	30	27
Millwall	25	9	8	8	39	30	26
Northampton T.	27	11	4	12	36	42	26
Newport County	27	8	8	11	30	38	24
Exeter City	26	8	8	10	41	41	24
Aldershot	26	9	4	13	27	38	22
Bristol Rovers	27	7	7	13	29	46	21
Clapton Orient	27	9	3	15	27	41	21
Torquay	28	8	3	17	27	55	20
Walsall	26	7	3	16	30	57	17
Gillingham	26	6	4	16	22	44	16
THIRD DIVISION (NORTHERN)							
Tranmere Rovers	27	16	5	6	51	21	37
Gateshead	26	15	6	5	56	36	36
Rotherham	27	16	4	7	52	38	36
Lincoln City	26	14	6	6	51	24	34
Oldham A.	26	11	11	4	43	27	33
Doncaster R.	26	13	6	7	47	36	32
Hull City	27	13	7	7	57	30	32
Carlisle United	27	13	5	9	44	38	31
Chester	27	10	10	7	53	43	30
York City	25	12	5	8	49	42	29
Wrexham	26	10	6	10	37	43	26
Port Vale	27	9	8	10	42	48	26
Rochdale	28	10	5	13	46	54	25
Crewe A.	27	9	6	12	36	38	24
Halifax T.	25	8	7	10	29	37	23
Southport	27	6	11	10	34	47	23
Bradford C.	26	8	4	14	40	48	20
New Brighton	24	7	5	12	31	38	19
Darlington	27	6	6	16	33	56	17
Accrington S.	26	7	3	16	29	50	17
Barrow	27	7	2	18	22	53	16
Hartlepools	26	4	5	17	32	63	13

Scottish League

FIRST DIVISION

Celtic	27	19	5	3	83	30	43
Hearts	29	18	6	5	61	37	42
Rangers	26	12	10	4	50	33	34
Falkirk	28	14	6	8	62	43	34
Motherwell	28	13	7	8	61	49	33
Aberdeen	30	12	7	11	63	48	31
Partick	25	12	5	8	52	44	29
Arbroath	29	9	10	10	43	58	28
Hibernians	29	8	10	11	44	49	26
St. Johnstone	26	11	4	11	56	60	26
St. Mirren	26	11	4	11	45	45	26
Third Lanark	28	9	7	12	50	55	25
Dundee	27	11	3	13	54	55	25
Q. of South	28	7	10	11	42	54	24
Hamilton	27	10	4	13	63	60	24
Ayr	28	7	9	12	51	67	23
Queens Park	28	8	7	13	45	58	23
Kilmarnock	29	8	7	14	50	73	23
Clyde	27	5	11	11	43	62	21
Morton	28	6	2	20	53	91	14

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

IN THE ACT OF SCORING

W. J. Richmond of the Shanghai Rugby Union Football Club's 2nd XV is seen in the act of scoring his side's second and last try in the Spunt Cup game against the Marines 2nd XV at the Race Course on Saturday afternoon. The Marines won by 17-6, by staging a big rally in the last part of the match.

Weather Man Frowns on Sunday Sports

Another wet Sunday yesterday forced cancellations and postponements of all rugger, soccer, hockey and hunting fixtures in Shanghai. Since the first of last month, so many Sundays have had their sports cancelled by rain, that it has been suggested that the Weather Man may disapprove of sports on Sunday.

Tail-Wagger Chats

DOGS IN THE BIBLE

BY PHILOKUON

That the Hebrews of old had little to say of the dog that was good is apparent from the references to our friend that are to be found in the Old Testament. His friendliness, his fidelity and unselfishness might well have been used in that book of imagery as similes to describe corresponding qualities in men, but I cannot remember much that is complimentary. There is no doubt that the Jews regarded the dog as unclean, as the Mahommedans did at a later date and do unto the present time. One imagines that pariah dogs, the scavengers of the East, were common in the days of the Patriarchs. Do we not read of Jeroboam and his family that "him that dieth in the city the dogs shall eat?" Civilized dogs would not do that.

The prejudice of the Hebrews may easily be understood. In their captivity they must have noticed how the Egyptians worshipped the dog, making an idol of it. Anubis, the god with the head of a dog and the body of a man, was charged with the duty of watching over the spirits of the dead on their last long journey. This superstition was shared by many peoples of more primitive culture than the Egyptians, and it was customary with them to kill a man's dogs when he died so that they could guard him in the underworld from the spirits of animals slain by him in life. The tiny Chihuahuas that are now being shown here were so esteemed by the Aztecs of Mexico.

The veneration of the dog by the Egyptians is ascribed by some to the influence of a natural phenomenon. The rising of Sirius, the dog star, was coincident with the flooding of the Nile, that brought fertility to the country. The Egyptian monarchs, however, kept hosts of dogs that had nothing to do with their superstitions—huge packs of hounds that ministered to their sports and pleasures. We see from evidences on their tombs that the forerunners of modern breeds were known in the days of the Pharaohs.

The legend that Abraham's flocks were so vast that he employed 4,000 sheepdogs to tend them has often been scoffed at. Among my notes from an American source is one to the effect that a Russian sheep farmer once employed 100,000 dogs. The idea seems incredible, yet I read a short time ago in *The Russia that I Loved* that the brother of Nadine Wonlar-Larsky, the authoress, married the great grand-daughter of the man, and she confirms the statement, unbelievable though it may sound. Going into Russia from Germany about 1830, Falsfein, as he was named, started sheep farming, and, land being absurdly cheap, he went on adding to it until his flocks ran into several millions.

In the Book of Proverbs we learn that a man who interferes in quarrels is like one that taketh a dog by the ears. Perfectly true—he may be bitten. Although it is evident that in early times dogs were regarded as being unclean, later on they were tolerated if not liked. It is interesting to know that Caleb means a dog, and to-day the Arabic for dog is Kelb. Caleb, who went out to spy the Promised Land, was head of the Kenezite tribe, the tribe of the dog totem that had been in existence centuries before the freedom of the Israelites.

HOME RUGBY UNION RESULTS

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 12.

The following are the results of Rugby Union matches played to-day:

Aldershot Services 6, Harlequins 16
Army 11, London Scottish 9
Bath 3, Bedford 0
Bradford 3, Headingley 8
Bristol 13, Oxford University 0
Cambridge University 11, Rosslyn Park 0
Coventry 8, St. Mary's Hospital 13
Devonport Services 7, Portsmouth Services 8
Gloucester 9, Cardiff 11
Halifax 6, Birkenhead Park 26
Liverpool 3 Manchester 29
London Welsh 9, London Irish 13
Moseley 9, St. Bart's Hospital 5
Newport 14, Leicester 0
Northampton 5, Rugby 5
Plymouth Albion 3, Newton Abbot 6
Richmond 20, Blackheath 0
Aberavon 12 Guy's Hospital 9
Sale 6, Waterloo 18
Glasgow Acas 3, Heriotonians 3
Watsonians 6, Edinburgh University 9
—Reuter.

Mr. David Halliday, manager of Yeovil and Petters United, has been appointed manager of Aberdeen. As a player he was centre forward with Dundee, St. Mirren Queen of the South, Sunderland, Arsenal, and Manchester City.

PARIS-LONDON TENNIS ENCOUNTER

Paris, Feb. 12.

At the end of the second day of the Paris-London tennis encounter, the score was tied at seven matches for each side. The tournament is to be played in 21 matches, and tomorrow's games will decide the issue. —Havas.

Grand National Horse Killed by Fall

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Lingfield, Feb. 12.

The prominent Grand National candidate, Silver Bow II, collapsed and died to-day after falling at the last fence in the Trotytown Handicap Steeplechase.—Reuter.

CANIDROME RESULTS

1.—440 yd. flat.—1, Field Marshall; 2, Comalong.
Also ran:—Red Terror, Captain Drew, Brilliant Bill, Poppyland II.
1½ length.—Time, 27.45.
Win, $53.10. Forecast No. 4-6 Div. $153.70.
2.—440 yd. flat.—1, Wai Lee; 2, Mad Plume.
Also ran:—Vita Spermin, Modern Wave, Le Butin, Busa.
4½ lengths.—Time, 27.11.
Win, $13.60. Forecast No. 3-1 Div. $49.40.
3.—500 yd. flat.—1, Valendall; 2, Livex.
Also ran:—Dinna Ken, Wee Lil, The Skipper, Ah Liang.
4 lengths.—Time, 31.27.
Win, $26.50. Forecast No. 2-1 Div. $268.50.
4.—500 yd. flat.—1, Glenapp; 2, Assurance.
Also ran:—Patricia, Border Queen, Marietta, Don Juan.
5 lengths.—Time, 30.27.
Win, $12.80. Forecast No. 6-3 Div. $36.60.
5.—500 yd. flat.—1, Terence; 2, Beau Ideal.
Also ran:—Outsider, Lucky Polly, Irish Molly, Simple Simon.
1 length.—Time, 31.00.
Win, $12.00. Forecast No. 1-6 Div. $34.80.
6.—500 yd. flat.—1, Master Zeb; 2, Gleniffer.
Also ran:—Master Bill, Corinthian, Neptune, Victory II.
1 length.—Time, 30.82.
Win, $20.40. Forecast No. 1-5 Div. $130.40.
7.—500 yd. flat.—1, Winsome Maid; 2, Belle O'New York.
Also ran:—Miss Malone, Our Hope, Simple Cissy, Donnybrook.
1 length.—Time, 31.29.
Win, $22.40. Forecast No. 1-3 Div. $88.30.
8.—500 yd. flat.—1, Wild Harmony; 2, Pythias.
Also ran:—Flyco, Spermin Lecitin, Falisman, Luhai Lass.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.43.
Win, $11.20. Forecast No. 6-1 Div. $94.80.
9.—500 yd. flat.—1, Careless Auntie; 2, Pearlman.
Also ran:—Snow Dale, Chop Fante, Bethany, San Fairy Ann.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.93.
Win, $10.00. Forecast No. 2-6 Div. $95.40.
10.—500 yd. flat.—1, Crindale; 2, Lido.
Also ran:—Sancy Johnnie, Maid of Lanark, Eve, Major.
5 lengths.—Time, 30.01.
Win, $19.10. Forecast No. 3-6 Div. $123.10.
11.—525 yd. flat.—1, Home Again; 2, Catch Me.
Also ran:—Princess, Maid of Morven, Actor, Sheng Hu.
5 lengths.—Time, 31.89.
Win, $52.40. Forecast No. 4-5 Div. $205.00.
12.—525 yd. flat.—1, Feeldale; 2, Top Natcher.
Also ran:—Viscountess, Wyosan, Rob Roy, Shady Rue.
5 lengths.—Time, 31.71.
Win, $10.50. Forecast No. 3-5 Div. $32.30.
13.—525 yd. flat.—1, Brilliant; 2, Woodford.
Also ran:—Chilly Eve, Shanghai Lass, Lady Ruby, Rockmere.
4 lengths.—Time, 31.77.
Win, $12.20. Forecast No. 1-2 Div. $38.80.
14.—525 yd. flat.—1, Ascot Mask; 2, Chihli Black Dove.
1½ length.—Time, 31.57.
Win, $61.40. Forecast No. 1-2 Div. $246.80.
15.—600 yd. flat.—1, Chihli Blue Arrow; 2, Radio.
4½ lengths.—Time, 36.37.
Win, $12.10. Forecast No. 3-2 Div. $70.60

BRITISH CHALLENGE ACCEPTED

U.S. Yachtsmen to Compete This Summer

Boston, Massachussetts, Jan. 8.

A challenge by the Island Sailing Club, of Cowes, England, has been accepted here by the Beverly Yacht Club of Marion, Massachussetts, for a team match this summer between Great Britain and the United States in the Thirty Square Metre class.

This has been announced here by the resident of the Thirty Square Metre Association, Mr. Paul Dudley Dean.

The challenge originated from Mr. Uffa fox, well known British author on yachts, designer and builder Introduced into the British Isles only last summer, the "Thirty" class now has six boats owned or being built in those waters.

Races in the international match will probably take place during the last week in August. This will give British yachtsmen an opportunity to do some class racing off the Isle of Wight during Cowes Week early that month.

Buzzards Ray, off the Massachussetts coast, where the Endeavours were under sail last summer, will probably be the location of the racing. Participation in other international racing in neighbouring waters may follow.

A Swedish team which will be competing at Cowes this coming year may also come to America to sail with the international "Thirties," it is reported.—Reuter.

BIG GRAND NATIONAL ENTRY LIST

Royal Mail Favoured to Win Again This Year

NOTABLE ABSENTEE IS GOLDEN MILLER

London, Feb. 5.

Seventy-nine entries for the Grand National Steeplechase at Aintree, Liverpool, March 25, have been announced after the books closed January 4. This is 19 more than last year, and 25 more than 1936. Peak years were 112 in 1928, and 121 in 1929.

Only one previous winner of the world's premier jumping race, Royal Mail, is in the list, and until the publication of the weights he is favourite at around 10 to 1 to repeat his last year's success.

One notable absentee is Golden Miller, idol of the public for nearly five years, although after his 1934 victory he repeatedly let them down. Last summer his owner, Miss Dorothy Paget announced that he would not run in the National again.

The 1938 field, however, contains 19 horses that ran in the last National, and they include six of the seven that completed the gruelling 4½-mile course. In additional to Royal Mail, they are Cooleen (second), Pucka Belle (third), Ego (fourth), Pencraik (sixth), and Don Bradman (seventh).

Seven American Entries

United States owners have seven entries, led by the American-bred Battleship, owned by Mrs. Marion Scott. Battleship was brought over here in 1936 to compete in the National, but was scratched from last year's race. At the opening of the present season in October, he won an important race at the Hurst Park track, and is already spoken of as Royal Mail's most dangerous opponent.

Mrs. Scott is to come over to see him run, after which he will return to the United States.

J. H. "Jock" Whitney seems at last to have given up hope of winning the National, which he has tried so hard to do and come so near doing, in the last 8 years. He has no entries for this year's race, but the other American-owned horses are: Mrs. Jesse Metcalf's K.D.H., Frank M. Gould's American-bred What Have You, F. Ambrose Clark's La Touche, and his wife's Flying Minutes, Drinmore Lad, owned by Paul Mellon, son of the late Andrew W. Mellon, and J. B. Snow's Delachance.—United Press.

INDIA BEGIN WELL IN 4th TEST

Amar Singh Proves Thorn to Lord Tennyson's XI

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Bombay, Feb. 12.

Lord Tennyson's XI made a poor start to-day in the fifth and deciding unofficial Test Cricket match against All-India. Although favoured with the toss, the Englishmen were dismissed for the low score of 130.

Amar Singh, who was the main cause of the tourists' downfall in the fourth Test, again proved the chief stumbling block to-day, his bowling claiming five victims for only 47 runs.

At the close India had made 73 for five.

The Englishmen won the first two Tests but lost the last two, and although only four matches were originally scheduled it was agreed to play a fifth in order to decide the rubber.—Reuter.

OXFORD, CAMBRIDGE DRAW AT HOCKEY

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 12.

In the inter-Varsity hockey match to-day, Oxford drew with Cambridge at one goal all. The Light Blues scored the equalizing goal eight minutes from the end.—Reuter.

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LARGEST INTERPORT HUNT IN PEIPING HISTORY

Field of Fifty-five Riders Led Home by E. Leighton T.S. Neppo in a Deadheat Finish

MR. E. C. Leighton on Athene rode one of his typical racing finishes to run Mr. T. S. Neppo on M. Lago's Gaucho to a dead heat in the Interport Hunt recently at Paomachang. This was the first occasion on which Peiping and Tientsin shared the honours in an Interport win.

A field of fifty-five riders (the largest in Peiping Interport history) was composed of thirty-four lightweights—seventeen from each club—and twenty-one heavyweights—eleven from Peiping and ten from Tientsin. They were supported by a large number of followers, photographers and friends, attracted to Paomachang by the most important event of the riding season.

The preliminary ceremonies appertaining to Interport Hunts were most graciously conducted by H. E. and Madame R. de L. Lago, who served a stimulating stirrup cup to about one hundred and fifty guests in the garden of their Paomachang cottage. Called to attention by the locally unfamiliar strains of the Hunting Horn (adequately blown by Lt. Brierly deputizing for the Master) the riders listened to instructions from Dr. Hall as the general conditions of Peiping hunting.

Off to The West

Forewarned and fore-armed, the Light and Heavy Brigades moved off —not off their horses—in a general westerly direction, on a four-mile run to the first check. During this run the careful planning of the layers (Dr. Hall, Mr. Henning, and Mr. Szavo) was made apparent to the competitors. Although the going was over heavy plow, the jumps and obstacles were carefully spaced so that the field arrived intact at the first check. Many ponies (and some riders) were panting rather heavily at this point, and full use was made of the four-minute rest.

After the order to mount had been given by Mr. Mairo Prodan, who had been the first arrival at the check, the arrow was picked out of an innocent ditch (following an old Tientsin custom, in defence to the visitors) by Mr. Hilse and Captain Griffith. After a slight contretemps with a large bank (referred by the Master) the field managed to get off towards the Western Hills. During this run Cocoanut divorced Captain Fisher and started off on a little hunt of his own.

Difficult Obstacles

Mr. T. S. Neppo tallyhoed the third arrow and the field, well bunched, followed his dust at a discreet distance. Gaucho was going strong here, hotly pursued by Mr. O. Joerg on Sunset, Mr. Dallas on Ireland, Mrs. Delamain on Robin Grey, Commandante del Greco on Nikko Secundo and Mr. Stephen on Dumpty.

The spectators, by this time uncertain as to which week's hunt they were attending, finally managed to detach from a large cloud of dust, a mass of pink coats vividly punctuated by the yellow sweater worn by Mr. Neppo. Gaucho and Athene were making it too fast for the others, and for the last quarter of a mile it was obvious that the race was between these two.

After taking the last jump, Gaucho, who had a slight lead, swerved to the left and Mr. Leighton, realizing that this was his last opportunity to win, called upon his long racing experience and literally lifted Athene into a dead heat.

Passed 30 Ponies

Miss Marschall, who had been badly left at the last check, finished third on Fey. This was a remarkable performance as she had passed about thirty ponies during the last three quarters of a mile, and, without detracting from the excellent performance of Gaucho and Athene, it is quite possible that Fey would have run ahead of both had he gotten well away at the check.

Major Delamain, or Kagawang was a close fourth, followed by Mr. O. Joerg on Sunset, Mrs. Delamain on Robin Grey, Mr. Dallas on Ireland, and Baron von Delwig on Wodan. As Mrs. Delamain had missed a jump during the run in, she withdrew her name from the card, and Mr. Weidinger, on Minuet, moved into eighth place. There were no heavyweights on the card, but Mr. Hilse of Tientsin and Lieutenant Trachta of Peiping pressed Mr. Weidinger closely and, considering the length and difficulty of the hunt, made an excellent showing.

Racers Enjoy Lunch

The buffet luncheon served at the Race Club, was enjoyed by about one hundred and seventy-five guests. After luncheon, the cups were presented by Madame R. de L. Lago. Mr. Leighton took charge of the Argyll and Sutherland Cup for half a year, after which time it will revert to Peiping where it will be taken care of by Mr. Neppo. There were several very amusing speeches made by Dr. Hall, Mr. O. Joerg, and Baron von Wodan (Delwig). After these the cash sweeps were drawn by Mr. C. Thunder, assisted by Mrs. Overesch and Mrs. A. Riva, and the lucky numbers were announced. Holders of these are advised that they may claim their prizes from Mr. Thunder at 41 Hsin Kai Lou.

Riders And Ponies

The following riders and ponies participated in the hunt:

Tientsin: Mr. O. Joerg, the Master, on Sunset; Mr. J. S. Davenport on Bathurst; Mr. Ian Howell on Socrates; Mr. A. Roehreke on Faehnrich; Mrs. Finch on Princesse; Baron A. von Delwig on Wodan; Mr. T. B. Shaw on Grey Vixen; Mr. E. C. Leighton on Athene; Mrs. Delamain on Robin Gray; Mr. Courens on Bunter Peter; Miss Eastham on Randwick; Major Delamain on Kagawang; Mr. R. MacDonald on Ilford; Lt. Raynor on Gobi Fate; Mr. H. V. Bridge on Tuquilla; Mr. R. D. Secretan on Acrobat Mr. Gidley Baird on Lucky Future; Mr. A. Rapp on Kadett; Mr. Wilm on Ulan; Mr. Eicheatopf on Obermoat; Mr. Tredemann on Rittmeister; Mr. E. W. G. Hilse on Hussar; Dr. Frankeu on Pen; Mr. Charistie on Hummel; Capt. Oxenford on Red Raider; Miss Harper on Ptarmigan.

Peiping: Capt. Fisher on Cocoanut, Mr. C. B. Heathcote Smith on Bude Bay; Miss Gerda Heiss on Kaspar; Mr. L. Weidinger on Minuet; Mr. M. S. Brierly on Old Gold; Mr. S. K. Wang on Rob Roy; Mr. T. S. Neppo on Gaucho; Miss Holland on Salop; Mr. K. Werner on Bowsprit Mr. P. Dowdall on Irony; Mr. G. C. Briggs on Mount Kenya; Miss Werner on Overdraft, Commandant del Greco on Nikko Secundo; Miss Hilde Marschall on Fey; Mr. A. N. Dallas on Ireland; Mr. Cleland on Mirage; Major Deane on Golconda; Mr. Scheyven on Kalga; Capt. Griffith on Lookse; Mr. E. J. Bourne on Corn Likker; Mr. J. H. G. Cooper on Morecambe Bay; Dr. Werner on Tungwan; Mr. Lyon on Joe Bush; Lt. S. Trachta on Tipon; Mr. M. Prodan on Nijinsky; Mr. J. Stephen on Dumpty; Mr. Rothe on Atebrin; Mr. Haesloop on Tsar.

VOLLEYBALL SEASON TO BEGIN SOON

League Play Will Start on February 21

RUSSIAN REGIMENT IS LIKELY TO WIN

The Foreign Y.M.C.A. Volleyball Committee have decided to start the Tenth Annual Invitation League on February 21. More than ten teams are invited to participate and the "Y" Physical Department expects to receive their entries by to-day.

Only four teams took part in the "A" Division of last year's contest. The Foreign "Y" were rather fortunate to win from the highly favoured Russian Regiment in the final and captured the championship. The Navy "Y" finished a poor third while Sokol occupied the cellar berth. This season, however, at least two more entrants are expected to join the senior bracket. Therefore, much keener competition will be forthcoming.

Premier honours in the past "B" Division were won by Berith Trumpeldor. There had been two sections in this category and the champion came out first in Section I without a single loss in five matches. The Navy "Y" seconders made a similar record in the other department but were overcome in the final championship series by the Trumpeldors.

This Year's Divisions

This year the league will be divided also into two divisions of not more than seven teams. "A" Division will be for the stronger teams and "B" Division for the newer teams of lesser strength.

A team is not limited in the number of players it may use in the League, except that any player having played on the team is not eligible to play on another team in the same division during the season. Each team is limited to register ten players. When a unit has a team in each division, a player may be advanced from "B" to "A" for one match, but no player having participated in two "A" matches will thereafter be eligible for the "B" division.

Competition in each division will be based on the number of sets won, i.e. a set consists of three games and a team winning two of the three games of a set will secure one point. The teams having the greatest number of points at the end of the schedule will be declared the champions. In case of two or more teams having the same number of points at the end of the playing schedule, a play-off will be held to consist of a series of three out of five games to determine the championship of that division.

No games in the schedule will be postponed except for most unusual circumstances. If a team is unable to be present for a given match, a forfeit score of 45 points (15 points a game) will be awarded, and three games won to the team that is present, and three games lost to the team that forfeits.

Women's League

The Volleyball Committee are also trying to inaugurate a Women's League. Last year many friendly matches were run off which produced great interest. Volleyball is appealing to the fair sex more than basketball because the game is less vigorous and more easy to play. The Women's Sports Section of the "Y" can raise at least two teams. Junior Athletic Club, Erin Villa, and several other sports-minded organization have no reason not to participate.

U.S. WILL NOT JOIN BOYCOTT

Olympic Chairman Makes Statement

Chicago, Feb. 13.

Labelling as "political talk" the efforts of a Chinese patriotic organization to gain support for a boycott of the 1940 Olympic Games in Tokyo, Mr. Avery Brundage, President of the American Olympic Committee, declared to-day that the U.S. sports body "will never be dragged into such a movement."

In a statement to newspapermen regarding the boycott movement purportedly started in Shanghai, the American Olympics official stated that sports should be kept divorced from politics.

Previously Mr. Brundage had maintained silence on the boycott talk. The China association reportedly asked foreign Powers to boycott the Olympics in Tokyo because "Japan has declared she intends to drive the white races out of Asia and is conducting a barbarous war against China."

Seems Like Politics

"It seems like politics instead of sports to me," Brundage declared.

According to reports from European sports authorities, Germany and Italy have indicated their frank opposition to the Chinese boycott campaign. Other countries, while not expressing definite opinions, were said to favour waiting upon the action of the International Olympic Committee which will meet in Cairo in March.

Several countries, including Austria and Poland were reported to be disregarding the Chinese proposals and to be going ahead with preparations to take part in the Tokyo games. —Domei.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

MARINE SPANKING NAUGHTY CLUB PLAYER?

This misleading action was caught in the rugger game at the Race Course on Saturday when the U. S. Marines 2nd XV defeated the S.R.U.F.C. 2nd XV in a Spunt Cup game by a wide margin.

AUSTRALIA'S OVERSEAS TRADE

Favourable Balances with Most Countries: Better Relations in the Empire

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Australia's aggregate favourable balance with principal world countries improved by more than £12,000,000 to £36,372,731 in 1936-37.

This satisfactory position arises mainly from increased trade with America, Belgium and Italy.

A feature of the figures is the conversion of an unfavourable balance of £6 million sterling with the United States in 1935-36 into a favourable balance of just over £2 million in 1936-37—a gain to Australia of £8 million in the twelve months because of increased American purchases of wool from Australia and to shipments of gold from this country.

Our trade with Italy has more than survived the sanctions crisis, the favourable balance for 1936-37 exceeding £3,800,000, compared with a balance of only £106,138 in the previous year.

Our favourable balance with Belgium improved by £1,500,000 to £6,740,000, with France by more than £1 million to £5,467,000, and an unfavourable balance of £1 million with Germany in 1935-36 was reduced to an adverse balance of £212,110 in 1936-37.

On the other hand, the effects of the trade dispute with Japan in the second half of 1936, and the general uncertainty of affairs in the East are seen in the reduction of Australia's favourable balance of more than £9 millions sterling in 1935-36 to a favourable balance of just over £3,700,000 in 1936-37.

The only foreign country with which Australia had a heavy adverse balance in 1936-37 was the Netherlands East Indies. Our trade with Java was more than £5 millions sterling on the wrong side of the ledger, compared with an adverse balance of £3,900,000 a year ago.

Exports To Foreign Countries

Taking principal foreign countries with which Australia does business, aggregate exports to these were £52,910,767 in 1936-37, compared with £43,134,639 in the previous year. Imports were slightly larger in 1936-37 at £35,410,922. These figures give a favourable balance of trade with foreign countries of £16,899,845, compared with £8,577,244 in the previous 12 months. Thus the severe loss of trade with Japan was more than compensated for by increased trade with other foreign countries.

Because of a favourable balance of £24,388,241 sterling with the United Kingdom in 1936-37, a gain of about £3 million in the 12 months, Australia had a favourable balance of more than £21,500,000 as a result of her trade with British countries last financial year.

Australia and the Democracies

Australia soon will send a delegation to England to negotiate a renewal of the five-years Ottawa agreement, a matter which was postponed until after the Federal elections. The proposed British-American trade treaty, by which the United States hopes to gain a larger share of the British market for her primary products, is expected to influence the terms on which the Ottawa Imperial treaty will be renewed.

Australia emphasizes the great importance to her public economy of increasing exports to Great Britain and of maintaining her protective policy. At the same time, as a British country in the Pacific, she is ardently in favour of closer co-operation between the United States and Great Britain for protecting the security and interests of the world's democracies. The subject is exciting a lively interest throughout the Commonwealth, and before the Australian delegation leaves public opinion will probably have taken definite shape.

Hubert Opperman, Australia's champion long-distance cyclist, who has records in Europe as well as Australia, rode against time from Perth on the western coast of Australia to Sydney on the east coast, a distance of 3,017 miles. He did the journey in 13 days 10 hours 11 minutes—5 days 8 hours 21 minutes less than the previous record. It was a trying journey. At one stage the cyclist had to ride for miles in flood waters nearly a foot deep. At another the dim track lay through deep sands, where pedalling was sometimes impossible and Opperman had to carry his machine. Occasionally as much energy was needed to travel 50 yards as is ordinarily required to cover ten miles. Many miles more were rocky and hazardous.

The sun was fierce, and the nights sometimes cold. Opperman skidded in the desert and hurt his knee. His hands were jarred by the bad tracks, and his back muscles suffered, but his recuperative powers were wonderful. Once when he was nodding in sleep on his machine he was induced to relax for fifteen minutes and at the end of that brief period he started again with renewed energies.

Opperman weighed 143 lbs. when he started and 128 lbs. when he finished. Two days after reaching Sydney he was motor-cycle racing on the track for "relaxation."

Distributing Australian Films

The Commonwealth Cinematograph Department is rapidly developing a form of advertising which is justified also for its value as an aid to education and entertainment. The expert officers have got far beyond the relatively primitive films produced ten years ago. About a dozen pictures are made each year and the industry is now self-supporting.

The films are distributed throughout the British Dominions, the United States, and most countries in both hemispheres. Special interest is shown in our unique flora and fauna and in scenes and events particularly characteristic of the country.

The latest production by the Cinematograph sub-department is a 720 ft. film "starring" the lyre bird in his natural home in Sherbrooke Forest. In order to secure a genuine presentation of the beautiful bird mimic's dancing and singing entertainment much patience had to be shown. The photographers were not satisfied until they had worked for three years.

New air services that will fly more than 20,000 miles a week and give Melbourne greatly improved connections with other capital cities have begun.

Duplication of Australian National Airways' Douglas services between Melbourne and Sydney and Melbourne and Adelaide, and the completion of Ansett Airways' network by the inauguration of an Adelaide-Narrandera service, will give Melbourne the following inter-capital services.—

To Sydney.—Four flights daily, two direct, one via Narrandera, one via Wagga and Canberra.

Total seats available: 52 each way.

To Adelaide.—Four flights daily, one direct, one via Mt. Gambier and Narracoorte, one via Mildura, Broken Hill and Renmark.

Total seats available, 37 to Adelaide, 31 from Adelaide.

Ansett Airways' new service not only gives a new Adelaide-Sydney service, but a new Adelaide-Melbourne connection via Mildura, and a new Broken Hill service—all operating each way daily.

Features of the new schedules are arrangements by which business men may fly to any of the capitals, spend some hours there, and return home the same day.

Militia in the Country

In response to requests from a number of country towns, several infantry battalions which formerly had their headquarters in Sydney and it suburbs have been moved.

The new training centres were established only after careful sounding of local opinion and investigation of fresh recruiting fields. Since there is a need of army reinforcements, it was felt by the military authorities that full advantage should be taken of the desire manifested in certain country districts to build up the personnel of the non-technical units.

Coincidentally with the extension of militia training to the country has come to the conversion of two near-metropolitan light horse regiments into machine-gun units, equipped with motor lorries instead of horse. The lorries are supplied by volunteers in return for a satisfactory subsidy paid by the Defence Department.

Continuous criticism of the police by a section of the Press and a small group of politicians has given rise to hot resentment in the ranks of the force itself, and uneasiness on the part of the public. Ever since the dismissal of a number of constables who were found guilty of misconduct by the Royal Commission on starting-price betting, the police have been under a cloud. The fact that heavy damages were recently given against certain officers in a suit for trespass seems to have aggravated the situation.

Nevertheless, Mr. Mair, a member of the Legislative Assembly, scarcely exaggerated when he warned the Chamber, the other day, that an anti-police campaign might have very serious social results and bring about a condition of insecurity. While not attempting to defend police officers who performed their duties in a brutal and irregular manner, Mr. Mair said that perpetual criticism would certainly have the effect of discouraging the force as a whole. He considered the New South Wales police to be the finest organization of its kind in the world, with the single exception of the London Metropolitan Police.

Industry And Business

Industry and trade have been stimulated by the improved seasonal conditions and by the spring sporting carnival, which, as usual, brought a host of visitors to Melbourne. Employment has widened further, and official reports show that the number of registered unemployed has fallen by 4,000 during the year, making it 26,000 at the middle of October. Building operations show no recession, the value of permits granted in Melbourne and suburbs during September being £638,130, or £23,834 more than for September last year. Registrations of new motor vehicles indicate buoyant sales figures. Practically all branches of the machinery trade are busy, and makers of agricultural implements, factory equipment, building sundries, mining machinery, etc., report full operation at prices showing fair profit margins.

Country distributing trade has improved considerably and storekeepers are looking forward to a much increased buying demand as the season progresses. Wholesalers report large orders for delivery during December.

Despite these facts the Stock Exchange responds to London and New York influences and quotations, exception those for Government Stock and bonds, are somewhat depressed. The supply of cheap money appears to favour the Conversion of local loans amounting to about £70,000,000 next year.

H. W. AUSTIN RANKED AT THE TOP

Britain's Best Tennis Men Listed in Order

London, Jan. 6.

A ranking list that is always of interest is that of F. R. Burrow, in the "Observer." He gives twenty players in contrast to the dozen selected by the Lawn Tennis Association, and among the extra eight places several young players who may be expected to be Britain's best in a year or two.

There are few differences between the first twelve players on his list and the L.T.A. dozen. Eleven of the players, in fact, appear in both his first dozen and the L.T.A.'s list, though not in every case in the same place in the list.

Burrow, after the first three, lumps five players together as joint fourth, three as joint ninth and three as joint twelfth, in indication of the closeness of their form and the difficulty of deciding who would be the winner of a match between any pair of them.

The list is:

1. H. W. Austin
2. C. E. Hare
3. C. R. D. Tuckey
4. D. W. Butler, H. F. David, H. G. N. Lee, R. A. Shayes and F. H. D. Wilde
9. C. M. Jones, D. McPhail and J. S. Olliff
12. H. Billington, E. C. Peters, and N. Sharpe
15. M. D. Deloford
16. E. J. David, E. J. Filby and R. J. Ritchie
19. G. R. B. Meredith and P. V. V. Sherwood

List Changes

Four players who disappear from the list, compared with last year's, are F. J. Perry, who has turned professional, and G. P. Hughes, E. R. Avory and J. L. Chamberlain, who have played in too little competitive tennis in 1937 to be included. The newcomers are the two Davids, Filby and McPhail, who is the Scottish champion.

Austin is the only choice for number one, but it was a close thing for second place between the more brilliant Hare and the more reliable Tuckey.

Of the next five, many have met more than once in the past year, but not always with the same result. The compiler considers that Shayes has improved remarkably, and ought to be a Davis Cup player before long. At present he lacks concentration. Butler has also come on a great deal. Some of the others are veterans, but improvement is also looked for from McPhail and Billington particularly. —Reuter.

British amateur roller figure skating championship in the international style will be decided at the Embassy Rink, Sparkbrook, on April 9. H. J. T. Lidstone (Birmingham R.S.C.) is the holder.

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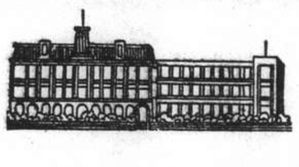

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FOREIGN MONEY RATES

London: Feb. 12.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	0 9/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	0 9/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¼%
Fine Trade Bills.	6 months	2¾%

New York: closed.—Reuter.

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

London £ Sterling T. T. on: Feb. 12.

New York	501.95	Shanghai	1/2 9/32
Paris	151.50	Bombay	1/6 3/32
Berlin	12.41	Hongkong	1/3 1/16
Amsterdam	8.96 13/16	Singapore	2/4 5/32
Brussels	29.55¼	Yokohama	1/2
Madrid	85.00N	.. (buyers)	1/1 31/32
Milan	95.30	S'Slovakia	142.81
Berne	21.60½		

—Reuter

U.S. COMMODITIES

Winnipeg Wheat — **Montreal Silver**

May 127½-127½ —½ Mar. 44.60-5.05 —05 B/A

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

BRITISH COMMODITIES

Saturday's Closing Quotations

London, Feb. 12.

Commodities, generally, remained quiet and featureless to-day.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 6 9/16 unch; sellers 7 1/16 unch; March del. buyers 7 unch; sellers 7 1/16 —1/16;

London Sugar (Buyers): Mar. 5/3 +¼; May 5/5 +¼; Aug. 5/6 +¼;

Liverpool Wheat: March 7/7⅛ —½; May 7/6⅛ —½; July 7/6 —⅜;

Liverpool Cotton: American Futures: March 4.90 unch; May 4.96 +1; July 5.00 unch; Sept. 5.04 +1; Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7): March 6.99 +6; May 7.10 +6; July 7.16 +5; September 7.16 +5;
London Metals: closed.—Reuter.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET

Bombay, Feb. 12.

This week's big factor on the Bombay cotton market was the representative passage of the Farm Bill, but doubt regarding the passage of the Bill by the Senate induced liquidation. Traders are awaiting further developments.

The sharp increase of arrivals from up country indicates not only that the crop is late but that cotton was held back by farmers.

Market staples were inclined to be easier, and it is anticipated that with the more free movement in Broach styles, demand will swing in favour of Broach.

The weather in the Broach districts was favourable, with the condition of the crop good.

Export demand was negligible, on Japanese inquiry having been tailed-off.—Reuter.

LONDON MONEY MARKET REPORT

London, Feb. 12.

Continued tax payments and some repatriation of French funds on the London money market during the past week exercised a check on the recent flow of cheap money.

Consequently, borrowers frequently turned to clearing houses for accommodation.—Reuter.

JAPAN'S RAW COTTON REQUIREMENTS

Still Depends on America for her Supplies

Tokyo, Feb. 12.

Japan's North China adventure has not yet made her independent of American raw cotton.

The Japan Cotton Spinners' Association is sounding out American producers with a plan for obtaining the product on a three to six-month payment plan. If that proves successful the association may establish credit over longer terms and give up for the time being any idea of cutting down American cotton purchases.

The plan is being shaped to avoid conflict with Japan's strict import control law.

Cotton may be obtained also from India under similar arrangement but the association decided to start with American cotton and explore that situation first, Ethiopia also still holds possibilities, Japan having obtained some concessions from Italy.

Japan's purchases of American cotton in 1936 amounted to 1,564,111 bales. The imports from January to September, 1937, were 1,075,361 bales, an increase of about 28,000 bales over the corresponding 1930 period.

An import regulation plan for cotton has been put into force in Japan with purchase of raw cotton restricted to 1,050,000 piculs a month. A picul is equivalent to 133 pounds. Japan has no intention of curtailing her exports of textiles and any reduction in textile trade will be in home consumption.

Control of cotton importation and fixing of prices for yarns are expected to result in keeping the prices of Japanese textiles low enough to give Japan a competitive advantage in world markets and bring a revival of export activity in Japanese-made cotton goods.

This year industrial concerns that have a capital exceeding Y.1,000,000,000 are to take the lead in the industrialization effort in conquered Chinese territory.

According to the magazine "Industrialist" plans for the modernization of North China were begun by the South Manchuria Railway Company late in 1935. They are now ready, and operation can begin as soon as the present undeclared war ends.—United Press.

N.Y. MARKET REVIEWED

New York, Feb. 12.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange held up well in the face of many uncertainties in the last week, observers said here to-day.

These uncertainties were said to include rumours of a German Army revolt; prospects of passage of the farm bill which has been termed worse than the Agricultural Adjustment Act set up; increased relief expenditures; the strength of foreign currencies, possibly indicating expectations of further devaluation of United States currency; and finally, fears of foreign liquidation of American stocks.

Traders are worried regarding the ultimate consequences of the new Security and Exchange Commission short selling rules and prospects of further market thinness.—United Press.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Range of Fluctuation and Dividends of Certain Stocks

By courtesy Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Name of Stock (No par value except where indicated)		Dividends: Annual rate*	Dividends: Date of 1st quarterly payment	Book value	Earnings or Deficits: 5 yr. average 1926-30	1934	1936	1937 Est.	Yield on basis of price in %
Adams Express	..	0.60†	Irregular	13	—	nil	0.50	—	6
American Can	25	4	Feb. 15	61	6.29	6.72	5.80	7.00	5
Am. and Foreign Power	..	—	—	—	1.43	D11.12	D 9.45	Def.	nil
Am. and For. P. $7 cum. Pref.		—	—	110	23.49	2.46	5.84	—	nil
Am. Locomotive	..	—	—	12	4.20	D 6.02	D 1.75	4.00	nil
Am. Radiator	..	0.60	Sept. 30	12	1.84	0.11	0.70	0.75	5*
Am. Rolling Mill	..	1.70†	Jan. 15	33	2.46	0.50	2.25	3.50	9
American Smelting (10)	..	3*	Feb. 28	52	7.27	1.63	6.85	7.50	6*
Am. Tel. and Tel.	100	9	Jan. 15	128	11.30	5.96	9.89	10.25	7
Am. Tob. "B"	25	5	Mar. 1	27	6.00	4.46	3.71	5.00	8
Am. Waterworks	..	—	—	35	2.80	1.03	1.52	1.10	nil
Anaconda Copper	50	2	Mar. 29	55	4.97	0.22	1.83	4.00	6
Atch., Top. & S. Fe.	100	2	Irregular	260	19.16	0.32	1.56	1.32	6
Auburn Automobiles		—	—	28	9.72	D16.21	D 6.67	6.00	nil
Baltimore and Ohio	100	—	—	126	11.36	D 2.41	0.85	D 0.79	nil
Bethlehem Steel	..	5†	Irregular	119	7.06	D 1.87	2.09	6.90	9
Boeing Airplane	5	0.40†	Irregular	6	—	D 0.43	0.32	1.00	1
Borden Co.	15	1.60	Mar. 1	30	4.91	1.02	1.80	1.80	9
Bklyn. Manh. Tran.	..	—	—	79	6.78	7.40	5.59	0.50	nil
Canadian Pacific Rly.	25	—	—	40	3.11	D 0.20	0.04	0.28	nil
Case, J. I.	100	10†	Irregular	134	14.53	D 7.38	12.36	—	11
Chase Nat. Bank	13.55	1.40	F.A. 1	30	4.04	2.02	2.24	2.03A	5
Chesapeake & Ohio	25	2.80*	Jan. 1	51	5.67	3.67	5.72	4.40	9*
Chesapeake Corp.	..	3*	Jan. 1	62	3.15	4.07	5.69	7.50	8*
Chrysler	5	10†	Mar. 13	28	4.69	2.19	14.25	12.00	18
Columbia Gas and Electric	..	0.45†	Irregular	16	2.08	0.24	0.53	0.60	6
Commercial Solvents	..	0.60	J. D. 30	6	1.20	0.89	0.85	0.75	7
Commonwealth & Southern	..	—	—	5	0.67	D 0.04	0.13	0.18A	nil
Consolidated Edison	..	2	Mar. 15	52	4.50	2.18	2.33	2.00	9*
Consolidated Oil	..	0.80*	Feb. 15	18	—	D 0.02	1.18	1.30	9
Continental Oil	..	1*	Jan. 30	17	0.64	1.03	1.78	3.25	3*
Corn Products	25	3	Jan. 20	34	4.41	3.16	3.86	2.50	5*
Delaware and Hudson	..	—	—	235	12.37	D 3.38	0.31	D 1.61	nil
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	..	1†	Irregular	13	nil	0.54	2.42	3.95A	7
Douglas Aircraft	..	—	—	12	1.50	0.08	1.74	—	nil
Dupont de Nemours	20	6.25†	Mar. 15	36	5.17	3.63	7.54	7.60	6
Electric Bond & Share	5	—	—	27	2.15	0.21	0.17	0.35	nil
Elec. Bond & Share $6 Pref.	..	6	Feb. 1	110	—	6.55	6.42	7.00	12
General Electric	..	1.60*	Jan. 25	11	1.81	0.59	1.52	2.10	4*
General Foods	..	2*	Feb. 15	11	3.86	2.12	2.71	2.75	6*
General Motors	10	3.75†	Mar. 12	16	4.83	2.00	5.36	4.25	11
General Railway Signal	..	1	Jan. 2	14	7.99	D 1.50	0.17	1.58A	5
Goodrich Rubber	..	1†	Irregular	23	2.09	0.41	4.03	4.00	6
Goodyear Tire and Rubber	..	2.50†	Irregular	21	5.12	D 0.66	3.90	5.50	12
Great Northern Ry. Pfd.	..	2	Irregular	157	9.47	D 0.43	3.99	3.94	9
Hecker Products	..	0.60*	Feb. 1	13	3.58	0.48	0.71	0.89A	9
Int. Nickel	..	2*	Mar. 30	12	0.85	1.13	2.40	3.35	4
Int. Tel. and Tel.	..	—	—	38	3.45	0.33	0.63	—	nil
Kennecott	..	2*	Mar. 30	29	3.67	0.53	2.36	4.50	5*
Loew's Inc.	..	7.50†	Mar. 30	51	6.71	4.50	6.73	9.00	16
Lorillard P. Co. (com.)	10	1.20†	Jan. 2	18	1.27	1.15	1.51	0.85A	7*
Montgomery Ward	..	2	Apr. 15	28	2.51	1.72	3.63	3.50	6
Nat. City Bank N.Y.	12½	1	F. A. 1	25	4.12	2.00	2.13	2.00	4
Nat. Dairy Products	..	1.20	Jan. 2	12	3.58	0.94	2.01	1.75	8
National Distillers	..	2*	Feb. 1	18	—	5.51	3.81	3.75	10*
Nat. Power and Light	..	0.60	Mar. 1	21	1.74	0.85	0.99	1.25	9
New York Central	..	—	—	142	12.63	D 1.54	1.79	1.08	nil
North American Co.	..	1.20*	Jan. 2	22	4.47	1.04	1.74	2.05	7*
Pacific Gas and Electric	25	2	Jan. 16	28	2.83	1.52	2.55	2.30	8
Pacific Lighting	..	3*	Feb. 15	9	2.70	2.72	3.88	4.30	8
Packard Motors	..	0.25†	Irregular	3	1.11	D 0.49	0.47	0.39	5
Paramount Pictures	1	—	—	15	—	—	1.18	2.00	nil
Pennsylvania Railroad	50	1.25†	Irregular	89	7.01	1.43	2.94	2.20	6
Phillips Petroleum	..	2*	Mar. 1	34	3.69	1.38	4.02	5.50	5*
Public Service of N.J.	..	2.60	Mar. 30	31	3.15	2.95	2.80	2.60	9
Pure Oil	..	0.25	Irregular	21	1.77	D 0.97	1.63	2.00	2
Radio Corp.	..	0.20	Irregular	nil	1.32	D 0.10	0.21	0.55	3
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	..	2.85§	Jan. 1	14	3.04	2.15	2.93	3.10	7
Schenley	5	3*	Mar. 31	26	—	6.64	7.05	5.75	13
Sears Roebuck	..	3*	Mar. 16	40	5.03	3.13	5.60	6.25	5
Socony Vacuum Corp.	15	0.80†	M. S 15	20	—	0.76	1.38	2.20	5
So. California Edison	25	1.50*	Feb. 15	21	3.07	1.17	2.45	2.10	7
Southern Pacific	100	—	—	196	10.19	0.11	3.84	0.30	nil
Standard Brands	..	0.60	Jan. 2	4	1.53	1.06	1.13	0.73A	8
Standard Gas & Electric	..	—	—	50	6.59	D 1.95	D 0.99	D 1.25	nil
Standard Oil of N.J.	25	2.50†	J. D. 15	44	3.47	1.76	3.73	5.00	5
Sterling Products	10	3.80*	Mar. 1	17	4.52	4.79	5.05	5.00	7*
Texas Gulf Sulphur	..	2*	Mar. 15	16	5.21	1.81	2.56	3.00	7*
Transamerica	2	0.75	J. J. 31	7	0.82	0.48	1.08	—	7
Union Carbide & Carbon	..	3.20	Jan. 2	26	3.40	2.28	4.14	4.50	4
Union Pacific Railway	100	6	Jan. 2	198	17.53	6.63	8.20	5.85	8
United Aircraft	5	1†	Irregular	7	—	D 0.01	0.76	1.50	4
United Airlines	5	—	—	8	—	D 2.19	0.26	nil	nil
United Corp.	..	0.20	Irregular	7	0.55	0.17	0.19	0.22A	7
United Gas Improvement	..	1	Mar. 30	11	1.29	1.19	1.09	1.05A	10
U.S. Indus. Alcohol	..	—	—	33	7.57	4.04	D 0.20	1.75	nil
U.S. Rubber	..	—	—	13	nil	D 3.15	3.31	4.50	nil
U.S. Steel	100	1†	Irregular	140	12.90	D 5.39	2.91	8.00	2
Vanadium	..	1†	Irregular	26	4.59	D 2.29	0.40	2.50	6
Warner Bros. Pictures	5	—	—	15	1.84	D 0.77	0.75	1.48A	nil
Westinghouse Elec.	50	6†	Feb. 28	67	7.22	D 0.04	5.67	8.00	6

*Plus extras D Deficit A Actual †Dividends are for the latest four quarters.

COLONY RESIDENTS IN LAWSUIT

Claim in Connection with Sale of Nat. Salvation Bonds

FORMER EMPLOYEE SEEKS DAMAGES

Four prominent Chinese citizens, including the Hon. Sir Shou-son Chow, were named as defendants in a remuneration claim for $818.33, in connection with the sale of Chinese National Salvation bonds, before the Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice R. E. Lindsell at the Summary Court on Feb. 7, states the "Hongkong Telegraph."

Plaintiff was Mr. Francis Yee, and the other defendants, besides Sir Shou-son Chow, were Mr. Kan Tong-po, Manager of the Bank of East Asia, Mr. Li Sing-kui, Chairman of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. Shou J. Chen, of the Bank of China.

Mr. M. A. da Silva appeared for plaintiff. Sir Shou-son Chow and Mr. Chen were represented by Mr. Peter H. Sin, while Mr. C. Y. Kwan appeared for the other two.

Sir Shou-son Chow and Mr. Chen brought a counter-claim for damages in the sum of $385 by plaintiff's breach of duty in authorising or procuring the printing of 10,000 posters.

At the outset, Mr. Sin applied that Sir Shou-son Chow, who, he said, had really nothing to do with the case, be excused as he had an important engagement. A similar application by Mr. Kwan on behalf of his clients was also granted.

Mr. Silva said defendants were members of the Committee in charge of the sale in Hongkong of the Salvation bonds. Plaintiff was engaged by them to conduct an advertising campaign in respect of the sale, and the campaign was agreed to be terminated on March 31 this year. On October 26 last, it was verbally agreed that the remuneration to plaintiff should be at the rate $200 a month from November 1, this remuneration to include salaries and wages of any clerks or helpers plaintiff might think fit to employ.

Employment Terminated

On November 15, defendants wrongfully terminated the employment by notice in writing and refused to employ plaintiff any longer. The claim was made up of remuneration due to plaintiff from November 1 to December 14 and from December 15 to March 31, 1938.

Plaintiff stated in evidence that the first person he saw in connection with the campaign was Mr. Lam, Sub-Manager of the Bank of China. That was in August last, when he gave Mr. Lam a rough idea of the campaign, at the same time mentioning compensation at the end of it and allowance to carry on in the meantime.

A few days later he saw Mr. Chen, fourth defendant, on the introduction of Mr. Lam, and in the course of the interview it was stated that the Committee in charge of the sale would appropriate a temporary sum of $2,000 to spend in advertising, etc. There was no mention of any fees but he was given to understand that he would receive a very generous allowance at the end of the campaign, plus, of course, substantial remuneration for the time being. It was also mentioned that the campaign would terminate on March 31.

Cockloft as Office

Subsequently, he was given a cockloft in the Bank of China building to use as office, and on or about October 4 he saw Mr. Chen again in connection with the posters, one of which was in Chinese and the other only a rough sketch. As regards the posting up of the Chinese poster he was to get permission, and he saw Mr. Sin, the legal adviser to the Committee, and went with him to the S.C.A. for the purpose. On October 6, he received a letter from Mr. Sin telling him the places where the poster was to be put up.

The rough sketch was later substituted by one bearing three planes and a house on fire. After this was approved, he made an order with the Rumford Printing Press for 10,000 copies at a cost of $385.

Prior to that, the S.C.A. had objected to the putting up of the Chinese poster, and the wording of it. Previously, he had been given to understand by Mr. Sin that the S.C.A. approved of it, but in fact they never did.

I hope plaintiff will remember he is on oath. He will get into serious trouble if he says such things again, interposed Mr. Sin.

I am not telling lies, replied plaintiff, who then went on to say that on seeing the Third Assistant at the S.C.A. he was told that no permission had been given to Mr. Sin. The Assistant further told him that so far as the S.C.A. were concerned they would not prosecute but he could not say what the Police would do.

The bill for the second poster was paid by Mr. Chen on October 30, Mr. Chen had never told him he had exceeded his authority in ordering the posters, which he left at the Bank of China. He had since seen them exhibited in the China Emporium and various shops in Wanchai.

Not Working for Nothing

Up to the end of October he had a staff of six paid helpers with a total salary of approximately $190. He himself was paid $200 a month from September 13, when the campaign was started, up to that time. He did not at any time give Mr. Chen or the other defendants to understand that he was doing his work voluntarily and free for the sake of patriotism.

At a meeting of the Committee, Sir Shou-son Chow told him that he was to receive in future only $200 irrespective of how many people were on his staff. That was to commence on November 1, and after some argument he agreed.

He received a letter from Mr. Chen on November 13 dispensing with his services as from November 15. He had never at any time given Mr. Chen to understand that his services could be dispensed with without notice. There had been no complaint of his work at any time, and in fact Mr. Sin once recommended him for an increase of $50.

Cross-examined by Mr. Sin, plaintiff said the translation of the Chinese poster read: Buy National Salvation bonds for preservation, life, health and posperity to the nation. It also mentioned the National Government.

Mr. Sin: Do you agree that as members of the Committee defendants were delegated by the Chinese Government to sell these bonds?—I don't know. Mr. Chen told me they were members.

How did you come to see Mr. Lam?—I went there on my own accord for the purpose of making it a duty for every Chinese to buy a bond. But I don't work on my empty stomach, if you get what I mean, Mr. Sin.

Before you began to work for the Committee what were you doing?—I was a very good newspaperman.

What was your work?—Advertising.

For which firm?—Too numerous. I worked for different newspapers. I am a correspondent.

For what paper?—I am a freelancer.

In other words, you are a member of the unemployed?—I disagree.

For what firm then?—For several. The Far East Oceanic News, for instance. I am their local agent.

Have you an office here?—Not since last year because the rent was too high.

So when you joined the Committee you were finished with that class of work and were devoting your time entirely to the bonds?—Naturally.

Have you tried to look for work since November last?—Yes.

And didn't succeed?—What has that got to do with the case.

His Lordship: It has.

Mr. Sin: What firms have you approached for work?—The China Emporium and various newspapers.

I take it that the purpose of your visit to Mr. Lam was to try to do your best for China?—My purpose was to help myself and China.

Patriotic Citizen

And you made it out to Mr. Lam that you were a patriotic citizen?—I always am.

You tried to convey that impression to him?—I convey it to you for that matter.

In reply to further questions, plaintiff admitted having obtained $100 from Mr. Chen, but said it was not because he was hard up but for disbursements to get his staff together. He did not tell Mr. Chen he was in need of money for car fare and tiffins. From September 13 to October 22 the total amount drawn from Mr. Chen was $603.55. The money was for various purposes and not for himself. The paid members of his staff were Charlie King Chan ($60), S. Y. Poon ($40), A. Y. Poon ($15), two office boys ($10 each), Leung Siu-ping ($25), Mr. Fung ($30), C. Y. Chong ($50) and Frank Chong ($15).

Referring to the Chinese poster, Mr. Sin asked: Some of them were posted on the buses and the Police kicked up a fuss about it?—Yes.

Who posted them on the buses?—it must be one of the bus people. Mr. Ngan Shing-kwan, the Manager, told me about the Police complaint and I replied that Mr. Sin had got permission. I was not aware of the posters on the buses until Mr. Ngan told me.

His Lordship. Who in the world was responsible then?—It must be one of my staff.

Plaintiff's Version

After some deliberation, plaintiff added that Mr. Sin brought Mr. Ngan to his office and the latter took away some of the posters, saying that it would be a good idea to have them posted on the buses.

Mr. Sin remarked nothing of the kind occurred, whereupon plaintiff said: Don't lie, Mr. Sin.

Mr. Sin: I put it to you that the purpose of our visit was to see the work you were doing?—Yes.

Do you remember showing us several cartoons?—Yes. One of them depicted a man being kicked in the pants.

And we said it was vulgar?—That was your opinion.

Please remember this is not an American Court?—I am a Chinese, Mr. Sin.

Producing a letter, Mr. Sin questioned: You agree after reading this letter that I had got permission for the exhibition of the posters?—I don't agree. I have never seen this letter before.

On the face of that letter, you still say I did not get permission?—That was the impression I got from the S.C.A.

On October 29, did I take you to the S.C.A.?—I accompanied you to the building only and did not see the S.C.A.

What cock-and-bull story you told the S.C.A. when you saw him yourself?—I did not give him any story. I just told him that the whole matter was in your hands. He asked me what did I mean by putting up the posters on the buses and I told him you had got permission. He said you did not get permission for exhibiting the posters in the streets.

His Lordship remarked that Mr. Sin's letter had specifically mentioned not to put the posters in the streets.

Mr. Sin: I put it to you that you ordered your clerks to put up the second posters at random?—You are a confounded liar........

His Lordship: Don't you talk to Counsel like that or I will commit you to gaol. You must moderate your language.

The case is adjourned till March 2, at 10 a.m.

ZOO'S FAMOUS MALE GORILLA DEAD

Mok Always Gay and Playful Was a Great Favourite

Just when new hopes of his recovery were being entertained Mok, the Zoo's male gorilla, has collapsed and died rather less than five years after his arrival with Moina in 1933, states the "Manchester Guardian."

From the day when the two were first exhibited Mok in particular established himself as a public favourite. He was always gay and playful; Moina was apt to be moody and laterly rather dour. Seven months after he came to the Zoo Mok developed pneumonia. He was still a child, friendly and tractable, and the best medical attention and devoted nursing by his keeper saved his life.

From that time forward he flourished. When first weighed in April, 1933, he weighed 70lb. to Moina's 112lb. Moina was the elder, supposed to be seven years old to Mok's five. Gradually Mok, growing into a magnificent animal, overtook Moina in weight and then rapidly surpassed her. Last September he weighed just under 23 stones to Moina's 18 stones.

So large and powerful an animal could not be nursed like the child gorilla of five years ago. His illness has lasted about ten weeks. Latterly for several weeks he refused nourishment of every kind, then recently, from being apathetic he became more alert and developed an appetite. He took cocoa with eggs beaten up in it and breakfast oats. He had wasted terribly and was very weak, but there seemed to be a glimmer of hope. The event has proved that this rally was no more than a flash in the pan.

When in 1933 the two gorillas were removed from their temporary quarters to the new Gorilla House Moina was taken first. Mok was devoted to Moina, and when the keepers returned to fetch him they found him crying like a child with tears running down his cheeks. One wonders how much the undemonstrative Moina will miss him. She has not appeared to be greatly concerned during his illness. The sympathies of those who know most will go first to his keeper, who was devoted to him and is now compelled to admit defeat just when he had begun to hope for success.

LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1439

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")

ACROSS

7 Apparently this sort of biscuit is satisfying
8 An artist made an offer, furious
10 This musical note might be anybody's fancy
11 A little fellow starts to call in question
12 A poet is dull being upset
13 Ancestors that suggest a Zoo enclosure
15 Cloth for an umbrella perhaps
17 No, this official has not the power to let a man out on his head
20 Feeble-mindedness
22 Artists often draw this spot in Ireland
25 Canopy, coin, or car expert from the street
26 Beneficial
27 "This precious——set in the silver sea....this England" ("Richard II.")
28 Boats perhaps the hunter's skill

DOWN

1 This sort of musical note is the making of musical instruments
2 Artisan, or racehorse
3 These creatures can live on land or in the water
4 It is one of the family's little quarrels that is the making of this quadruped
5 There have been many famous men and one famous actress of this name looks possibly useful for people under canvas)
6 The skill of the boxer not of the jeweller
9 Masonry between windows
14 Does the purser give this to a passenger he wants to shun? (two words)
16 Salutation and for Scots
18 This blow might be the making of you, Sir
19 Hearing someone is talking of him?
21 A sweet but it apparently needs sugar
23 This vessel may have still uses

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1438

B	L	A	M	E	L	E	S	S	■	D	■	I	■	N
■	A	■	Y	■	I	■	A	■	B	O	U	N	C	E
P	R	I	S	O	N	E	R	■	■	M	■	F	■	W
■	I	■	T	■	T	■	D	■	B	I	C	E	P	S
V	A	L	I	S	E	■	I	R	O	N	■	R	■	A
■	T	■	C	O	L	O	N	■	G	O	R	I	N	G
P	■	■	■	L	■	■	E	■	U	■	■	O	■	E
R	E	P	R	E	S	S	■	A	S	P	I	R	I	N
O	■	A	■	■	E	■	D	■	■	R	■	■	■	T
S	U	T	L	E	R	■	R	E	M	I	T	■	R	■
T	■	T	■	T	U	N	E	■	A	M	U	L	E	T
R	H	Y	T	H	M	■	S	■	R	■	R	■	S	■
A	■	F	■	I	■	■	D	E	B	O	N	A	I	R
T	R	A		C	E	■	E	■	L	■	I	■	G	■
E	■	N	■	S	■	I	N	K	E	E	P	I	N	G

SOLUTION OF SUNDAY CROSS WORD No. 482

■	R	■	S	■	R	■	B	■	S	A	W	■	H	■
S	E	T	T	L	E	M	E	N	T	■	I	T	Y	S
■	N	■	Y	■	G	■	R	■	R	■	N	■	P	■
F	O	R	E	C	A	S	T	L	E	■	C	O	O	K
O	■	■	■	■	L	■	H	■	T	■	H	■	D	■
B	E	G	O	N	I	A	■	A	C	C	E	D	E	D
■	M	■	C	■	A	B	A	S	H	■	S	■	R	■
L	A	R	C	H	■	B	■	S	■	S	T	U	M	P
■	N	■	I	■	S	E	L	A	H	■	E	■	I	■
A	C	I	D	I	T	Y	■	M	A	U	R	I	C	E
■	I	■	E	■	U	■	A	■	N	■	E	■	R	■
S	P	A	N	■	B	A	C	K	S	L	I	D	E	R
■	A	■	T	■		■	U	■	A	■	N	■	Z	■
E	T	N	A	■	L		T	E	R	A	T	U	R	E
■	E	■	L	I	E	■	E	■	D	■	O	■	A	■

BERLIN BOURSE

Berlin, Feb. 12.

The quietness that prevailed on the share market yesterday continued to-day, the public showing even less interest than usual. Price changes however remained small. Bank customers showed marked caution while operators contented themselves with a few realisations or added but small amounts to the stock held. Minings were in small demand, Harpener being an exception, the price rising by 2 per cent. to 170. Potashs were firm, mineral oils better, dye trusts a shade better but most other shares were lower to-day than yesterday.

Fixed interest securities were less in demand than heretofore but the trend was friendly. Reichs Old Liquidation Loan stood unchanged at 131¼, state loans were weaker, many city loans slightly better, notably Pforzheim and Dresden which each rose ¼. Some gold mortgage bonds rose slightly.

In industrial bonds dye trusts improved ⅜ to 130¾, AEG, rose ⅛ to 103¼.

Call money stood at 2½ to 2¾ per cent.—Trans-Ocean.

REICHSMARK QUOTATIONS

Berlin, Feb. 12.

The following were to-day's Reichsmark quotations: New York 40.44, Amsterdam 72.19, London 12.41.

Paris quoted sterling at 151.35 to 151.45, the U.S. dollar not being quoted.—Trans-Ocean.

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BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Issuing Bank for French Indo-China Chartered by decrees dated 21st January 1875 and 31st March 1931

CAPITAL .... Frs. 120,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ...... Frs. 133,000,000

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L. CHEVRETTON, *Manager.*

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.

(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique)

CAPITAL: Frs. 30,000,000

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Branches:

SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG

Correspondents in all parts of the world

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THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.

(Incorporated in England)
with which is affiliated
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AUTHORISED CAPITAL £3,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 2,594,160
PAID-UP CAPITAL 2,594,160
RESERVE 180,000
Shanghai Branch 28 The Bund

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West End Branch—London
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Branches:

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The Bank issues Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques are sold payable throughout the world at current exchange rates and free of commission. Current Deposit Accounts and Saving Bank Accounts opened on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under wills and settlements and also undertakes the recovery of British Income Tax.

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(Established 1880)

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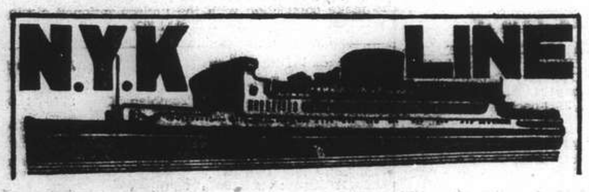

To Honolulu, San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Yokohama

From Kobe

CHICHIBU MARU ..... Feb. 22
TAIYO MARU ..... Mar. 7
TATSUTA MARU ..... Mar. 22

To Vancouver and Seattle

From Kobe

HIYE MARU ..... Feb. 21

To Australian Ports via Manila

From Hongkong

KAMO MARU ..... Feb. 26

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Straits and Colombo

From Shanghai

HAKOZAKI MARU ..... Feb. 22
SUWA MARU ..... Mar. 8
*TERUKUNI MARU ..... Mar. 22
HAKUSAN MARU ..... Apr. 5
*Call at Hamburg.

To Nagasaki (Rapid Express Service)

NAGASAKI MARU ..... Feb. 14
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Feb. 17
NAGASAKI MARU ..... Feb. 19
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Feb. 22

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General Passenger Agents of Cunard-White Star, Ltd.

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Shanghai to London

Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Passenger Office
21-23 French Bund

Butterfield & Swire
Agents
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LONDON SAILINGS

6 March—HECTOR† — Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Glasgow — via Aden

20 Mar.—MENESTHEUS‡ — Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Glasgow — via Aden

2 April—AENEAS — Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Glasgow — via Aden

LIVERPOOL SAILINGS

19 Mar.—TEUCER — Havre, Liverpool, Bromborough

4 Apr.—PROMETHEUS — Liverpool, Bromborough, Glasgow

*Cargo steamer with limited Passenger Accommodation.
† "A" Class Passenger vessel
‡ Motor vessel with limited recently modernised Passenger Accommodation.

SERVICE OUTWARD "AENEAS" from Liverpool due S'hai 5 Mar.

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailing

For Formosa (Keelung and Takao)
CHOSA MARU ..... Feb. 19
CHOSA MARU ..... Mar. 3

Kobe Sailing

For New York via Panama Canal
HOKKAI MARU ..... Feb. 23
KWANTO MARU ..... Mar. 9

For Australia
*CANBERRA MARU ..... Mar. 1

For New Zealand
BRISBANE MARU ..... Feb. 17

Hongkong Sailing

For South America via Africa
MONTEVIDEO MARU ... Feb. 25
MANILA MARU ..... Mar. 4

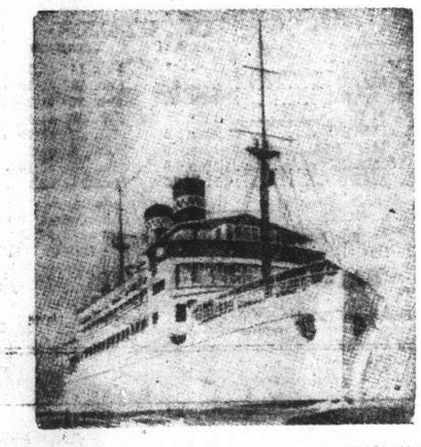
For Bombay
*HIMALAYA MARU ..... Feb. 19
*NAPLES MARU ..... Mar. 7

For Calcutta
*HAGUE MARU ..... Feb. 20

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
(OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA)
20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

BURNS PHILP LINE
M.V. "NEPTUNA"



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Next Sailing from Hongkong March 13, 1938

For:—Saigon, Manila, Sandakan, Salamaua, Rabaul, Sydney and Melbourne.

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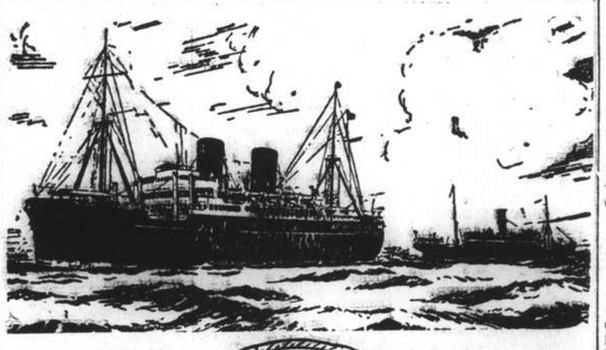
TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



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(Incorporated in England—by Royal Charter)
Direct Fortnightly Mail Steamers (under contract with H.M. Govt.)

TO BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON

Via Straits and Ceylon

	From Shanghai		Tonnage
Feb.	15	¶CARTHAGE	15,000
	22	*SOMALI	7,000
Mar.	1	††COMORIN	15,000
	15	§KAISAR-I-HIND	11,500
	22	*BANGALORE	6,100
	29	††NALDERA	16,000

¶Omits Bombay, Calls Cochin.
§Omits Bombay, Calls Port Sudan.

	From Hongkong		Tonnage
Mar.	1	†*MIRZAPORE	6,700

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.
†Bombay only.
††Omits Bombay. Calls Cochin and Port Sudan.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	Leave Hongkong
TILAWA		Feb. 14
SANTHIA		Feb. 26

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Via Japan, Hongkong and Rabaul

Australia and New Zealand for healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all, with surfing, fishing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leave Hongkong	Arrive Sydney
TANDA	E. Pilcher	Feb. 11	Mar. 5	Mar. 24
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Mar. 10	Apr. 2	Apr. 21
NELLORE	T. H. Scott-White.	Apr. 7	Apr. 30	May 19

Taking Passengers and Cargo Direct from Shanghai Transhipping at Hongkong

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie, & Co.
27 The Bund (Ewo Building) Telephone 11428

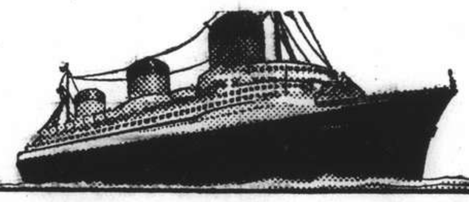
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
9 Ave. Edward VII
Tel. 82034

The FRENCH MAIL LINER
M.V. PRESIDENT DOUMER

is due to arrive at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf from Kobe, on Tuesday, February 15, at 8 a.m.

The **M.V. PRES. DOUMER** will leave for Marseilles on Tuesday, February 15, at 1 p.m.

Outgoing passengers will embark on a tender leaving the M.M. Jetty (Quai de France) at 11 a.m.



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American Pioneer Line

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M. S. TAMPA	Due Manila	Feb. 8
	Due Hongkong	Feb. 12

To NEW YORK, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia

M. S. WARD	From Manila	Feb. 12
	From Hongkong	Feb. 17
M. S. TAMPA	From Manila	Feb. 27
	From Hongkong	Mar. 3

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Agents.
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TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

CONNECT WITH THE PRESIDENT LINERS IN HONGKONG OR JAPAN

HONGKONG

Steamer	Leave S'hai	Arrive H'kong
VICTORIA	Feb. 15	Feb. 17
GNEISENAU	Feb. 25	Feb. 27

Steamer	Leave H'kong	Arrive U.S.
PRES. McKINLEY	Feb. 14	Mar. 6
PRES. GRANT	Feb. 25	Mar. 17
PRES. COOLIDGE	Mar. 3	Mar. 22
PRES. JACKSON	Mar. 13	Apr. 2
PRES. CLEVELAND	Mar. 26	Apr. 14

KOBE

Steamer	Leave S'hai	Arrive Kobe
GNEISENAU	Feb. 14	*Feb. 16
Empress of Asia	Feb. 25	Feb. 28
**SHANGHAI MARU	Mar. 4	—

*Arrives Yokohama
**Nagasaki Only

Steamer	Leave Kobe	Arrive U.S.
PRES. McKINLEY	Feb. 19	Mar. 6
PRES. GRANT	Mar. 2	Mar. 17
PRES. COOLIDGE	Mar. 10	Mar. 23
PRES. JACKSON	Mar. 18	Apr. 2
PRES. CLEVELAND	Mar. 30	Apr. 14

AMERICAN MAIL LINE
DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES
51 CANTON ROAD TELEPHONE 15309

LLOYD TRIESTINO

m/v "VICTORIA"

is due to arrive at Shanghai on February 14, at about 8 a.m. berthing at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf.

Tenders meeting passengers will leave the Customs Jetty on the 14th at 8 a.m. returning at about 11 a.m.

The mv. "VICTORIA" will sail on February 15, at 11 a.m.

Tenders with outgoing passengers will leave Customs Jetty on the 15th at 8.30 a.m.

For particulars apply to

LLOYD TRIESTINO
Telephone 16885 26 The Bund, Shanghai Tel. Adr: LLOYDIANO

P. & O. R.M.S. CARTHAGE
15,000 Tons
COLOMBO, COCHIN, ADEN, PORT SAID, MALTA, MARSEILLES, LONDON

Will leave Shanghai for above ports On Tuesday, February 15, 1938

Passenger tender leaves Custom's Jetty at 8.30 a.m.
Hand Packages only will be accepted by the tender.
Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Custom's Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday February 14
Custom's Permit required for any nailed cases
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviations with or without notice.

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of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports
MS. TONGKING .. .. Feb. 16

Homewards
for Jaffa, Haifa, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Copenhagen
MS. AFRIKA loading at Hongkong .. .. Feb. 21

The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers
Fare Shanghai/Rotterdam/Hamburg £65

Agency of
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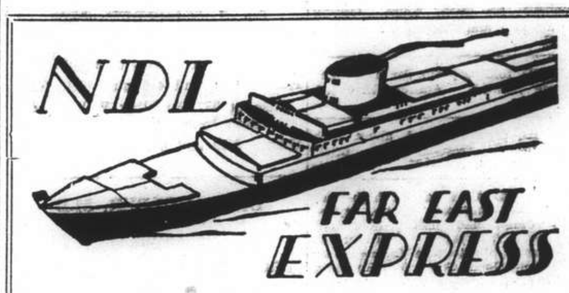

Homewards:

SS. "GNEISENAU" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg ..... Feb. 25
SS. "DONAU" for Oran, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen ..... Mar. 23
SS. "SCHARNHORST" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg ..... Mar. 25
MS. "SAALE" for Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen ..... Apr. 6
SS. "POTSDAM" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .... Apr. 22

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ss. GNEISENAU	Left Hongkong	Feb. 11	Feb. 13
ss. FRANKEN	Left Manila	Feb. 6	Feb. 15
ss. SCHARNHORST	Left Hamburg	Feb. 5	Mar. 12
ms. SAALE	Left Genoa	Feb. 7	Mar. 17

For Passage and Freight apply to

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Steamer	S'hai Leave	Naga. Leave	Kobe Leave	Yoko. Leave	Hono. Leave	Victoria Van'ver Arrive
Empress of Asia	Feb. 25	Feb. 27	Mar. 1	Mar. 3	—	Mar. 12
Empress of Canada	Mar. 10	—	Mar. 13	Mar 15	Mar. 22	Mar. 27
Empress of Russia	Mar. 20	Mar. 22	Mar. 24	Mar. 26	—	Apr. 4
Empress of Japan	Apr. 3	—	Apr. 6	Apr. 8	Apr. 14	Apr. 19
Empress of Asia	Apr. 17	Apr. 19	Apr. 21	Apr. 23	—	May 2
Empress of Canada	May 1	—	May 4	May 6	May 13	May 18
Empress of Russia	May 15	May 17	May 19	May 21	—	May 30
Empress of Japan	May 29	—	June 1	June 3	June 10	June 15

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FAR EASTERN FREIGHT SERVICE

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SHIPPING NEWS

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI TO EUROPE:
mv. SAUERLAND Mar. 3 Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.
mv. VOGTLAND Mar. 13 Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg.

OUTWARD VESSELS LATEST MOVEMENTS:

			Due H'kong	Due S'hai
mv. VOGTLAND	Left Singapore	Feb. 5	Feb. 14	Feb. 19
mv. RHEINLAND	Left Penang	Feb. 7	Feb. 20	—
mv. LEVERKUSEN	Passed Suez	Feb. 5	Mar. 1	Mar. 7
ss. OLDENBURG	Left Rotterdam	Feb. 4	Mar. 20	Mar. 26

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Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent etc.

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Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

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To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

Special Accommodation for Silk, Refrigerated Cargo and Oil in Bulk

TRITON Feb. 26
not calling at Shanghai

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FOREIGNERS can speak the Shanghai dialect fluently within four months. Lessons given by experienced Chinese teacher. Moderate fees. Box 718, N.C.D.N. -1437

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MIDDLE-aged gentleman wishes meet respectable lady, view matrimony. Only one prepared to lead quiet homely life need reply. Strictly confidential. Address Box 819, N.C.D.N. -1623

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LOST

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THE public is hereby notified that the S.A.I. Forum Share Certificate No. 185 for a total of 50 shares numbered from No. 6019 to No. 6068 has been declared lost by its owner and, unless objections are raised from eventually interested third parties concerning the ownership of same within 14 (fourteen) days from date, said Share Certificate will be declared null and void and the Company will release a new Certificate to the persons who notified of the loss mentioned above and who on the books of the Company appear to be the lawful owner of the Share Certificate in question. 12561

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PEDIGREED wire-haired terriers, male and female, prize winners, for sale at very attractive price. Telephone 11414 during office hours. 12523

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APPLIQUE bridge sets, 50 cents. Pillow-cases, 50 cents. Sandwich cover in colours, $1.25. Crash 54 in. tea sets, $4.50. Bisso luncheon sets, $10.50. Open daily 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. except Sundays. The Lace & Linen Syndicate. 114 Peking Road. 12552

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WALL-Paper, 200 modern designs at wholesale prices. 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 614, Telephone 16181. 12380

IMPORTED modernistic wire bird-cages at factory price. 318 Hamilton House. -1336

FASHIONABLE mink coat for sale, in excellent condition, at moderate price. On view from 9-11 a.m., 6-7 p.m. Sundays 1-2 p.m. 1173 Bubbling Well Road, House 1, Apartment 18. -1701

SHAMROCK, leading English bicycle, lady's model, large size, clean, tyres unworn. Complete price $20. Telephone Mr. Herman, 70199, from 3.45 p.m. on. -1690

SHIRTS, made to measure. English poplin, $4.50; Striped silk, $9: Wemco, $5. Razon's, 12 Central Road. -1287

FOR SALE, second-hand school furniture. Apply 280/14 Rue Chapsal. -1647

STUDIO camera, 10 x 12 inches, with accessories. Dallmeyer 4. B. Box 816, N.C.D.N. -1619

CONTAX, model 11, Summar F2, with accessories. Box 817, N.C.D.N. -1619

GIRLS' English bicycle. $15. Six months old. Suitable 8-9 year child. Also Vickers hand sewing machine, in perfect condition. $35. Telephone 32668.

NEWLY arrived, old Haifong anthracite coal, for household use. $40 per ton, delivered. Telephone 18868. Pacific Commercial Co., Room 151, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. -1476

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

RESPONSIBLE party prepared to pay 3% (three) interest per annum against Sterling or U.S. currency placed on current account basis. Business done under first-class guarantees. Only serious parties need apply. Box 781, N.C.D.N. 12529

RADIOS

RADIOS promptly repaired. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart, American Radio Equipment Company. Our method saves you 50%. 12327

FOR skilled workmanship call 32392 American Radio Repair, 1549 Bubbling Well Road. -1198

FOR radio repairs call International Radio Service, Work guaranteed. Telephone 75897. 9 Cardinal Mercier, Bills Motors Building. -1398

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED to rent, dredger for two months. Reply state capacity, type, rent to Mr. K. L. Chang, Room 112, 40 Ningpo Road. -1627

PACKING by expert foreigners, curios, furniture, etc. Fragile porcelain speciality. Prompt service. Rates very moderate. Small/large lots. Telephone 20770. -1520

YOU can read 14 magazines, latest monthly issues, such as Esquire, Cosmopolitan, Good Housekeeping, Vogue, Red Book, Geographical, Strand, Windsor, Britanniaeve, etc., for $2 monthly, delivered any address. Telephone 83288 for list. Home Magazine Library. 12343

MOTOR CARS & CYCLES

WHAT offers? De Soto Sedan 1930, always owner-driven. Good running order. Licensed. Apply 367 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 1. -1697

FIAT Balilla car 1933/34, excellent model, good engine, economical, new battery, cash $1,000. Telephone 76144. -1650

FOR SALE, model A. Ford, two doors. $600 cash. 1207 Yu Yuen Road, Hartwell. -1667

WANTED, one Stewart engine, for 2—2½ ton truck. Apply Room 311. 123 Boulevard de Montigny. -1684

FOR SALE, Baby Austin 1933, $1,300. Sedan Ford 1928, $400. Boys' bicycle, English make, few months old, $45. Address Box 832, N.C.D.N. -1651

BICYCLE, gentleman's, wanted. State make, age, price and other particulars. Address Box 827, N.C.D.N. -1631

FORD V8 sedan, four-doors, 15,000 miles, owner-driven. Owner leaving. Telephone business hours, 11326. -1626

HOUSE SERVANTS

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Servants specialists. 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, telephone-operators, clerks, pharmacists. -1562

72782 Telephone. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, etc. Foreign management, General Employment Agency, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -1568

HARDWORKING cook-boy, speaking good English, excellent boy, recommended by English and American family. Address Box 845, N.C.D.N. -1696

COOK-Boy, available at once, honest, economical and well-recommended. Also reliable amah, if required. Telephone 82484. -1682

GOOD cook-boy, speaks English well, hard-working, very clean, honest highly recommended. Box 729, N.C.D.N. -1672

ENGLISHMAN recommends really excellent cook/house-boy, available immediately. Address Box 830, N.C.D.N. -1640

AMERICAN family recommends good cook-boy. Honest and hardworker, speaks good English. Address Box 815, N.C.D.N. -1614

HIGHLY recommend excellent chauffeur, boy-cook, baby amah and coolie available March. Telephone Wells-Henderson 72054. 12562

FURNISHED APARTMENTS

TWO-ROOMED apartment, balcony, southern exposure. Modern conveniences. Close French Park. Rental $100. Furniture to be taken over. 181 Avenue Dubail, Dubail Apartment 308. -1710

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished flats of three rooms. Kinnear Apartment. 195 Kinnear Road, near Jessfield Park, with tennis court, nice roof and ground gardens. All modern conveniences. Moderate rentals. Apply Hsin Heng & Co., Property Department, 160 Avenue Edward VII. Telephone 15660. 12328

THREE-roomed modern flat, sixth floor, proximity French Club. Furniture, fixtures and lease to be taken over at excessively reduced price. Owner leaving. Address Box 843, N.C.D.N. -1680

TO LET, four-roomed apartment in Ferry Road. Two bathrooms. Rental $180. Furniture including piano and Westinghouse refrigerator to be taken over at reasonable figure. Owner leaving Shanghai. Please reply Box 808, N.C.D.N. or telephone 32668.

TWO furnished rooms with bathroom and kitchen. Reasonable rent. Western district. Address Box 820, N.C.D.N. -1625

THREE-roomed apartment. Modern conveniences. Rent $100. Furniture for sale. Apply W34/331 Avenue Petain, Georgia Apartment. 4-6 p.m. -1576

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS

TO LET. Wayfoong House, 230 Szechuen Road. Three-roomed flat, equipped with all modern conveniences. For further particulars kindly apply to Engineers' Office, Room 110, Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, 12 The Bund. 12526

HAMILTON House:—Attractive one, two and three roomed modern apartments at reduced rentals. For inspection apply to:—Resident Caretaker, Hamilton House, or E. D. Sassoon & Co. Property Department, 306 Sassoon House, Telephone 11430. 12399

TWO-ROOMED apartment in Hamilton House, with bathroom, kitchen, pantry. Available March 10. Rent $135. Some furniture to be taken over at low cost. Telephone 16648 between 1-2 p.m. -1719

TO LET, three-roomed flat, equipped with all modern conveniences. Please apply to Cosmopolitan Apartments, 173 Seymour Road. -1522

ROOMS WITH BOARD

CENTRAL. Bed-sitting room. Private bath. Roof-garden overlooking Whangpoo. 79 Soochow Road. 12558

427 Yu Yuen Road, 1/9 bus stop. Double/single, steam-heated, south-facing rooms. Home cooking. Telephone 22091. -1621

70-72 Carter Road, Lane 41. Large one small room, modern sanitation. Good food. Telephone 31912. -1532

SUNNY side, 200 Chengtu Road, near Race Course. Attractive, south, bright room with verandah. Large garden, tennis, excellent food. Telephone 32916. -1473

PEKIN Apartments, 157/157 Peking Road. Single rooms to let, reasonable rates, excellent cooking. Telephone 16010, Mrs. Adams. -1390

AVENUE Hall: double and single rooms, steam-heated; good cooking. Supervised by Mrs. C. Falkenstein, 1434 Avenue Road, Telephone 30244. -1356

MIDWAY Lodge 215/24 Medhurst Road. Confortable double/single room available. Quiet location. Reasonable rates. Telephone 33278. Mrs. Thompson. -1337

AVONDALE House, steam-heated double/single bed-sitting rooms, facing south. Excellent board. Lane 1220/1 Avenue Road. -1271

VERY large, double room, enclosed verandah, facing south, in English-owned residence. Tennis courts, garden. Mrs. Chalmers, 310 Hart Road. -1694

BEVERLEY House, 30 Route Boissezon, thoroughly renovated. Sunny rooms, private baths. Large garden. Unexcelled cuisine. Telephone 70787. -1562

REMINDER

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box Numbers are requested to call for same before February 20, 1938, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 13, 29, 37, 39, 53, 79, 81, 167, 217, 242, 301, 310, 318, 343, 453, 472, 494, 616, 621, 627.

WANTED TO PURCHASE

WANTED for cash, Leica, Contax cameras and lenses. Box 790, N.C.D.N. -1571

WANTED, folding pram, for baby aged three months. Address Box 826, N.C.D.N. 12564

WANTED, drawing-board, about 8 ft. long, with trestles. State price. Address Box 814, N.C.D.N. 12570

WE purchase all kinds of high-class furniture, carpets, piano, typewriter, radio, and useful household effects at a fair price. For further particulars apply to The Chung Hwa Second-hand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 36334. -1495

DANCING

MODERN ballroom, stage dancing lessons. Practice class, $5 monthly. 970 Bubbling Well, Telephone 34039, Mr. Star. -1627

FOREIGN lady, highly experienced teacher of ballroom dancing, gives private lessons. Satisfaction guaranteed. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -1261

BEAUTY CULTURE, ETC.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. -12555

LADY gives general massage, pedicure, corn-cutting, treats in-growing nails, from 11-8, 304 Kiangse Road, First Floor. -1487

1205 Bubbling Well Apartment 15, Margot. Facial and body treatment. -1693

UNFURNISHED HOUSES

ATTRACTIVE 4-5-6 roomed houses to let, in best part of French Concession. For further particulars, apply to Foncière et Immobilière de Chine, 9 Avenue Edward VII. 12555

MODERN residences off Edinburgh Road. Apply Sidney J. Powell, Telephone 10918. 12516

TO LET, 910/10 Yu Yuen Road, six-roomed detached house, 3 bathrooms, garden, garage, servants' quarters. Apply D. E. J. Abraham, 83 Peking Road, Telephone 16722. 12144

TO LET, 884 Yu Yuen Road, seven-roomed detached residence, 2 bathrooms, garden, garage, servants' quarters. Apply D. E. J. Abraham, 83 Peking Road, Telephone 16722. 12143

1867 Avenue Joffre. Unfurnished, eight rooms, three baths, two car-garages, four servants' rooms. Arcola. Tennis court. -1666

BEAUTIFUL seven-room residence with all modern conveniences. Very close to the American School. For further particulars Telephone 18623. 12593

TO LET from March 1, 140 Route Camille Lorioz, modern five-roomed house facing south, 2 bathrooms, garden, garage, screening and light fittings may be taken over. Rent $160. Telephone 72054. 12592

99 Rue Massenet. Detached, 6 rooms, 2 bathrooms, Arcola, garden, garage. Available March 1. Apply Credit Foncier. Telephone 16366. 12508

500 Rue Lafayette. Semi-detached six rooms, three bathrooms, basement, garden, garage. Available now. Apply Credit Foncier, Telephone 16365-6. 12480

FIVE-roomed house, servants' quarter, garage, modern conveniences, Arcola heating, will be vacant from March 1. Rental $130 per month. House 31, Lane 600, Avenue Haig. Address Box 784, N.C.D.N. -1564

FURNISHED HOUSES

FURNISHED, three/four-roomed house, French Concession, modern conveniences, frigidaire, available to responsible foreign party only. To view telephone 13036 or 71647. -1616

FOR RENT, attractively furnished house, Columbia Circle. Apply Telephone 21535 or address Box 697, N.C.D.N. 12436

67 Great Western Road, east of Edinburgh Road, modernly furnished, semi-detached, seven-roomed house, Arcola heating, with attic, garden, garage. Rental moderate. Apply Telephone 19914. -1646

TO LET from March 1, for six or eight months. Well-furnished detached house, in western district. Three living rooms, three bedrooms, two bathrooms. Large garden and garage. Good servants' quarters. Moderate rental to suitable tenants. Address Box 822, N.C.D.N. 12566

OFFICES, SHOPS, GODOWNS

GENERAL merchandise accepted for bonded storage, attractive rates, river front wharf. Address Box 823, N.C.D.N. 12568

TO LET large and small modern office space in 190 Peking Road. Apply D. E. J. Abraham, 83 Peking Road. Telephone 16722. 12330

GROSVENOR Garden, Rue Cardinal Mercier, distinctive arcade shops, different sizes, at most reasonable rentals. Apply: Reception Cathay Land Co., Ltd., 11430. 12351

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building, 13 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 12325

TO LET: Offices, corner Canton/Kiangse Road. Telephone 19084. 12364

WANTED TO RENT

WANTED, end April, four-roomed flat or semi-detached house, unfurnished. Western district preferred, long lease. Address Box 812, N.C.D.N. -1612

WANTED, in French Concession apartment, modern conveniences, two/four rooms, March 1. Must be higher than ground floor. For use as residence, office together. Communicate Telephone 72234. -1579

TWO/three-roomed flat, verandah, kitchen, bathroom, in private home/apartment building, Bubbling Well area. Telephone 36885. -1659

MEDICAL

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
UROLOGY AND INTERNAL DISEASES
Office hours: 10-1, 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Res. 71133
12323

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
UROLOGY AND SKIN DISEASES
Hamilton House, office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road (next to the Country Club)
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622
12324

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
Specialist in
UROLOGY AND DERMATOLOGY
Consulting hours: 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.
or by appointment
59 Peking Road, near The Bund
Telephone 10734

"Deficiency of formation in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully by an English newspaper in Kobe **The Japan Chronicle** . . on its pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers, **The Japan Chronicle** gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market." — *Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
Head Office:
65 Nanjwa Machi, Kobe

Vessels Arriving

Due at Future Dates

†Dates of arrival are provisional only, depending on the vessel's stay at wayports.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From LIVERPOOL
Agamemnon 5/2 16/3
Sarpedon 19/2 30/3
From GOTHENBURG
Java 3/2 7/4
From HAMBURG
Scharnhorst 5/2 12/3
Zuiderkerk 29/1 18/3
Touraine 28/2 16/4
Tai Yang 31/3 11/5
From ANTWERP
Sikiang 3/1 20/2
From ROTTERDAM
Oldenburg 4/2 26/3
From MARSEILLES
Aramis 21/1 18/2
Mar. Joffre 4/2 4/3
Naldera 5/2 7/3
Sphinx 18/2 21/3
From GENOA
C. B'camano 16/2 14/3
Saale 7/2 17/3
From TRIESTE
Fusijama 20/1 15/3
From SUEZ
Leverkusen 5/2 7/3
Cyclops 8/2 9/3
From PORT SAID
India 1/2 1/3
Aeneas 4/2 5/3
Talabot 12/2 8/3
From ADEN
Conte Verde 11/2 27/2
From SINGAPORE
Kaisar-I-Hind 12/2 21/2
Bangalore 13/2 22/2
From MANILA
Franken 6/2 15/2

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From SAVANNAH
Prometheus 1/2 18/3
From VANCOUVER, B.C.
Ixion 3/2 28/2
From NEW YORK
M'caster C'le 17/1 1/3
Silveryew — 11/3
St. Traveler 8/2 31/3
From OTARU
Titan 3/2 16/2
Somali 8/2 21/2
From KOBE
P. Doumer 13/2 15/2
Carthage 11/2 15/2
From NAGASAKI
Nagasaki M. 13/2 14/2
Shanghai M. 16/2 17/2

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN
Hector 14/2 16/3
From TONGKU
Newchwang 13/2 16/2
From TIENTSIN
Chaksang — 14/2
Kwaisang 12/2 17/2
From TUNGCHOW
Whangpu 14/2 15/2
Siangwo 14/2 15/2
Suiwo 16/2 17/2
From CHITUNG
Wuhu 13/2 —
From AMOY
Taiyuan 11/2 14/2
From SWATOW
Soochow 10/2 14/2 †
From HONGKONG
Victoria 11/2 14/2
Hangsang 10/2 14/2
Kiungchow 11/2 15/2 †
Volpi 12/2 15/2
Kumsang 12/2 16/2
Menestheus 13/2 16/2
Fausang 13/2 17/2
Suiyang 13/2 17/2 †
Kiangsu 14/2 18/2
Nanchang 10/2 18/2 †
Tsinan 15/2 19/2 †
Vogtland 13/2 20/2
Kwangtung 17/2 21/2 †
Shantung 15/2 28/2

Vessels Leaving

YANGTZE RIVER

SUIWO Feb. 15. Sails for TUNGCHOW on Tuesday, February 15, at 7 a.m. from Peking Road Jetty. For Passages apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 14-2

WHANGPU Feb. 16. TUNGCHOW. — From French Bund on Wednesday, Feb. 16, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82025 (French Bund). 15-2

SIANGWO Feb. 17. Sails for TUNGCHOW on Thursday, Feb. 17, at 7 a.m. from Peking Road Jetty. For Passages apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 16-2

NORTH CHINA COAST

LEESANG Feb. 14. TIENTSIN DIRECT.—Sails from Buoys Nos. 20 and 21 on Monday, Feb. 14, at noon. Tender for passengers leaves Customs Jetty 11 a.m. Monday, Feb. 14. For passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 14-2

SHUNTIEN Feb. 15. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Tuesday, Feb. 15, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 15-2

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

KAIPING Feb. 16. CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the steamer Kaiping, Captain J. B. Struth, on Wednesday, February 16, 1938. For freight or passage, apply to Agent, 30 Foochow Road. Tel. 11070. 16-2

FAUSANG Feb. 19. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, Feb. 19, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 18-2

SHENGKING Feb. 20. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Sunday, Feb. 20, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire. Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 20-2

SOUTH CHINA COAST

SOOCHOW Feb. 15. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Tuesday, Feb. 15, at 11 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 15-2

CHAKSANG Feb. 16. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, Feb. 16, at noon. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 16-2

HSIN PEKING Feb. 16. NINGPO.—From Roosevelt Terminal on Wednesday, Feb. 16, at 3 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 16-2

LIANGCHOW Feb. 16. FOOCHOW and WENCHOW.—From French Bund on Wednesday, Feb. 16, at noon. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund.) 16-2

TAIYUAN Feb. 16. AMOY and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, Feb. 16, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 15-2

KIUNGCHOW Feb. 18. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Friday, Feb. 18, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire. Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 18-2

KWAISANG Feb. 19. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, Feb. 19, at noon. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 19-2

JAPAN

KUMSANG Feb. 18. MIIKE and KOBE.—Sails from Standard Vacuum Oil Installation on Friday, Feb. 18. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 18-2

STRAITS AND EUROPE

CARTHAGE Feb. 15. MARSEILLES and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, COCHIN, ADEN, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 8.30 a.m. on Tuesday, February 15, 1938. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co. No. 27 The Bund. No. 11428. 15-2

PRES. DOUMER Feb. 15. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 32034. 15-2

TAMERLANE Feb. 15. DIRECT for CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and OSLO via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.—Motor vessel Tamerlane of the Wilhelmsen Lines will load at Shanghai from February 15th, to February 17th, for the abovementioned ports. Through Bills of Lading issued to all Scandinavian and Baltic ports. Optional Bills of Lading for United Kingdom ports. For freight or passage please apply to:—Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 15-2

GLENAPP Feb. 19. CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and ANTWERP via HONGKONG and STRAITS.—Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Agents, Glen Line Ltd. Tel. 15290. 19-2

SIKIANG Feb. 21. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via PORT SAID and ADEN.—Foo particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, Agency, No. 9 Avenue Edward VII. 21-2

(Continued in next column)

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the undermentioned closing times at Yu Yuen Road (Tel. 36574).

Date and Destination	*Per*	*Reg.*	*Ord.*
MONDAY, Feb. 14.			
Ningpo	Tembien X	10.30	11.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez and Europe	Carthage AY	16.00	18.00
Hongkong and Canton	Carthage Y	17.30	18.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila Ceylon India Suez and Europe	Victoria B	16.00	18.00
Hongkong and Canton	Victoria	17.30	18.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Shuntien	16.30	18.00
Nantung	Suiwo	18.30	19.00
Wenchow	Minho	18.30	19.00
TUESDAY, Feb. 15.			
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'tsin	Shuntien	*19.00	7.15
Swatow and Hongkong	Soochow	7.30	8.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez and Europe via Suez	P. Doumer CX	7.30	9.30
Hongkong and Canton	P. Doumer X	9.00	9.30
Ningpo	Mohlenhof	10.30	11.00
Amoy and Hongkong	Taiyuan	17.30	18.00
Nantung	Whangpu	18.30	19.00
Wenchow	Don Luis X	18.30	19.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for S.S. Great Britain and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 14th.
B Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S.; Ceylon, India, Egypt, E-Soudan, Italy and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 14th.
C Parcel mail for France and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 14th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.

Mails for Europe

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin (unless otherwise marked) or via Suez and the Pacific by available steamer.

Air Mails Abroad

Imperial Airways, every Sunday, from Hongkong.
Pan American Airways, every Thursday, from Hongkong.
Netherlands (K.L.M.), every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, from Singapore.
Air France (Saigon-Marseilles) by steamer to Saigon.
Air France (China-Hanoi-Marseilles) by steamer to Hongkong.

Vessels Leaving (cont.)

STRAITS AND EUROPE

GNEISENAU Feb. 25. GENOA, SOUTHAMPTON, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN and HAMBURG via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, PENANG, BELAWAN, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., General Agents, N.D.L. 210 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 25-2

AUSTRALASIA

CHANGTE Feb. 18. MANILA, THURSDAY I, CAIRNS. (From Hongkong) TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.—Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd., Agents, Butterfield & Swire, French Bund. Tel. 82020. 18-2

Vessels Discharging

GNEISENAU. The Norddeutscher Lloyd steamer Gneisenau, from Hamburg, Antwerp and Genoa via ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Pootungside. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees are further notified that the steamer Gneisenau has taken at Bremen and Hamburg through cargo for Shanghai ex steamer Rita, Yrsa, Emden, Steinhoft, Dagmar Clausen, Erpel and Electra, from Coppenhagen, Aarhus, Gefle, Helsinki and Goteborg, Sweden. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within (15) fifteen days after the vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo to be examined at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Pootung-side by Messrs. Tesdorpf, Hannig & Co. on Thursday morning, February 17, at 9 a.m. Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen, General Agents: Melchers & Co., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. No. 15566. 16-2

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	*From*	*Consignees*
Mohlenhof	Ningpo	Carlowitz
Donjöse	Ningpo	J C J L
Chiyo M.	Cruise	—
Tungwo	Chitung	Jardine
Carthage	Japan	Mackenzie
Gneisenau	Hongkong	Melchers
C'stine Moller	—	Moller

Yesterday's Departures

Name	*Flag*	*Despatcher*
Minnie Moller	Br.	Moller
Diana Moller	Br.	Moller
Bomolo	Ital	C F S S
Hsin Kiangnan	Ger	Carlowitz
Kingyuan	Br.	B &S
Wusueh	Br.	B & S
Santarem	—	—
Ethel Moller	Br.	Moller
Yosyun M.	Jap.	—
Kanchow	Br.	B & S
F. Consolin	—	—

Vessels in Harbour

Name	*Flag*	*Berthed*
Fuhwo	Br.	POD
Shunwo	Br.	POD
Kungwo	Br.	YD
Kwangtung	Br.	MW
Teucer	Br.	HWP
Niel Maersk	Dan.	DD
Comorin	Br.	SHWPW
Shantung	Br.	FBW
Yatshing	Br.	HW
Cortellazzo	Ital.	DD
Chuting	Br.	FBW
Ischia	Ital.	US
Katie Moller	Br.	APCW
Menelaus	Br.	HWP
Shuntien	Br.	FBW
Shinai	Br.	LS
Suiwo	Br.	ONW
Dairen M.	Jap.	—
Chaksang	Br.	RTW
Victoria	Ital.	SHWHW

Men-of-War in Port

Name	*Flag*	*Type*	*Berthed*
Grimsby	Br.	Gbt.	—
Ladybird	Br.	Gbt.	N.E.S.W.L.
Scarab	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Bridge	Am.	Sup.	U.S.N.B.
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	—
Sacramento	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Primauguet	Fr.	Cr.	O.B.
Tahure	Fr.	Slp.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Ital.	Gbt.	O.F.B.
Lepanto	Ital.	Gbt.	O.F.B.
Asahi	Jap.	Gbt.	8 B.
Buyo M.	Jap.	Tr.	O.S.K.Y.W.
Choyun M.	Jap.	Tr.	N.Y.K.P.W.
Hakutsu M. 1	Jap.	Tr.	U.S.
Hakutsu M. 7	Jap.	Tr.	M.B.K.U.W.
Inatsuma	Jap.	Dest.	10/11 B.
Idzumo	Jap.	Tr.	N.Y.K.M.W.
Kimi M.	Jap.	Trs.	O.S.K.Y.W.
Kotaka	Jap.	Gbt.	K.L.Y.B. 3/4
Mikage M.	Jap.	Tr.	N.Y.K.W.W.
Nojima M.	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.C.W.
Sanwo M.	Jap.	Tr.	N.